# Roundup POWERMAX<sup>®</sup> HERBICIDE



# Specially formulated for Roundup Ready<sup>®</sup> crops

# **Complete Directions for Use**

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready<sup>®</sup> and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many agricultural systems and farmsteads

### ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine, in the form of its potassium salt	51.2%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	48.8%
	100.0%

\*Contains 705 grams of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt, per liter or 5.88 pounds per U.S. gallon, which is equivalent to 575 grams of the acid, glyphosate, per liter or 4.8 pounds per U.S. gallon (41.8% by weight).

# Keep out of reach of children CAUTION

See inside for additional precautions.

Not all products listed on this label are registered for use in California. Check the registration status of each product in California before using. AVOID CONTACT OF THIS HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, EXCEPT AS DIRECTED FOR USE ON ROUNDUP READY® AND OTHER LISTED GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS, AS SEVERE PLANT INJURY OR DESTRUCTION COULD RESULT.

FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE, 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937). IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS HERBICIDE PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT, 1-800-334-7577.

EPA Reg. No. 524-659

Packed For: BAYER CROPSCIENCE LP 800 N. LINDBERGH BLVD. ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI, 63167 USA ©2020 Bayer Group. All rights reserved. EPA Est. 524-IA-1

US30053528C 200317Cv3 11/20

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label directions.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of this labeling before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened

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ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine,	
in the form of its potassium salt	51.2%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	48.8%
	100.0%

\*Contains 705 grams of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt, per liter or 5.88 pounds per U.S. gallon, which is equivalent to 575 grams of the acid, glyphosate, per liter or 4.8 pounds per U.S. gallon (41.8% by weight).

For a list of patents, if any, covering this product or its use, please go to www.monsantotechnology.com.

### **2**.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

1. FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE USING THIS PRODUCT. CALL TOLL-FREE.

1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

2. IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS HERBICIDE PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT, 1-800-334-7577.

### 3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

3.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

# Keep out of reach of children

# CAULION

Causes moderate eve irritation. Avoid contact with eves or clothing.

IF IN EYES	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF ON Skin or Clothing	Take off contaminated clothing.     Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.     Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
<ul> <li>advice.</li> <li>Have the product container or labeling with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.</li> <li>You can also call 1-800-334-7577, collect, day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.</li> <li>This product is identified as Roundup PowerMAX 3 Herbicide, EPA Registration No. 524-659.</li> </ul>	

to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation could result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks and shoes.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If there are no instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

### **User Safety Recommendations**

- Users should · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or
- using the toilet.
- · Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

### 3.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters and rinsate.

### **3**.3 **Physical or Chemical Hazards**

Spray solutions of this product may be mixed, stored and applied using stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX. STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas. which can form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source and cause serious personal injury.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product may only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or on separately published supplemental labeling. Supplemental labeling for this product can be obtained from your Authorized Bayer CropScience LP Retailer or Bayer CropScience LP Representative.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restrictedentry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, shoes plus socks and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

### **Non-Agricultural Use Requirements**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

# 4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Proper pesticide storage and disposal are essential to protect against exposure to people and the environment due to leaks and spills, excess product or waste, and vandalism. Do not allow this product to contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store pesticides away from food, pet food, feed, seed, fertilizers, and veterinary supplies. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: To avoid wastes, use all material in the container, including rinsate, by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program. Such programs are often run by state or local governments or by industry. All disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local regulations and procedures.

CONTAINER HANDLING AND DISPOSAL: Nonrefiliable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in this container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Triple rinse or pressure rinse (or equivalent) this container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix-tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinset into application equipment or mix-tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix-tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Place container so that it can drian directly into application equipment or mix-tank while trinsing or collect insate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle into the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Once properly rinsed, some plastic agricultural pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest collection site, contact your chemical dealer or Monsanto Company at 1-800-ROUNDUP (1-800-768-6387). If recycling is not available, dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations and procedures, which may include puncturing the properly rinsed container and disposing in a sanitary landfill.

# 5.0 PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Description: This product is a postemergence, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush, trees and vines. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid containing surfactant and may be applied using standard and specialized pesticide application equipment after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carrier according to label directions.

Do not add surfactants, additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when Roundup PowerMAX 3 Herbicide is the only pesticide being applied unless otherwise directed. See the "MXING" section of this label for instructions regarding other additives.

Mechanism of Action: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to the formation of specific amino acids.

No Soil Activity: This product binds tightly to soil particles and does not provide residual weed control. Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by foliar application of this product. Weed seeds in the soil will not be affected by this product and will continue to germinate. Unattached plant rhizomes and rootstocks beneath the soil surface will also not be affected by this product.

Biological Degradation: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Enhanced control of most perennial weeds is obtained when this product is applied at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" for more information on the control of specific weeds.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced weed control could result when this product is applied to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, and have not been allowed to re-grow prior to application. Always use a higher product application rate within the given range when weed growth is heavy or dense, or when weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area. Reduced weed control could also result when this product is applied to weeds that show signs of disease or insect damage, are covered with dust, or are surviving under poor growing conditions.

Spray Coverage: For enhanced results, spray coverage must be uniform and complete. Do not spray foliage to the point of runoff.

Rainfastness: Rainfall within 4 hours of application could wash this product off of the foliage and a second application might then be needed for acceptable weed control. Refer to specific use sections of this label for additional information on the minimum intervals required before re-application of this product.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant that advances to complete browning of aboveground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts. Effects are visible on most annual weeds within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds, effects might not be visible for 7 or more days after application. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following application could slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms.

Maximum Application Rates: The maximum application or use rates stated throughout this label are given in units of volume (fluid ounces or quarts) of this product per acre. However, the maximum allowable application rates apply to this product combined with the use of any and all other herbicides containing the active ingredient glyphosate, whether applied separately or in a tank mixture, on a basis of total pounds of glyphosate (acid equivalents) per acre. If more than one glyphosate-containing product is applied to the same site within the same year, you must ensure that the total use of glyphosate (pounds acid equivalents) does not exceed the maximum allowed. See the "INGREDIENTS" section of this label for necessary product information.

Unless otherwise specified on this label, the combined total application of this product on a site must not exceed 5.0 quarts (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year. For applications on non-crop sites, or on tree, vine or shrub crop production sites, the combined total application of this product must not exceed 6.75 quarts (8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label could result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or have other unintended consequences.

# 6.0 WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT



Glyphosate, the active ingredient in this product, is a Group 9 herbicide based on the mechanism of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. Any weed population can contain plants that are naturally resistant to Group 9 herbicides. Weeds resistant to Group 9 herbicides can be effectively managed by using another herbicide from a different Group (either alone or in a mixture according to label directions), by using other cultural or mechanical methods of weed control, or a combination of the two. Consult your local company representative, state cooperative extension agent, professional consultant or other qualified authority to determine appropriate actions for controlling specific resistant weeds.

# 6.1 Weed Management Practices

Resistant populations arise when rare individual plants are uncontrolled by a given herbicide under normal environmental conditions. In the absence of other control measures these individuals survive, produce seed, and eventually become the dominant biotype in the field through continuous selection. The best means of reducing this selection is to use diverse weed control practices such as multiple herbicides with different mechanisms of action, and often in combination with various mechanical and cultural practices.

Suspected herbicide resistance can be identified by these factors:

- Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially when control is achieved on adjacent weeds
- · A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular species
- Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species

To minimize the occurrence of herbicide-resistant biotypes, including those resistant to glyphosate, implement the following weed management practice options that are practical to your situation. These management practices are applicable to reduce the spread of suspected and confirmed resistant biotypes (managing existing resistant biotypes) and to reduce the potential for selecting for resistance in new species (proactive resistance management).

- Use a diversified approach toward weed management focused on preventing weed seed production and reducing the number of weed seeds in the soil.
- Plant crops into fields that are as weed-free as possible and then keep them as weed-free as possible.
- · Plant seed that is as weed-free as possible.
- · Scout fields routinely, before and after herbicide application.
- Use multiple herbicide mechanisms of action that are effective against the most troublesome weeds on your field and against those with known resistance.
- Apply herbicides at application rates listed on the label when weeds are within the size range indicated on the label.
- Emphasize cultural practices that suppress weeds by using crop competitiveness.
- Use mechanical and biological weed management practices, where appropriate.
- Prevent field-to-field and within-field movement of weed seed or vegetative propagules.
- Manage weed seed at harvest and after harvest to prevent a buildup of the weed seedbank.

# 6.2 Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Biotypes

Appropriate testing is critical in order to determine if a weed is resistant to glyphosate. Call1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937) or contact your Bayer CropScience LP representative to report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species. To determine if resistance in any particular weed biotype has been confirmed in your area, contact your Bayer CropScience LP representative or visit on the Internet <u>www.weedscience.org</u>

It is advisable to keep accurate records of pesticides applied to individual fields to help obtain information on the spread and dispersal of resistant biodynes. Contact your local sales representative, crop advisor, or extension agent to find out if suspected resistant weeds to this MOA have been found in your region. Do not assume that each listed weed is being controlled by this mechanism of action.

Glyphosate-resistant weeds can be controlled or managed by applying this product in combination with residual preemergence herbicides and/or other postemergence herbicides labeled for control of the targeted weed on the site of application. For more information, see the "XNNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, to the extent consistent with applicable law, Bayer CropScience LP accepts no liability for any losses that result from the failure of this product to control resistant weeds.

# 7.0 MIXING

Spray solutions of this product may be mixed, stored and applied using clean stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS.

Eliminate any risk of siphoning the contents of the tank back into the carrier source while mixing. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by State or local regulations.

A 50-mesh nozzle screen or line strainer on the spray equipment is adequate.

Clean sprayer parts promptly after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

# 7.1 Mixing with Water

PERFORMANCE OF THIS PRODUCT CAN BE SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCED IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL SEDIMENT IS USED AS CARRIER. DO NOT MIX THIS PRODUCT WITH WATER FROM PONDS OR DITCHES THAT IS VISIBLY MUDDY OR MURKY.

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows. Begin filling the mixing tank or spray tank with clean water. Add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix gently. Foaming of the spray solution can occur during mixing. To prevent or minimize foaming, mix gently, terminate bypass and return lines at the bottom of the tank, and, if necessary, add an appropriate anti-foam or defoaming agent to the spray solution.

# 7.2 Tank Mixtures

This product does not provide residual weed control. This product may be tank-mixed with other herbicides to provide residual weed control in the soil, a broader weed control spectrum, or an alternate mechanism of action.

Some tank-mix products have the potential to cause crop injury under certain conditions, at certain growth stages, and/or under other circumstances. Read the label of all products to be used in the tank mixture prior to use to determine the potential for crop injury.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers could result in reduced weed control or crop injury. Bayer CropScience LP has not tested all tank-mix product formulations for compatibility, antagonism or reduction in product performance. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials. When a tank-mix with a generic active ingredient, such as 2,4-D, atrazine, dicamba, diuron, pendimethalin, or any other product or material, is listed on this label, the user is responsible for ensuring that the specific application being made is included on the label of the product being used in the mix. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Refer to all individual product labels, supplemental labeling and Fact Sheets for all products in the tank mixture, and observe all precautions and limitations on the label, including any application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping intervals and/or crop rotation restrictions. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

For enhanced results, apply tank mixtures with this product at a minimum spray volume rate of 10 gallons per acre.

# 7.3 Tank-Mixing Procedure

Always predetermine the compatibility of all tank-mix products together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Mix only the quantity of spray solution that will be applied that day. Application of tank-mix solutions that are allowed to stand overnight could result in reduced weed control.

Prepare tank mixtures of this product as follows:

- 1. Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over the filling port of the tank.
- 2. Through the screen, fill the tank one-half full with water and start gentle agitation.
- 3. If ammonium sulfate is to be used, add it slowly through the screen into the tank and continue adding water into the tank through the screen. If dry ammonium sulfate is being used, ensure that it is completely dissolved in the tank before adding other products.
- 4. If a wettable powder is used, prepare a slurry of it with water and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
- If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water and add the diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
- 6. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water and add the diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
- Continue filling the tank with water through the screen and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- If a nonionic surfactant is used, add it to the tank before completing the filling process.
- Add individual tank-mix components to the tank as follows: wettable powders, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates, drift reduction additives, water soluble liquids (this product), surfactant.

Maintain gentle agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed out. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, agitate thoroughly to re-suspend the mixture before resuming application.

Keep by-pass and return lines on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming.

A 50-mesh nozzle screen or line strainer on the spray equipment is adequate.

# 7.4 Mixing Spray Solution Concentrations

All reference throughout this label to concentration of this product in a spray solution is on a percentage-of-volume basis.

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution at a given concentration by mixing the amount of this product indicated in the following table in water.

Desired Volume of Spray	Amount of Roundup PowerMAX 3 Herbicide to Achieve Indicated Concentration in Spray Volume (percent by volume)					
Solution	0.3%	0.6%	0.9%	1.3%	3.1%	6.2%
1 gallon	0.4 fl oz	0.8 fl oz	1.2 fl oz	1.7 fl oz	4 fl oz	8 fl oz
25 gallons	10 fl oz	0.6 qt	0.9 qt	1.3 qt	3.1 qt	6.2 qt
100 gallons	1.2 qt	2.4 qt	3.6 qt	1.3 gal	3.1 gal	6.2 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce (fl oz)

For filling backpack and pump-up sprayers, consider mixing the appropriate amount of this product with water in a larger container and then filling the sprayer from the larger container.

# 7.5 Surfactants

Although not always required, surfactant may be added to spray solutions of this product. Additional surfactant can increase the performance of this product at water carrier volumes above 30 gallons per acre or at application rates below 15 fluid ounces of product per acre.

Nonionic surfactants that are labeled for use with herbicides may be used. Do not reduce rates of this product when adding surfactant. Use a surfactant concentration of 0.25 to 0.5 percent (1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spary solution) when adding surfactant that contains at least 70 percent active ingredient, or a 1-percent surfactant concentration (4 quarts per 100 gallons of spary solution) when adding surfactant that contains ess than 70 percent active ingredient. Read and carefully observe all precautionary statements and other information on the surfactant table.

DO NOT add buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when Roundup PowerMAX 3 Herbicide is the only pesticide product being applied.

DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON OR ANY POSTEMERGENCE (IN-CROP) APPLICATION TO GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT COTTON VARIETIES LISTED BELOW IN SECTION 12.

# 7.6 Ammonium Sulfate

Unless otherwise directed, the addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight (8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water), could increase the performance of this product on annual and perennial weeds, particularly under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank-mixed with certain residual herbicides. An equivalent amount of a liquid formulation of ammonium sulfate may also be used. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water promptly after use to reduce corrosion.

When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates directed on this label; lower application rates will result in reduced performance.

# 7.7 Colorants and Dyes

Colorants and marking dyes may be added to spray solutions of this product; however, they can reduce the performance of this product. Use colorants and dyes according to the manufacturer's directions.

# 7.8 Drift Reduction Additives

Drift reduction additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and controlled droplet applicators (CDA). When a drift reduction additive is used, read and follow all precautions, limitations and all other information on the product label. Use of drift reduction additives can affect spray coverage, which could reduce the performance of this product.

# 8.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

This product may be applied using the following equipment:

Aerial Application Equipment-fixed-wing and helicopter

Ground Application Equipment—boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayers, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast application equipment

Handheld Sprayers—backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers\*, lances and other handheld and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto undesirable foliage

\* This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Application Equipment-shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicator, sponge bar

Injection Systems-aerial or ground injection sprayers

**Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)**—handheld or boom-mounted applicators that produce a spray pattern consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes

APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF ACCURATELY DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

### 8.1 Spray Drift Management

AVOID CONTACT OF THIS HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, EXCEPT AS DIRECTED FOR USE ON ROUNDUP READY® AND OTHER LISTED GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS, AS SEVERE PLANT INJURY OR DESTRUCTION COULD RESULT.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable vegetation, as small quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other vegetation on which application was not intended.

AVOID DRIFT. USE EXTREME CARE TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions regarding the application of this product.

The likelihood of injury occurring as the result of spray drift while applying this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or generation of fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFERS MUST BE MAINTAINED.

AVOID APPLYING THIS PRODUCT AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR SPRAYER PRESSURE.

# 8.2 Aerial Application Equipment

Unless otherwise prohibited, all applications of this product described on this label may be made using aerial application equipment where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this label or on separate supplemental labeling published for this product.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS SPECIFIED ON THIS LABEL OR ON SEPARATELY PUBLISHED SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING FOR THIS PRODUCT.

FOR SPECIFIC USE INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO THE AERIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT IN ARKIANSAS AND CALIFORNIA, OR SPECIFIC COUNTIES THEREIN, REFER TO THE LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN THAT STATE OR COUNTY PRESENTED IN THIS SECTION.

Unless otherwise directed, the maximum single application rate of this product is 40 fluid ounces per acre when using aerial application equipment. Apply this product at the appropriate rate in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise directed on this label or on separate supplemental labeling for this product. Refer to the individual use sections of this label for application rates, spary volumes and additional directions for use.

Drift control reduction additives may be used.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

### Aircraft Maintenance

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCATED STEEL SURFACES COULD RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) that meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 can help prevent corrosion.

### AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The following drift management requirements must be followed to minimize off-target drift movement during aerial application.

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be followed.

### Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if the application is made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions, such as in windy, high temperature with low humidity, and/or inversion conditions as described below.

### **Controlling Droplet Size**

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Operate sprayer at a pressure towards the lower end of the range listed for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing the pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the air stream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length could further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application height: Application must be made at a height of 10 feet or less above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making the application at the lowest height that is safe reduces the exosure of the droolets to evacoration and wind.

### Swath Adjustment

When an application is made with a crosswind present, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the upwind and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Increase the swath adjustment distance with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

### Wind

Drift potential is lowest at wind speeds of between 2 and 10 miles per hour. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Avoid application when wind speeds are below 2 miles per hour due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

### Temperature and Humidity

When making an application in low relative humidity, set application equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

### **Temperature Inversion**

Do not apply this product using either aerial or ground broadcast application equipment during a temperature inversion as drift potential is high under these conditions. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small droplets to remain suspended in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

### **Sensitive Areas**

Apply this product only when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from a sensitive area).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

### State Specific Limitations on Aerial Application

### LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

DO NOT apply this product using aerial application equipment in residential areas.

AVOID DRIFT — DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT OF THIS PRODUCT ONTO ANY VEGETATION TO WHICH APPLICATION WAS NOT INTENDED CAN CAUSE DAMAGE. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, USE PROPER AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT FITTED WITH APPROPRIATE NOZLES AND WAINTAIN ADGUATE BUFFERS.

Follow the directions below when making an aerial application near non-target crops, desirable annual vegetation, or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop.

- Do not apply this product within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or non-target crops.
- If winds are blowing up to 5 miles per hour TOWARD desirable vegetation or non-target crops, do not apply this product within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crops.
- If winds are blowing between 5 and 10 miles per hour TOWARD desirable vegetation or non-target crops, a buffer zone greater than 500 feet might be needed to protect the desirable vegetation or crops.
- Do not apply this product using aerial application equipment when winds are blowing in excess of 10 miles per hour.
- Do not apply this product using aerial application equipment when inversion conditions exist.

When tank-mixing this product with 2,4-D, only 2,4-D amine formulations may be applied in California using aerial application equipment. Tank mixtures of this product with 2,4-D amine formulations may be applied by air in California in fallow fields and in reduced tillage systems, and for alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only.

This product, when tank-mixed with dicamba, may not be applied by air in California.

### ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION In Fresno County, California only

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

The following information applies only from February 15 through March 31 within the following boundaries of Fresno County, California:

North:	Fresno County line
South:	Fresno County line
East:	State Highway 99
West:	Fresno County line

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

### Written Directions

Written directions MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. These written directions MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

### Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment

Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to ensure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Application at Night – Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

For additional information on the proper aerial application of this product in Fresno County, call (800) 332-3111.

### LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOYE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Apply this product at the appropriate rate in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential. Coarse droplets in the 300 to 500 (VMD) micron range have a lower drift potential.

Applications are typically to be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing this distance to 65 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift control without affecting the swath width.

Nozzles must always discharge backward parallel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing airflow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide-angle discharge.

Do not apply this product when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour.

Do not apply when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions can occur when wind speeds are less than 2 miles per hour.

Follow the directions below when an aerial application is made near nontarget crops or other desirable vegetation:

- 1. Do not apply this product within 100 feet of non-target crops or any desirable vegetation.
- If winds are blowing up to 5 miles per hour TOWARD non-target crops or desirable vegetation, do not apply this product within 500 feet upwind of the desirable vegetation or crop.
- If winds are blowing between 5 and 10 miles per hour TOWARD non-target crops or desirable vegetation, a buffer zone greater than 500 feet might be needed to protect the crop or desirable vegetation.

# 8.3 Ground Application Equipment

Apply this product at the appropriate rate as specified on this label in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre when making a broadcast application using ground application equipment, unless otherwise directed on this label or on separate supplemental labeling or Fact Sheets published for this product. As the weed density increases, increase the spray volume towards the upper end of this range to ensure complete coverage. Use nozzles that will avoid generating a fine mist. For enhanced results with ground application equipment, use flatfan nozzles. Check spray aptern for uniform distribution of spray droplets.

### 8.4 Handheld Sprayers

When using a handheld sprayer, apply spray solutions of this product uniformly and completely to the foliage of target weeds using a coarse droplet spectrum and a spray-to-wet technique; do not spray to the point of runoff. For the appropriate concentration of this product in the spray solution and timing of application to control certain weeds, woody brush, trees and vines, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label.

Spot treatment application of this product for weed control in a cropping system using a handheld sprayer may be made only when specifically directed on this label or on separate supplemental labeling for this product. The crop sprayed with this product will be killed along with the weeds. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

# 8.5 Selective Application Equipment

Selective application equipment allows this product to be applied to weeds growing near the crop or other desirable vegetation without killing the desirable vegetation. Selective application equipment must be capable of preventing all contact of the herbicide solution with the crop or other desirable vegetation and operated without spray mist escape, leakage or dripping of the herbicide solution.

AVOID CONTACT OF THIS HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION. Contact of this product with desirable vegetation could result in unwanted plant damage or destruction. To the extent consistent with applicable law, such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

### Shielded and Hooded Sprayers

A shielded sprayer directs the herbicide solution to the target weeds while protecting the crop or other desirable vegetation from coming into contact with the herbicide spray with an impervious material or shield. Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the application area. Keep shields properly adjusted to protect desirable vegetation.

A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded sprayer where the spray pattern is fully enclosed, including the top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop or other desirable vegetation from the spray solution.

This product may be diluted in water and applied using a shielded or hooded sprayer to weeds listed on this label growing on any non-crop site described on this label and in between rows of plants (row middles) in any cropping system listed on this label.

Properly adjust the hood to protect desirable vegetation. Ensure that the hood is capable of completely enclosing the spray pattern. If necessary when applying around crops grown on raised beds, extend the front and rear flaps of the hooded sprayer downward to reach the ground in deep furrows

A hooded sprayer must be configured and operated in a manner that minimizes bouncing and avoids raising the hood up off the ground surface at any time. If the hood is raised, spray particles can escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage to or destruction of the crop or other desirable vegetation. Avoid operating this equipment on rough or sloping terrain where the spray hood is likely to rise up off the ground surface.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or runoff down the inside of the hood, such as a single, low pressure, low-drift, flat-fan nozzle with an

80- to 95-degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood, with a spray volume of 20 to 30 gallons per acre.

The following procedures will help reduce the potential for crop injury when using a hooded sprayer:

- Operate the sprayer with the hood on the ground or skimming across the ground surface.
- Leave at least an 8-inch untreated strip over the drill row. (For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, make the maximum width of the spray hood 30 inches.)
- Operate at a ground speed of no greater than 5 miles per hour to minimize bouncing of the hooded sprayer.
- · Apply when wind speed is 10 miles per hour or less.
- Use low-drift nozzles that will provide uniform coverage within the application area.

Injury to a crop or other desirable vegetation can occur when application is made to foliage of weeds that come into direct contact with the crop or desirable vegetation. Do not apply this product when leaves of desirable vegetation are growing in direct contact with weeds. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation can result in discoloration, sturnting or destruction.

### Wiper Applicator

A wiper applicator is a device that physically wipes this product or solutions of this product directly onto the target weed or cut stump. Any handheld device that is capable of physically wiping this product or solutions of this product directly onto the target weed or cut stump, such as a paint brush, may be used.

A mechanical wiper applicator, such as a rope wick or sponge bar that can be driven through a field over the top of a crop or other desirable vegetation to control weeds that are taller than the desirable vegetation, must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation.

Wiper applicators may be used over the top of food or feed crops ONLY if specifically permitted for use over that crop by this label or by separately published supplemental labeling for this product.

When using a mechanical wiper applicator, adjust the height of the applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds and so that the wiper contact point is a minimum of 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Enhanced results can be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution and weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds that do not come into contact with the herbicide solution will not be affected. Poor contact can occur when weeds are growing in dense clumps, when operating in an area of severe weed infestation, or when weed height varies dramatically. In these situations, more than one application of this product might be necessary.

Operate wiper applicators at a ground speed of no greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance in areas of heavy weed infestation can be improved by reducing speed, which will provide more time for re-saturation of the wiper with the herbicide solution and more contact time of the wiper with the weed. Enhanced results with a wiper applicator can be obtained when two applications are made travelling in opposite directions in the field.

### Keep wiper surfaces clean.

Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation can result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Be aware that on sloping ground the herbicide solution can migrate to one side, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wiper on the upper end of the applicator.

Do not apply this product using a wiper applicator when weeds are wet.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution when using a wiper applicator.

For Rope and Sponge Wick Applicators—use solutions ranging from 33 to 75 percent of this product in water.

For Panel Applicators-use solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent (undiluted) of this product in water.

Mix only the amount of this product that will be used during a 1-day period, as reduced product performance can result from the use of solutions held in storage.

Clean wiper parts promptly after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

# 8.6 Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial and ground injection spray systems as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this concentrated product with the undiluted concentrate of other products for use in injection systems, unless otherwise directed.

# 8.7 Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)

The amount of this product applied per acre using a controlled droplet applicator (CDA) must be no less than the rate specified on this label for application using conventional broadcast application equipment.

A controlled droplet applicator produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Use extreme care to avoid spray or drift from contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as plant damage or destruction could result.

# **9**.0 ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS

THIS SECTION PROVIDES DIRECTIONS FOR USE OF THIS PRODUCT THAT APPLY TO ALL CROPS LISTED IN THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP SECTIONS FOR SPECIFIC USE INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label, or separately published supplemental labeling for this product, for directions for use in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Chemical Fallow; Preplant Fallow Beds; Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Hooded Sprayer in Row Middles; Shielded Sprayer in Row Middles; Wiper Applicator in Row Middles; Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at-planting, or preemergence to annual and perennial crops listed on this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop not listed on this label, application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to planting. Unless otherwise directed, apply this product according to the rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label. Application rates specified on this label for hard-to-control weeds, or those specified on separate supplemental labeling for this product, supersede the rates in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label. Additional information on hardto-control weeds, can be found on Fact Sheets published for this product.

Application of this product may be repeated as needed up to a maximum of 5 quarts per acre per year. Refer to specific use sections of this label for additional information on minimum intervals required before re-application of this product.

Hooded sprayers and wiper applicators capable of preventing all contact of the herbicide solution with the crop may be used in mulched or unmulched row middles after crop establishment. Wiper applicators may be used over the top of crops to control tall weeds only when specifically directed in the individual crop sections that follow. Crop injury is possible with these methods of application. Refer to the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information regarding the potential for crop injury using selective application equipment.

Spot treatment application of this product for weed control in a cropping system may be made only when specifically directed in the individual crop sections that follow. Unless otherwise prohibited, all applications of this product described in the sections that follow may be made using aerial application equipment where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this label and on all supplemental labeling published for this product. Refer to the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on aerial application and procedures for avoiding spray drift that could cause injury to any vegetation not intended for application. Use of appropriate buffers will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with other herbicides to provide residual weed control, a broader weed control spectrum or an alternate mechanism of action. Always read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use all products according to rates and timing specified on the label. Some tank-mix products have the potential to cause crop injury. Read the label for all products in the tank mixture prior to use to determine the potential for crop injury. Always predetermine the compatibility of tank-mix products together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Mixing other products with this herbicide in the spray tank can cause incompatibility, antagonism, or a reduction in the efficacy of this product. Bayer CropScience LP has not tested all product formulations for compatibility or performance in a tank-mix with this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials. See the "MIXING" section of this label for more information on tank mixtures.

PRECAUTIONS: Avoid contact of this herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), of ritu of crops, as severe crop injury or destruction could result. Transplant seedlings coming into contact with weeds that are still wet with a spray solution of this product could result in significant crop injury. When making preemergence applications, application must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Broadcast application of this product at emergence will result in injury or death of emerged seedlings. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of crop injury. In crops where spot treatment is allowed, the crop sprayed with this product will be killed along with the weeds. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

Preharvest application on crops grown for seed could result in a reduction in germination or vigor. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the preharvest use of this product on any crop grown for seed.

RESTRICTIONS: Observe the maximum application rates stated throughout this label. Maximum application rates apply to the use of this product combined with the use of any and all other herbicides containing glyphosate as the active ingredient, whether applied separately or as mixtures. Calculate the application rates (glyphosate acid equivalents) and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate-containing products does not exceed the stated maximum rate. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

Unless otherwise directed on this label, application using selective equipment, including wiper applicators and hooded sprayers, must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest. In crops where spot treatment is allowed, do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested, unless otherwise directed. Post-harvest and fallow applications must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast postemergence application, unless otherwise directed.

When applying this product as a tank mixture with one or more products, refer to each individual tank-mix product label for restrictions and apply the mixture in accordance with the most restrictive statements for each product in the tank.

# 9.1 Cereal and Grain Crops

LABELED CROPS: Barley; Buckwheat; Millet (pearl, proso); Oats; Rice; Rye; Quinoa; Teff; Teosinte; Triticale; Wheat (all types); Wild Rice

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice; Spol Treatment (except rice); Control of Barnyardgrass in Rice Using Renovation Treatment (California only); Wiper Applicator (feed barley and wheat only); Penarvest (feed barley and wheat only)

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after the planting of cereal crops, but prior to crop emergence.

### **Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red rice and then apply 30 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre when the majority of the red rice plants are at the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves might only be partially controlled. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity, as reduced control of red rice could result.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply this product to rice fields or levees when fields contain floodwater. Do not flood fields for a minimum of 8 days following application.

### Spot Treatment (Except Rice)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops, except rice. Apply before heading in small grains.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

### Control of Barnyardgrass in Rice Using Renovation Treatment (California Only) THIS APPLICATION FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a renovation treatment

in rice crops to control barnyardgrass (*Echinochola crus-galli*) infestations using ground broadcast application equipment or a handheld sprayer. Renovation is defined as an herbicide application that will result in crop and weed destruction in an entire field or confluous area within a field.

RESTRICTIONS: Rice straw and stubble from the application area plus an additional 25 feet on all sides of the area may not be used for animal bedding, grazing, or any other feed purpose. DO NOT make this application using aerial application equipment.

### Wiper Applicator (Feed Barley and Wheat Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of feed barley and wheat using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds. To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 35 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicator.

### Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of feed barley or wheat. For feed barley, apply after the hard-dough stage when grain moisture is 20 percent or less. For wheat, apply after the hard-dough stage when grain moisture is 30 percent or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest.

Apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre when using ground application equipment and in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre when using aerial application equipment.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre for preharvest application. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or grazing.

### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates might be needed to control large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control following harvest of cereal crops. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of vegetation within the application area. Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# 9.2 Corn

TYPES OF CORN: Field corn; Popcorn; Seed corn; Silage corn; Sweet corn

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment; Preharvest

For directions for use with field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology (including Roundup Ready Corn 2 and field corn products displaying the Roundup Ready 2 Technology (togo), with sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology (including Roundup Ready Sweet Corn and sweet corn products displaying the Roundup Ready 2 Technology logo), and field corn hybrids with Agrisure GT Technology see the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSART CDLERANT (ROPS" section of this label.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mix before, during or after planting corn, but prior to crop emergence.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to the planting or the emergence of the type of corn crop being grown. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

2.4-D; acetochlor; atrazine; bicyclopyrone; carfentrazone-ethyl; clopyralid; dicamba; diflufenzopyr; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-P; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; fluthiacet-methyl; isoxaflutole; linuron; mesotrione; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; rimsulfuron; saflufenacil; tembotrione; thiencarbazone-methyl

Axiom DF (EPA Reg. No. 264-766; metribuzin, flufenacef); Balance Flexx (EPA Reg. No. 264-1067; isonaflutole); Capreno (EPA Reg. No. 264-1066; isonaflutole, thiencarbazone-methyl); Corvus (EPA Reg. No. 264-1066; isonaflutole, thiencarbazone-methyl); Degree Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 524-511; acetochlor, atrazine); DiFlexx (EPA Reg. No. 264-1173, dicamba); DiFlexx DUO (EPA Reg. No. 264-1184; dicamba, tembotrione); Harness (EPA Reg. No. 254-473; acetochlor); Harness Xtra 5.6L (EPA Reg. No. 524-483; acetochlor, atrazine); Harness Xtra 5.6L (EPA Reg. No. 524-435; acetochlor, atrazine); Harness MAX (EPA Reg. No. 524-636; acetochlor, mesotrione); TripleFLEX II (EPA Reg. No. 524-614; acetochlor, clopyrald, fiumetsulam)

For hard-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre in these tank mixtures. For other annual weeds listed on this label, apply 15 to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 20 to 30 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using a nitrogen solution as the carrier, higher application rates might be needed for acceptable weed control.

RESTRICTIONS: Application of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made a minimum of 7 days prior to planting corn.

In Southern states, do not mix this product in nitrogen solutions for application to hard-to-control grasses, such as barryardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennali weeds. This area includes Illinois and Indiana south of Route 50, Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

### **Hooded Sprayer**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using a hooded sprayer for weed control in between rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instructions on the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Do not apply more than 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre for each hooded sprayer application and no more than 60 fluid ounces per acre per year total.

### Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment prior to silking of corn.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 60 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied using ground application equipment, or up to 40 fluid ounces per acre using aerial application equipment, when kernel-fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed) and grain moisture is 35 percent or less.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of corn. Higher rates might be needed to control large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4–0 or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for postharvest application in corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of vegetation within the application area. Application of this product must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on this label.

# 9.3 Cotton

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Selective Equipment; Spot Treatment; Preharvest

For directions for use with cotton with Roundup Ready Technology, cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology, and cotton with GlyTol Technology, see the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton, but prior to crop emergence.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or Clarity (EPA Reg. No. 7969-137; dicamba) and applied prior to planting only. This product may also be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to planting or the emergence of cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products used in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

acetochlor; clomazone; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; norflurazon; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; saflufenacil

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; *acetochlor*); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; *acetochlor*, *fomesafen*)

### Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using a hooded or shielded sprayer, or over the top of cotton using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds. See additional instructions on the use of this selective equipment in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

### Spot Treatment

 $\mathsf{USE}\xspace$  INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in cotton as a spot treatment prior to boll opening.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest. For weed control, apply at rates given in the "ANUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label. For cotton re-growth inhibition, apply 15 to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Make preharvest application only after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield. Application made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with DEF 6 (EPA Reg. No. 264-730; tribufos), Dropp (EPA Reg. No. 264-700; tribidiazuron), Folex 6 EC (EPA Reg. No. 5481-504; tribufos), or Ginstar EC (EPA Reg. No. 264-634; thidiazuron, diuron) to enhance cotton leaf-drop. Read and follow label directions for all products used in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON.

# **9**.4 Fallow Systems

This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Chemical Fallow; Preplant Fallow Beds; Aid-to-Tillage

### **Chemical Fallow**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a substitute for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Broadcast or spot treatment application will also control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Tank-mix this product with 2,4-D or dicamba for a broader weed control spectrum. Areil application of up to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be made onto fallow fields where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops.

PRECAUTIONS: Some crop injury could occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.

### **Preplant Fallow Beds**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label prior to planting.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply 8 fluid ounces of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of Goal ZXL (EPA Reg. No. 62719-424; *oxyfluorfen*) to control the following weeds up to the maximum height or length indicated: 3 inches- common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6 inches-London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

Apply 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of Goal 2XL to control the following weeds up to the maximum height or length indicated. 6 inches—common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestail (*Conyza canadensis*); 12 inches—chickweed, London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

### Aid-to-Tillage

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems, or prior to the planting of crops listed on this label (preplant), to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxtail. Apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage no later than 15 days after application before tre-growth occurs. Allow a minimum of 1 day after application before tillage.

PRECAUTIONS: Tank mixtures with residual herbicides could result in reduced performance of this product.

# **9**.5 Grain Sorghum (Milo)

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment; Wiper Applicator; Preharvest

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting grain sorghum, but prior to crop emergence.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to planting or emergence of grain sorghum. Read and follow label directions for all products used in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

acetochlor; atrazine; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; saflufenacil

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591, acetochlor)

For hard-to-control annual weeds, such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre in a tank mixture with one or more of the products listed here.

For control of other annual weeds listed on this label, apply 15 to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 20 to 30 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using a nitrogen solution as the carrier, the application rate might need to be increased to achieve acceptable weed control.

### Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum before heading. This product may also be applied over the top of grain sorghum using a wiper applicator to control or suppress tall weeds. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment, do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. When applied using a wiper applicator, allow a minimum of 40 days between application and harvest. Do not use a roller applicator. Do not feed or graze grain sorghum fodder or ensile vegetation collected from within the application area.

### **Hooded Sprayer**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using a hooded sprayer for weed control in between rows of grain sorghum. Make application before grain sorghum sends tillers between the drill rows. If tillers are sprayed with this herbicide, the main plant could be damaged or destroyed. Contact of this product in any manner with any vegetation to which application is not intended could cause damage. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instructions on the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Grain sorghum must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Do not graze or feed grain sorghum forage or fodder following application of this product using a hooded sprayer. Do not apply more than 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre per hooded sprayer application and no more than 60 fluid ounces per acre per year total.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied after sorghum grain has reached 30 percent moisture or less. As with other herbicides that cause sudden plant death, avoid preharvest application of this product on grain sorghum (milo) infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of grain sorghum. Preharvest application of this product on grain sorghum (milo) is not registered for use in California.

### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher application rates might be needed to control large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for post-harvest application in grain sorghum (milo). Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. This product may be applied to grain sorghum stubble following harvest to control or suppress re-growth. Apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre for control or 15 fluid ounces per acre for suppression.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of vegetation within the application area. Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# 9.6 Herbs and Spices

LABELED CROPS: Allspice; Angelica; Star anise; Annatto (seed); Balm; Basil; Borage; Burnet; Camomile; Caper buds; Caraway; Black caraway; Cardamom; Cassia bark; Cassia buds; Catnip; Celery seed; Chervil (dried); Chive; Chinese chive; Cinnamon; Clary; Clove buds; Coriander leaf (cilantro or Chinese parsley); Coriander seed (cilantro); Costmary; Culantro (leaf); Culantro (seed); Cumin; Curry (deaf); Dill (dilwed); Dill (seed); Epazote; Fennel seed (common and Florence); Fenugreek; White ginger flower; Grains of paradise; Horehound; Hyssop; Juniper berry; Lavender; Lemongrass; Lovage (leaf and seed); Mace; Marigold: Margiram (including oregano); Mexican oregano; Mioga flower; Mustard (seed); Nasturtium; Nutmeg; Parsley (dried); Pennyroyal; Pepper (black and white). Pepper leaves; Peppermint; Perilla; Poppy (seed); Rosemary; Rue; Saffro; Sage; Savory (summer and winter); Spearmint; Stevia leaves;

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment (peppermint and spearmint only); Wiper Applicator (peppermint and spearmint only)

PRECAUTIONS: This product could cause crop injury when applied prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch. Remove residual product from the plastic prior to planting with a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or by irrigation. Ensure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter the transplant holes. Application made at crop emergence will result in injury or death of emerged seedings.

### Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator (Peppermint and Spearmint Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in peppermint and spearmint or over the top of peppermint and spearmint using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds. Application may be repeated in the same area at 30-day intervals. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. For spot treatment application, do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

# 9.7 Oilseed Crops

LABELED CROPS: Borage; Buffalo gourd; Calendula; Canola; Castor oil plant; Chinese tallowtree; Crambe; Cuphea; Echium; Euphorbia; Evening primrose; Flax; Gold of pleasure; Hare's ear mustard; Jojoba; Lesquerella; Meadowfoam; Milkweed; Mustard; Niger seed; Oil radish; Poppy; Rape; Rose hip; Safflower; Sesame; Stokes aster; Sunflower; Sweet rocket; Tallowwood; Re aoil plant; Vernonia

For directions for use with canola with Roundup Ready Technology and canola with TruFlex Technology, see the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Preharvest (except buffalo gourd)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product for use in safflower, sunflower and all other oilseed crops listed in this section, if a preharvest application is to be made. If a preharvest application is NOT to be made, the maximum application rate of this product for all preemergence, selective equipment and post-harvest applications in any oilseed crop listed in this section is limited only by the maximum of 5 quarts per acree per year. If a preharvest application is intended to be made to any crop listed in this section, except buffalo gourd, the maximum combined total of all preemergence and selective equipment applications is limited as indicated in the following table. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Applications Rates.

Maximum Application Rates if a Preharvest Application is Made			
Safflower			
Combined total for all Preemergence and Selective Equipment applications	60 fluid ounces per acre		
Preharvest application	60 fluid ounces per acre		
Sunflower			
Combined total for all Preemergence and Selective Equipment applications	20 fluid ounces per acre		
Preharvest application	20 fluid ounces per acre		
All Other Oilseed Crops Listed (Except Buffalo Gourd)			
Combined total for all Preemergence and Selective Equipment applications	40 fluid ounces per acre		
Preharvest application	30 fluid ounces per acre		

RESTRICTIONS: Do not exceed a total application rate of 5 quarts of this product per acre per year. Preharvest application is not permitted on buffalo gourd.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting oilseed crops listed in this section, but must be applied prior to crop emergence. Observe the maximum application rates listed at the beginning of this section.

TANK MIXTURES: For sunflower, a tank mixture with pendimethalin may be applied before, during or after planting into conventionally tilled soil, a cover crop, established sod or previous crop residue.

RESTRICTIONS: See the use instructions at the beginning of this section for important information on maximum application rates for preemergence and selective equipment applications of this product.

### Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using a wiper applicator or shielded sprayer between crop rows once the crop is established. Observe the maximum application rates listed at the beginning of this section. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators and hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

### Preharvest (Except Buffalo Gourd)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control and serves as a harvest aid when applied to a physiologically mature oilseed crop listed in this section. For safflower, up to 60 fluid ounces of this product may be applied per acre when seed has lost its opaque character, approximately 20 to 30 days after the end of flowering of the secondary branches. For sunflower, up to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied when the backsides of sunflower heads are yellow and bracts are turning brown, and seed moisture content is less than 35 percent. For all other oilseed crops listed in this section (except buffalo gourd), up to 30 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied prior barvest.

RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT MAKE A PREHARVEST APPLICATION if you have exceeded the maximum application rates for the combined total of all preemergence and selective equipment applications listed in the table at the beginning of this section. If applicable, make only 1 preharvest application of this product and allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding to livestock. Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label. Preharvest application is not allowed on buffalo gourd or on canola with Roundup Ready technology, canola with TruFlex technology or their listed typhosate tolerant crops.

### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of oilseed crops. Higher application rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for post-harvest application in the crop harvested. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not exceed a total application rate of 5 quarts of this product per acre per year. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application of this product and harvest or feeding of vegetation within the application area. Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# **9**.8 Soybean

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment; Selective Equipment; Preharvest

For directions for use with soybean with Roundup Ready Technology, soybean with Roundup Ready 2 Yield Technology, soybean with G127 Technology and soybean with Enlist E3 Technology, see the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GUYHOSATE TOLERANT (ROPS section of this label.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting soybean, but prior to crop emergence.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, Barvel (EPA Reg. No. 66330-276, dicamba) or Clarity (EPA Reg. No. 7969-137, dicamba) and applied prior to planting only. This product may also be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to planting or the emergence of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; chlorimuron ethyl; clethodim; clomazone; cloransulam-methyl; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-p; fluazifop-pbudyl; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; flumioxazin; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazaquin; imazethapyr; lactofen; linuron; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; saflufencicil; quizalofop-p-ethyl; saflufenacil; sulfentrazone; thifensulfuron; tribenuron methyl; trifluralin

Axiom DF (EPA Reg. No. 264-766; *metribuzin, flufenacet*); Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; *acetochlor*); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; *acetochlor; fomesafen*)

For hard-to-control annual weeds, such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre in a tank mixture with one of the products listed. For other annual weeds listed on this label, apply 15 to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 20 to 30 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are over 6 inches tall.

### Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment prior to initial pod set in soybean.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

### Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in soybean using a shielded applicator, hooded sprayer, wiper applicator or sponge bar. See additional instructions on the use of selective equipment in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to soybean prior to harvest after pods have set and lost all green color. Apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label. Take care to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 3.1 quarts of this product per acre for preharvest application using ground application equipment or more than 40 fluid ounces per acre when using aerial application equipment. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybean. If the preharvest application rate is greater than 20 fluid ounces per acre, do not graze or harvest hay or fodder within the application area for livestock feed within 25 days of application. If the application rate is 20 fluid ounces per acre or less, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after application

# **9**.9 Sugarcane

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields, or in fields prior to the emergence of plant cane.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

### Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, apply a 1-percent solution of this product in water using a handheld sprayer and a spray-towet technique. Enhanced results can be obtained on volunteer or diseased sugarcane when application is made when there are at least 7 new leaves. Avoid contact of this herbicide with healthy sugarcane plants as severe damage or destruction could result.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not feed or graze sugarcane foliage within the application area.

### **Hooded Sprayer**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using a hooded sprayer for weed control in between rows of sugarcane. See additional instructions on the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS: Do not allow weeds within the application area to come into contact with the crop.

### Fallow Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ratoon cane by applying 2.5 to 3.1 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow a minimum of 7 days after application before tillage. Aerial application of up to 60 fluid ounces per acre may be made onto fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent drift onto adjacent crops. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for this application in sugarcane. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

### **9**.9.1 Sugarcane Ripening

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a foliar-applied plant growth regulator to hasten ripening and extend the period of high sucrose level in both low- and high-tonnage sugarcane. Most of the sucrose increase is concentrated in the top nodes of the cane stalk. To maximize sugar recovery where topping is practiced at harvest, top at the base of the fourth leaf. Consult your state sugarcane authority or local Bayer CropScience LP representative regarding the degree of sucrose response that can be anticipated prior to application of this product.

As a result of leaf desiccation, improved trash burn can be expected.

Apply this product at the following rates and timing according to the State in which the sugarcane is grown. Use a higher application rate within the given range when applying to sugarcane under adverse ripening conditions or to less responsive varieties.

FLORIDA – Apply 4 to 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of LAST RATOON CANE ONLY.

 $\ensuremath{\text{HAWAII}}$  – Apply 8 to 18 fluid ounces of this product per acre 4 to 10 weeks before harvest.

LOUISIANA – Apply 4 to 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre 3 to 7 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.

**PUERTO RICO** – Apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.

**TEXAS** – Apply 4 to 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.

PRECAUTIONS: Application of this product could initiate development of shooting eyes. This product might not increase the sucrose content of sugarcane under conditions of good natural ripening. Within 2 to 3 weeks after application, this product could produce a slight yellowing to a pronounced browning and drying of leaves, and a shortening of upper internodes. Solindle death could occur.

Rainfall within 6 hours after application could reduce the effectiveness of this product.

Application to sugarcane grown for seed could result in a reduction in germination or vigor. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the preharvest use of this product on sugarcane grown for seed.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not feed or graze sugarcane forage following application. Do not plant subsequent crops within 30 days after application of this product other than the following: alfalfa or other forage legumes, beans (all types), corn (all types), cotton, melons (all types), pasture grasses, peanuts, potatoes (firsh or sweet), sorghum (milo), soybean, squash (all types) or wheat.

Do not apply for enhanced ripening to any crops other than sugarcane. Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label could result in njury to persons, animals or crops, or have other unintended consequences.

# 9.10 Vegetable Crops

THIS SECTION PROVIDES DIRECTIONS FOR USE THAT APPLY TO ALL VEGETABLE CROPS LISTED IN THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP SECTIONS FOR SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Chemical Fallow; Preplant Fallow Beds; Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Prior to Transplanting Vegetables; Hooded Sprayer in Row Middles; Shielded Sprayer in Row Middles; Wiper Applicator in Row Middles; Directed Application (non-bearing ginseng only); Wiper Applicator (carrd; rutabaga, sweet potato only); Post-Harvest

PRECAUTIONS: This product could cause crop injury when applied prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch. Remove residual product from the plastic with a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or by irrigation, prior to planting. Ensure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter the transplant holes. Application of this product at crop emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedings.

Avoid contact of this herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from the plastic mulch), or fruit of crops, as severe crop injury or destruction could result. Transplanted seedlings coming into contact with weeds that are still wet with a spray solution of this product could result in significant crop injury.

Preemergence application must be made before the crop emerges from the soil to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of crop injury. In crops with vines, make hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications in row middles prior to vine development, otherwise severe crop injury or destruction could result.

RESTRICTIONS: Unless otherwise directed, application using selective equipment, including wiper applicators and hooded sprayers, must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest and fallow applications must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label. See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES' section of this label.

# 9.10.1 Brassica Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Broccoli; Chinese broccoli (gai lon); Broccoli raab (rapini); Brussels sprouts; Cabbage; Chinese cabbage (bok choy); Chinese cabbage (napa); Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy); Cauliflower; Cavalo broccolo; Collards; Kale; Kohlrabi; Mizuna; Mustard greens; Mustard spinach; Rape greens

# 9.10.2 Bulb Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: All cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of Chive (including Chinese); Dayilly; Elegans hosta; Fritillaria; Gartic (including great-headed, serpent); Kurrat; Leek (including lady's, wild); Onion (including Beltsville bunching, bub, Chinese, fresh, green, macrostern, pearl, potato, tree, Welsh); Shallot

# 9.10.3 Cucurbit Vegetables and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); Citron melon; Cucumber; Gherkin; Edible gourd (includes hydran, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese odra); Melons (dul); Monordica sop (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber); Muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, Persian melon, honeydew melon, Santa Claus melon, mango melon, Persian melon, squash (includes cronkneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Winter squash (includes butternut squash); Vatermelon

RESTRICTIONS: For cantaloupe, casaba melon, crenshaw melon, cucumber, gherkin, gourds, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, melons (all), muskmelon, Persian melon, pumpkin, squash (summer, winter), and watermelon, allow a minimum of 3 days between application and planting.

# 9.10.4 Leafy Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach); Arugula (roquette); Beet greens; Cardoon; Celery; Chinese celery; Celtuce; Chaya; Chervil; Edibleleaved chrysanthemum; Garland chrysanthemum; Corn salad; Cress (garden, upland); Dandelion; Dock (sorrel); Dokudami; Endive (escarole); Florence fennel; Gow kee; Lettuce (head, leaf); Orach; Parsley; Purslane (garden, winter); Radicchio (red chicory); Rhubarb; Spinach; New Zealand spinach; Wine spinach; Swiss chard; Watercress (upland); Water spinach

RESTRICTIONS: For watercress, allow a minimum of 3 days between application and seeding. Do not apply this product during the period between seeding and emergence.

# 9.10.5 Fruiting Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: All cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of Eggplant (including African, pea, scarlet); Cocona; Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry (*Physalis spp*); Martinynia; Naranjilla; Okra; Pepino; Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper); Roselle; Sunberry; Tomatilio; Tomato

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and planting. For tomato and tomatillo, do not apply this product using a hooded or shielded sprayer in row-middles because of the potential for crop injury.

# **g**.10.6 Legume Vegetables (Succulent or Dried)

LABELED CROPS: Bean (Lupinus: includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, white sweet lupin); Bean (Phaseolus: includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, was bean); Bean (Vigna: includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, souther pea, urd bean, yardlong bean). Broad bean (Hava); Chinkyea (garbanzo); Guar; Jackbean; Lablab bean; Lentil; Pea (Pisum: includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea). Pigen pea, Soybean (immature seed); Sword bean

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment (dry varieties only); Preharvest (dry varieties only)

### Spot Treatment (Dry Varieties Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment to control troublesome weeds such as Canada thistle, quackgrass, mayweed (dog fennel) and milkweed in any dry legume variety listed in this section, except cowpeas or field (feed) peas. Apply up to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre in dry beans, or up to 60 fluid ounces per acre in dry peas, lentils and chickpeas, in 10 to 20 gallons of water using ground application equipment, or apply a 2-percent solution in a handheld sprayer. For enhanced results, apply at or beyond the bud stage of growth. RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. Only one spot treatment application may be made per year. Do not combine spot treatment with a preharvest broadcast application on the same crop area. Allow a minimum of 30 days between application and the planting of any crop not listed in this label. Do not feed vines and hay from the application area to livestock. Do not apply this product as a spot treatment in cowpeas or field (feed) peas, since these are considered to be grown only as livestock feed.

### Preharvest (Dry Varieties Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of any dry legume variety listed in this section prior to harvest, except cowpeas or field (fed) peas. Apply up to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre in dry beans, or up to 60 fluid ounces per acre in dry peas, lentils, and chickpeas, in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre at the hard dough stage of the legume seed (30 percent grain moisture or less).

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. Only one preharvest application may be made per year. Do not combine a preharvest application with a spot treatment application on the same crop area. Allow a minimum of 30 days between application and the planting of any crop not listed on this label. Do not feed vines and hay from the application area to livestock. Do not make a preharvest application of this product in cowpeas or field (feed) peas, since these are considered to be grown only as livestock feed.

# 9.10.7 Root and Tuber Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha; Arrowroot; Chinese artichoke; Jerusalem artichoke; Beet (garden); Burdock; Canna; Carrot; Cassava (bitter and sweet); Celerias; Chayote (root); Chervil (turnip-rooted); Chicory; Churd; Dasheen (taro); Galangal; Ginger; Ginseng; Horseradish; Leren; Kava (turnip-rooted); Parsley (turnip-rooted); Parsnip; Potato; Radish; Oriental radish; Rutabaga; Salsify; Black salsify; Spanish salsify; Skirret; Sweet potato; Tanier; Turmeric; Turnip; Wasabi; Yacon; Yam bean; True yam

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Directed Application (non-bearing ginseng only); Wiper applicator (carrot, rutabaga, sweet potato only)

### Directed Application in Ginseng (Non-Bearing Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control in established non-bearing ginseng using a boom sprayer, CDA, shielded sprayer, wiper applicator, handheld or backpack wand, lance, or orchard gun. See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS: Control the application so as not to allow any contact of this product with the ginseng plant. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation could result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

RESTRICTIONS: Application must be made a minimum of one year prior to ginseng harvest.

### Wiper Applicator (Carrot, Rutabaga and Sweet Potato Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: A 33-percent solution of this product by volume in water may be applied using a wiper applicator over the top of carrot, rutabaga and sweet potato for the control of tall weeds. See additional use instructions for wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: For carrot, a maximum of two wiper or sponge bar applications may be made a minimum of 60 days prior to harvest following the first application and 7 days prior to harvest following the second application or if only one wiper application is made over the top of the carrot crop. For rutabaga, allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest. For sweet potato, a maximum of five wiper or sponge bar applications may be made with a minimum of 14 days between applications and a minimum of 7 days prior to harvest.

# 9.11 Miscellaneous Crops

LABELED CROPS: Aloe vera; Asparagus; Bamboo shoots; Globe artichoke; Okra, Peanut; Pineapple; Sugarbeet

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment (asparagus)

For directions for use with sugarbeet with Roundup Ready Technology, see the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS: Preemergence application must be made before the crop emerges from the soil to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed gernination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of crop injury. In crops with vines, apply this product in row middles using a hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer or wiper applicator prior to vine development, otherwise severe crop injury or destruction could result.

### Spot Weed Control, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for spot weed control and site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section.

PRECAUTIONS: This product could cause crop injury when applied prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch. Remove residues of this product from the plastic with a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or by irrigation, prior to planting. Ensure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 21 days between residue removal and transplanting. Do not apply this product within 7 days prior to emergence of the first asparagus spears. Do not feed or graze pineapple forage from within the application area.

### Spot Treatment (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied immediately after cutting asparagus, but prior to the emergence of new spears.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not harvest asparagus within 5 days of a spot treatment application.

### Post-Harvest in Asparagus

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after the last harvest of asparagus and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to re-grow, delay application until ferns have developed and make the application as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of this product with ferns, stems or spears. See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS: Direct contact of this product with asparagus could result in serious crop injury.

# **10**.0 TREE, VINE AND SHRUB CROPS

THIS SECTION PROVIDES DIRECTIONS FOR USE THAT APPLY TO ALL TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS LISTED IN THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP SECTIONS FOR SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant (site preparation); Broadcast Spray; Selective Equipment (shielded sprayer, wiper applicator), Directed Spray and Spot Treatment in Middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes) and Strips (within rows of trees, vines or bushes); Site Weed Control; Perennial Grass Suppression; Cut Stump Application

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Unless specifically prohibited in the individual crop sections that follow, this product may be applied using a boom sprayer, controlled droplet applicator (CDA), shielded sprayer, wiper applicator, handheld or backpack sprayer, lance or orchard gun, in middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes) and strips (within rows of trees, vines or bushes), for weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and nut groves, orchards and vineyards. It may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops. Apply 10 fluid ounces to 3.1 quarts of this product per acre as directed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label. Use a higher application rate within a given range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or greater than 12 inches tall. Application may be repeated as needed up to a maximum of 6.75 quarts of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

PRECAUTIONS: Use extreme care to avoid contact of this herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of desirable trees, canes and vines. Avoid application when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury have occurred. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark could result in serious crop damage or destruction. Only shielded or directed sprayers may be used in crops where the potential for crop contact is high, and then only where there is sufficient clearance. For application in strips (within rows of trees), only selective equipment (directed sprayer, shielded sprayer, shielded sprayer, shielded sprayers or wiper applicator) may be used in order to minimize the potential for overspray or drift of this product onto the crop. For berry crops, hooded sprayers smust be fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back. Only wiper applicators or shielded sprayers capable of preventing all contact of this product with the crop may be used. Dury MD TECHNIOUES\* section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transplanting.

### Middles (between rows)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers growing between rows of tree, vine and shrub crops listed on this label. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced weed control could result if weeds have been recently mowed at the time of application.

TANK MIXTURES: A tank mixture of this product plus Goal 2XL (EPA Reg. No. 62719-424; *oxyfuorfen*) may be applied for annual weed control between rows (middles) of a variety of tree, vine and shrub crops when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. Application of 10 to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre plus an appropriate rate of Goal 2XL will control annual weeds with a maximum height or length of 6 inches; including crabgrass, common groundsel, junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherd's-purse, annual sowthistle, filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail, stinging nettle and common purslane (suppression). This tank-mix will also control common cheeseweed (maNa) or hairy fleabane with a maximum height or length of 3 inches.

This product may also be applied to row middles in tank mixtures with the following products.

2,4-D; bromacil; clethodim; diuron; fluazifop-p-butyl; flumioxazin; glufosinate-ammonium; indaziflam; napropamide; norflurazon; oryzalin; oxyfluorfen; pendimethalin; penoxsulam; pyraflufen ethyl; rimsulfuron; saflufenacil; sethoxydim; thisopyr

Alion (EPA Reg. No. 264-1106; indaziflam); Rely 280 (EPA Reg. No. 264-829; glufosinate-ammonium)

Ensure that the product used is labeled for application within the crop being grown. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

### Strips (within rows)

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied within rows of tree, vine and shrub crops in tank mixtures with the following products.

2,4-D; bromacil; clethodim; diuron; fluazifop-P-butyl; flumioxazin; glufosinate-ammonium; indaziflam; napropamide; norflurazon; oyzalin; oxyfluorfen; pendimethalin; penoxsulam; pyraflufen ethyl; rimsulfuron; saflufenacil; sethoxydim; thiazopyr

Alion (EPA Reg. No. 264-1106; *indaziflam*); Rely 280 (EPA Reg. No. 264-829; *glufosinate-ammonium*)

Ensure that the product used is labeled for application within the crop being grown. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

### Perennial Grass Suppression

This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, bermudagrass, tall fescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in tree, vine and shrub crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Do not add ammonium sulfate to the spray mix.

For enhanced results, mow cool-season grass covers in the spring to even their height and then apply this product 3 to 4 days after mowing.

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per arce 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches prior to seedhead emergence. For suppression for up to 120 days, apply 2.5 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 1.25 to 2.5 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than two applications per year.

For burndown of bermudagrass, apply 20 to 40 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Make this application only if reduction of the bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is needed prior to harvest, make the application a minimum of 21 days prior to harvest to allow sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of bermudagrass, apply 4 to 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains and 10 fluid ounces west of the Rocky Mountains in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the bermudagrass is mowed prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when re-growth occurs and bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, apply 4 to 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

### **Cut Stump Application**

Application of this product to a freshly cut tree stump may be made during site preparation or site renovation to control re-growth and re-sprouting of stumps of many tree species, some of which are listed below.

<u>Citrus Trees</u>: Calamondin; Chironja; Citron; Citrus hybrids; Grapefruit; Kumquat; Lemon; Lime; Mandarin (tangerine); Orange (all); Pummelo; Tangelo (ugli); Tangor

<u>Fruit Trees</u>: Apple; Apricot; Cherry (sweet, sour); Crabapple; Loquat; Mayhaw; Nectarine; Olive; Peach; Pear; Plum/Prune (all); Quince

<u>Nut Trees</u>: Almond; Beechnut; Brazil nut; Butternut; Cashew; Chestnut; Chinquapin; Filbert (hazelnut); Hickory nut; Macadamia; Pecan; Pistachio; Walnut (black, English)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Cut the tree close to the soil surface and immediately apply a 50- to 100-percent (undiluted) solution of this product to the freshly cut surface using application equipment capable of covering the entire cambium. A delay in application could result in reduced performance. For enhanced results, cut the tree during period of active growth and full leaf expansion and apply this product.

PRECAUTIONS: DO NOT MAKE A CUT STUMP APPLICATION WHEN THE ROOTS OF ADJACENT DESIRABLE TREES MIGHT BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP, AS INJURY COULD OCCUR IN THE ADJACENT TREES. Some sprouts, stems or trees can share a common root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing could be an indicator of a shared root system. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to adjacent stems or trees when this product is applied to one or more trees sharing a common root system.

# **10**.1 Berry and Small Fruit Crops

LABELED CROPS: All cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of Amur River grape; Aronia berry: Bayberry; Belaberry; Bilberry; Blackberry (including Andean blackberry, arcic blackberry, bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, brombeere, California blackberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, common blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thomless berry, evergreen blackberry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, lavacaberry, loganberry, lowberry, Lucretiaberry, mammoth blackberry, marionberry, mora, mures de ronce, nectarberry, Northern dewberry, olalileberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, Southern dewberry, dayberry, youngberry, zarzamora); Blueberry (highbush, lowbush); Buffaloberry; Che, Chilean guava; Chokecherry; Cloudberry; Cranberry (including highbush); Currant (black, Buffaled, native); Elderberry: Luropean barberry; Goseberry; Grape; Honeysuckle (edible); Huckleberry; Justaberry; Juneberry (Saskaton berry); Kiwifruit (fuzzy, hardy); Ligonberry; Maypop; Mountain peper berries; Mulberry; Muntries; Partridgeberry; Phalsa; Pincherry; Raspberry (black, terd, wiid); Riberry; Salal; Schisandra berry; Sea buckthom; Serviceberry; Strawberry

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

PRECAUTIONS: To avoid damage, spray solutions of this product must not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes or foliage. In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, apply this product in grape vineyards prior to the end of the bloom stage in order to avoid crop injury, or apply using a shielded sprayer or wiper applicator. USE THIS PRODUCT WITH EXTREME CARE AROUND RASPBERRY, AS SERIOUS CROP DAMAGE CAN OCCUR IF ANY PART OF THE VINE COMES INTO CONTACT WITH THIS PRODUCT. To the extent consistent with applicable law, grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses resulting from misapplication of this product.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between application of this product and transplanting. Allow a minimum of 30 days between application and harvest of cranberries or the planting of any crop not listed on this label. Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest for all other berry and small fruit crops listed here. Do not apply this product using selective equipment in kiwifruit.

### Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Spot treatment application using a handheld sprayer or other appropriate application equipment listed in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label may be used to control weeds in berry and small finit crops listed in this section.

For control of weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas, drop water level to remove standing water in ditches and apply a 1 - to 2-percent solution of this product with a handheld sprayer to adequately wet the vegetation only; do not spray to the point of runoff. To achieve maximum weed control in dry ditches, apply this product within 1 day after water drawdown to ensure application to actively growing weeds and allow a minimum of 2 days after application before reintroduction of water.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 30 days between spot treatment application and harvest of cranberries. Do not apply directly to water. Use nozzles that produce medium- to large-sized droplets to minimize spray drift and avoid crop injury.

### Post-Harvest Application in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after the harvest of berries and small fruits listed in this section. In cranberry bogs, apply this product after cranberry urises are dormant (after they have turned red) using a handheld sprayer, wiper applicator, or any other appropriate application equipment listed in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNUQUES" section of this label. With a handheld sprayer, apply a 0.3- to 0.6-percent solution of this product to adequately wet the vegetation only; do not spray to the point of rundff. With a handheld boom sprayer, apply 40 to 80 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS: Even though vines appear dormant, contact of this product with desirable vegetation could result in damage or severe plant injury. Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed could be killed.

RESTRICTIONS: Apply this product only after cranberries have been harvested. Do not apply to more than 10 percent of the total bog, Allow a minimum of 6 months between post-harvest application and the next harvest of cranberries. Do not apply using aerial application equipment. Do not apply directly to water.

# 10.2 Citrus Fruit Crops

LABELED CROPS: All cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of Calamondin; Chironja; Citron; Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit (including Japanese summer); Kumquat; Lemon; Lime (including Australian desert lime, Australian finger lime, Australian round lime, Brown river finger lime, Mount white, New Guinea wild, Russell river, sweet, and Tahiti): Mandarin (including Mediterranean, Satsuma); Orange (all); Pummelo; Tangelo; Tangerine (Mandarin); Tangor; Uniq Fruit (ugli)

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

USE INSTRUCTIONS: The following use instructions pertain to application in Florida and Texas only.

For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply this product at the specified rate in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

To control goatweed, apply 40 to 60 fluid ounces of this product in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Apply 40 fluid ounces per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 60 fluid ounces per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the use of this product in a tank mixture with Krovar I DF (EPA Reg. No. 5481-635; *bramacil, diuron*) or Karmex DF (EPA Reg. No. 66222-51; *diuron*) could improve weed control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific cross, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

	Level of Perennial Weed Control at Various Application Rates (amount of this product per acre)			
Weed Species	20 fl oz	40 fl oz	1.9 quarts	3.1 quarts
Bermudagrass	В	_	PC	С
Guinea grass Texas and Florida Ridge Florida Flatwoods	В	C B	C C	C C
Para grass	В	С	С	С
Torpedograss	S	_	PC	С

S = Suppression, PC = Partial Control, B = Burndown, C = Control

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between application and harvest in citrus fruit crops. For citron groves, apply as directed spray only.

# 10.3 Pome Fruit Crops

LABELED CROPS: All cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of Apple; Azarole; Crabapple; Loquat; Mayhaw; Medlar; Pear (including Asian pear); Quince (including Chinese and Japanese quince); Tejocote

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between application and harvest of pome fruit.

# 10.4 Stone Fruit Crops

LABELED CROPS: Apricot; Cherry (sweet, tart); Nectarine; Olive; Peach; Plum/ Prune (all types); Plumcot

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

PRECAUTIONS: Avoid application near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for a minimum of 2 years. ENSURE THAT NO PART OF A PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED WITH OVERSPRAY OR DRIFT OF THIS PRODUCT.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 17 days between application and harvest of stone fruit. In olive groves, apply as a directed spray only. Remove suckers and low-hanging limbs a minimum of 10 days prior to application.

# 10.5 Tree Nut Crops

LABELED CROPS: Almond; Beechnut; Betelnut; Brazil nut; Butternut; Cashew; Chestnut; Chinquapin; Coconut; Filbert (hazelnut); Hickory nut; Macadamia; Pecan; Pine nut; Pistachio; Walnut (black, English)

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and harvest of tree nuts, except coconut. Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of coconut.

# **10**.6 Tropical and Subtropical Trees and Fruit Crops

LABELED CROPS: Ambarella; Atemoya; Avocado; Banana; Barbados cherry (acerola); Biriba; Birmbe; Breadfruit; Cacao (cocoa) bean; Canistel; Carambola (starfruit); Cherimoya; Coffee; Custard apple; Dates; Durian; Fejiqa; Figs; Governor's plum; Guava; Ilama; Imbe; Imbu; Jaboticaba; Jackfruit; Longan; Lychee; Mamey apple; Mango; Mangosteen; Marmaladebox (genip); Mountain papaya; Noni (Indian mulberry); Papaya; Pawpaw; Plantain; Persimmon; Pomegranate; Pulasan; Rambutan; Rose apple; Sapodilla; Sapote (black, mamey, white); Spanish lime; Soursop; Star apple; Sugar apple; Surinam cherry; Tamanind; Fea; Ti; Wax jambu

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0 and as a Bananacide (banana only).

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between application and harvest in banana, coffee, guava, papaya, and plantain crops. Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of all other tropical or subtropical tree fruit listed here. In coffee and banana, delay application a minimum of 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.

### Bananacide (Banana Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to destroy banana plants infected with the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, as well as non-infected banana plants, in order to estabilish a disease-free buffer around a plantation. Remove all fruit from the plants within the area prior to treatment. Inject 0.04 fluid ounce (1 milliliter) of this concentrated product (undiluted) for every 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter of the banana plant to be controlled. Make the injection at least one foot above the ground, except for very small plants, which can be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent re-growth must also be destroyed. Mechanically destroy all plants and mats (or units) within a 4-foot radius around a treated mat.

For control of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or units). An infected plant might not show symptoms of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus for up to 125 days; therefore, it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 0.5 fluid ounce (15 millifiers) of this product per mat (or unit). Do not harvest any fruit or plant material from treated mats (or units) following injection. Do not allow livestock to consume treated plant material. Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for a minimum of 3 months before applying this product for weed control.

# 10.7 Vine Crops

LABELED CROPS: Hops; Passion fruit

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply this product for weed control only when green shoots, canes or foliage are not in the spray zone.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of these vine crops.

# 10.8 Miscellaneous Tree Food Crops

LABELED CROPS: Cactus (all, including prickly pear and dragon fruit); Palm TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

# 10.9 Non-Food Tree Crops

LABELED CROPS: Pine; Poplar; Eucalyptus; Christmas trees; all other non-food tree crops

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

PRECAUTIONS: Avoid contact of spray, drift or mist of this product with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees and other pine trees. Desirable plants can be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings of impermeable materials.

RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply this product as a broadcast application over the top of plantations or tree crops.

### Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used for weed control prior to planting non-food tree crops.

PRECAUTIONS: Protect non-target plants from being sprayed with this product during site preparation application.

### Directed Spray, Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a post-directed spray or spot treatment, or applied using a wiper applicator, around established Christmas trees, eucalyptus, poplar, and all other non-food tree crops.

# 11.0 PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELAND

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the "XNNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates of this product for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control those annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds listed. Application rates specified on this label for hard-to-control weeds, or those specified on separate supplemental labeling for this product, supersede rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND UNES RATE SECTION" of this label. Additional information on hard-to-control weeds can be found on Fact Sheets published for this product.

# 11.1 Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Forage Legumes

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa; Clover; Kenaf; Kudzu; Lespedeza; Leucaena; Lupin; Sainfoin; Trefoil; Velvet bean; Vetch (all types)

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Spot Treatment; Wiper Applicator; Preharvest (except kenaf and leucaena); Stand Removal

For directions for use with alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology, see the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed in this section, but prior to crop emergence.

RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application.

### Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or over the top of crops listed in this section using a wiper applicator. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label. Application may be repeated in the same area at 30-day intervals.

RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and use with a wiper applicator, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait a minimum of 3 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting. Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area at any one time.

### Weed Control in Dormant Alfalfa

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress many weeds, including quackgrass, downy brome and cheatgrass in dormant alfalfa. Apply 5 to 8 fluid ounces of this product per acre in the spring when alfalfa is dormant, after spring temperatures have warmed enough to encourage weed growth, but prior to initiation of trifoliate leaf expansion of the alfalfa crop. Application made after expansion of the first trifoliate leaf will cause growth reduction and reduced crop yield.

PRECAUTIONS: Improper application of this product to alfalfa can cause crop injury. Do not use this product on dormant alfalfa if a slight yield reduction in the first cutting cannot be tolerated. Slight discoloration of the alfalfa crop could occur, but will re-green and resume growth under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not add ammonium sulfate to spray solutions of this product for application to dormant alfalfa. Do not make more than one application per year. Allow a minimum of 36 hours after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

### Preharvest (Except Kenaf and Leucaena), Stand Removal

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a broadcast application prior to harvest (except in kenaf and leucaena) in declining stands or in any stand where severe crop injury or destruction is acceptable, or to remove an established stand of any forage legumes listed in this section. Application may be made at any time of the year to control annual and perennial weeds, including quackgrass. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late-summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Application for quackgrass control must be followed by deep tillage for complete control. If the crop is to be harvested or grazed by livestock, up to 40 fluid ounces per acre in all other legumes listed in this section. For complete removal of established stands of clover, it might be necessary to use a higher application rate, as listed in the "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

PRECAUTIONS: This application can destroy an alfalfa stand and severely injure or destroy other legume crops listed, such as clover. Preharvest application on alfalfa grown for seed could result in a reduction in germination or vigor. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the preharvest use of this product on alfalfa grown for seed.

RESTRICTIONS: Make only one application to an existing crop stand per year. Remove domestic livestock before application. Foliage within the application area can be harvested and fed to livestock according to the application rates and intervals defined in the following table. If applying at a rate greater than those listed here, do not harvest foliage for livestock feed or allow livestock to graze within the application area.

Сгор	Maximum Single Preharvest Application Rate (per acre)	Minimum Interval Between Application and Harvest or Livestock Grazing
Alfalfa	40 fluid ounces	36 hours
All other legumes listed	30 fluid ounces	3 days

Crops listed on this label may be planted into the application area at any time; all other crops may be planted 30 days after application.

# 11.2 Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses; Wiper Applicator; Renovation (rotating out of CRP); Site Preparation

### Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applicator

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply this product to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation on CRP land. Application may be made using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds, or as a broadcast application or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective weed control using broadcast application equipment, apply 4 to 8 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early-spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late-fall application may be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy. PRECAUTIONS: Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast application is made when plants are not dormant.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 1.9 quarts of this product per acre per year onto CRP land. No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed.

### Renovation (Rotating Out of CRP), Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, State or local use guides for CRP renovation information.

RESTRICTIONS: Crops listed on this label may be planted into the area at any time; all other crops may be planted 30 days after application.

# 11.3 Grass Seed and Sod Production

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (*Gramineae* family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed in the "CEREAL AND GRAIN CROPS" section of this label

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Renovation; Removal of Established Stands; Site Preparation; Shielded Sprayer; Wiper Applicator; Spot Treatment; Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Renovation, Removal of Established Stand, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product controls most existing vegetation for purposes of renovating turf or forage grass seed production areas, or for establishing turfgrass grown for sod. This product may be used to destroy undesirable grass vegetation when production fields are converted to alternate species or crops. Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before application and delay tillage or renovation techniques, including vertical mowing, coring and slicing, for a minimum of 7 days after application to allow for herbicide translocation into underground plant parts.

Apply before, during, or after planting, or for renovation purposes. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed furfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the herbicide spray. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting until determining if any re-growth of underground plant parts will occur. Where repeat applications are necessary, sufficient re-growth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as bermudagrass, summer or fall application for warm-season grasses, such as bermudagrass, summer or fall application provides enhanced control. Broadcast application of this product may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. Application rates of up to 3.1 quarts per acre may be used to totaly remove an established stand of hard-to-kill grass species.

RESTRICTIONS: If application rate is 1.9 quarts of this product per acre or less, no waiting period between application and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 1.9 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting. Crops listed on this label may be planted into the area at any time, all other crops may be planted 30 days after application.

### Shielded Sprayer

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 20 to 60 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre using a shielded sprayer to control weeds between grass seed rows. Uniform planting in straight rows will aid shielded sprayer application. Enhanced results can be obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by the protective shields. See additional instructions on the use of shielded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS: Any contact of this product on any vegetation to which application is not intended could cause damage.

### Wiper Applicator

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of desirable grasses using a wiper applicator for the control of tall weeds. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNOUES" section of this label. PRECAUTIONS: Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation could result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

### Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply a 0.9-percent solution of this product using a handheld sprayer to control weeds within established vegetation prior to heading of grasses grown for seed or to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

PRECAUTIONS: This product will kill the desirable grasses along with the weeds. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

### **Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use low-pressure nozzles or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band. Set nozzle height to establish the desired row spacing and apply 10 to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made before ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height. Use a higher application rate within this range when ryegrass is greater than 6 inches in height.

PRECAUTIONS: Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction. To the extent consistent with applicable law, grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses resulting from misapplication of this product.

# 11.4 Pastures

LABELED CROPS: Bahiagrass; Bermudagrass; Bluegrass; Brome; Fescue; Guinea grass; Kikuyu grass; Orchardgrass; Pangola grass; Ryegrass; Timothy; Wheatgrass and any grass (*Gramineae* family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed in the "CEREAL AND GRAIN CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; Preemergence; Pasture Renovation; Spot Treatment; Wiper Applicator; Postemergence Weed Control (broadcast application)

### Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. This product may also be applied to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting.

RESTRICTIONS: If application rates total 1.9 quarts of this product per acre or less, no waiting period between application and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 1.9 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting. Crops listed on this label may be planted into the area at any time; all other crops may be planted 30 days after application.

### Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in pastures as a spot treatment or over the top of desirable grasses using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds. To achieve maximum performance, remove domestic livestock before application and wait a minimum of 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting for feed. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment or use with a wiper applicator at rates of 1.9 quarts per acre or less, this product may be applied over the entire pasture or any portion of it. At rates above 1.9 quarts per acre, this product may be applied over no more than 10 percent of the total pasture at any one time. Application may be repeated in the same area at 30-day intervals.

### Postemergence Weed Control (Broadcast Application)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to pastures to suppress competitive growth and seed production of annual weeds and other undesirable vegetation. For selective weed control using broadcast application equipment, apply 8 to 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early-spring before desirable perennial grasses break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late-fall application may be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS: Some stunting of perennial grasses will occur if broadcast application is made when plants are not dormant. Higher application rates may be used for hard-to-control weeds; however, higher rates will cause stand reduction.

RESTRICTIONS: No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed. Do not apply more than 1.9 quarts of this product per acre per year onto pasture grasses except for renovation use as described on this label. If replanting is needed due to severe stand reduction, wait a minimum of 30 days after application before planting any crop not listed on this label.

# 11.5 Rangeland

### TYPES OF APPLICATION: Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool- and warm-season grass rangeland. Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses could occur, but will re-green and resume growing under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Preventing seed production is critical to the control of invasive annual grassy weeds on rangeland. Yearly application of this product can be used to eliminate viable weed seeds in the soil after they germinate. Delay grazing of the area after application to allow desirable perennials to grow, flower and re-seed the area.

Apply 8 to 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre to control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheatgrass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass on rangeland. Apply when most mature brome plants are in early-flower and before the plants, including seedheads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur after spring rains further depletes the seed reserve and encourages perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Apply this product in the fall in areas where spring moisture is normally limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth and weed seed depletion.

For control of medusahead, apply 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying application beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Controlled burning prior to application can be useful in eliminating the thatch layer produced by slow decaying culms. Allow new growth to occur before applying this product after a burn. Yearly application of this product is necessary to eliminate the seedbank and allow desirable perennial grasses to re-establish in medusahead-dominated rangeland.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 1.9 quarts of this product per acre per year on rangeland. Do not add ammonium sulfate to the spray mixture when applying this product on rangeland grasses. No waiting period between application and feeding or livestock grazing is required.

# 12.0 ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS

ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER USTED GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS CONTAIN PATENTED GENES THAT PROVIDE TOLERANCE TO GLYPHOSATE, THE ACTIVE INGREDIENT INTIS PRODUCT. THIS PRODUCT WILL CAUSE SEVERE CROP INUIRY OR DESTRUCTION AND YELD LOSS IF APPLIED TO CROPS THAT ARE NOT GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT OR THAT ARE NOT SPECIFICALLY LISTED AND LABELED BELOW. AVOID CONTACT OF THIS PRODUCT WITH FOLLAGE, GREEN STEMS, OR FRUIT OF CROPS OR ANY DESIRABLE PLANTS THAT DO NOT CONTAIN A GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANC GENE, AS SEVERE PLANT INJURY OR DESTRUCTION WILL RESULL Information on Roundup Ready crops can be obtained from your seed supplier or Bayer CropScience LP representative. For information on other brands of glyphosate tolerant crops, contact the appropriate company representative. Roundup Ready crops must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

The directions for use in the sections that follow, or those published separately on supplemental labeling for this product, include all applications of this product that may be made onto a specified Roundup Ready or other glyphosate tolerant crop during the complete cropping season. D0 N0T combine these directions for use with the directions for use with the same crops listed in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS" and "PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELAND" sections of this label, which are intended for crops that do not contain a glyphosate-tolerance gene.

NOTE: For the list of patents, covering Roundup Ready seed, please go to www. monsantotechnology.com. A license to use Roundup Ready seed must be obtained prior to planting. Bayer CropScience IP retains ownership of the gene and process technologies, and the Purchaser of the seed receives the right to use the licensed genes and technologies subject to the limited use license conditions. Seed containing a Roundup Ready trait cannot be used for research and demonstration, reverse engineering or in connection with herbicide registration. Progry seed to others for replanting. Contact your Authorized Bayer CropScience LP Retailer for information on obtaining a limited use license.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control the annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds listed. Observe the maximum application rates and crop stage timings specified for individual Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate loterant crops in the sections that follow.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before being used to apply this product over the top of Roundup Ready or other listed glybhosate beforeant crops. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

ATTENTION: AVOID DRIFT. USE EXTREME CARE WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS THAT DO NOT CONTAIN A GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANCE GENE.

<u>Ground broadcast application</u> – Apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre, unless otherwise directed. Select proper nozzles and spray pressure settings to avoid generating a fine mist. For enhanced results with ground application equipment, use flat-fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

Aerial application – Unless otherwise prohibited, all applications of this product described in this section may be made using aerial application equipment, where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this label and on all supplemental labeling published separately for this product. Apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for important information on aerial application and procedures for avoiding spray drift that could cause injury to any vegetation not intended for application. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

### See the "MIXING" and "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" sections of this label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.

TANK MXTURES: Tank mixtures of this product with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers could result in reduced weed control or crop injury when applied over the top of Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. Read the label of all products used in the tank mixture prior to use to determine the potential for crop injury. Always read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use all products according to rates and timing specified on the product label. Always predetermine the compatibility of tank-mix product together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Bayer CropScience LP has not tested this product with all tank-mix product formulations for compatibility, antagonism or performance. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this label for more information on tank mixtures. Unless otherwise directed, nonionic surfactant may be added to the spray solution for application to Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. The addition of certain surfactants to a spray solution of this product could result in some crop response including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis due to the surfactant. Refer to the individual Roundup Ready or other listed glyphosate tolerant crop sections that follow, or to separate supplemental labeling, for additional precautions or restrictions on the use of surfactants. Refer to the "MXING" section of this label for additional information on the use of surfactants with this product.

Ammonium sulfate may be added to spray solutions of this product for application to Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. Refer to the "MIXING" section of this label for instructions on the use of ammonium sulfate.

The following use directions are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, apply this product as a preplant burndown application to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morning glory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed with multiple gernination times, or suppressed (stunted) weeds, might need a second application of this product for complete control. Make second application after some re-growth has occurred and a minimum of 10 days after a previous application of this product.

Application rates of this product specified on this label for hard-to-control weeds, or those specified on separate supplemental labeling for this product, supersede rates in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label. Additional information on hard-tocontrol weeds can be found on Fact Sheets published for this product.

RESTRICTIONS: Observe the maximum application rates stated throughout this label. Maximum application rates apply to the use of this product combined with the use of any and all other heribidise containing glyhosate, whether applied separately or as mixtures. Calculate the application rates (glyphosate acid equivalents) and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate-containing products does not exceed the stated maximum rate. See the "RODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates. When applying this product as a tank mixture with one or more products, refer to each individual tank-mix product label for restrictions and apply the tank mixture in accordance with the most restrictive statements for each product in the tank.

# 12.1 Alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to alfalfa containing events J101 and J163 (which includes Alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology).

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates of this product.

Maximum Application Rates				
Combined total per year for all applications, including Preplant during year of establishment	5 quarts per acre			
Preplant, At-planting and Preemergence single application	per acre			
Combined total per year for In-crop applications on newly established and established stands				

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology (in-crop) from emergence until 5 days prior to cutting. To maximize crop yield and quality potential of the forage and hay, apply this product after weeds have emerged, but before alfalfa growth or re-growth interferes with spray coverage of the target weeds.

Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control the annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds listed. This product will also suppress or control the parasitic weed dodder (*Ouscuta* spp.) in alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology. More than one application might be necessary for complete control.

PRECAUTIONS: Freezing or near freezing conditions, or large temperature swings, within 5 days after application of this product to alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology could result in a limited, temporary crop response.

New Stand Establishment (Seeding Year) – Due to the biology and breeding constraints of alfalfa, up to 10 percent of the seedlings might not contain a Roundup Ready gene and will not survive after the first application of this product. To eliminate the undesirable effects of stand gaps created by this loss of plants, make a single application of at least 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre at or before the 4-trifoliate growth stage. Refer to the following table for application rates during stand establishment (seeding year).

NEW STAND ESTABLISHMENT (Seeding Year) Application Rates			
Prior to First Cutting			
From emergence up to 4 trifoliate leaves	20 to 40 fluid ounces per acre		
From 5 trifoliate leaves up to 5 days before <i>first</i> cutting	Up to 40 fluid ounces per acre		
After First Cutting			
In-crop application, per cutting, up to 5 days before cutting	Up to 40 fluid ounces per acre		

TANK MIXTURES: Up to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology in the seeding year in a tank-mix with the following products after weeds have emerged, but before alfalfa growth or re-growth interferes with spray coverage of the target weeds. Ensure that the product used in the tank-mix is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to alfalfa. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clethodim; imazamox; imazethapyr; sethoxydim; quizalofop-p-ethyl Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor)

Established Stands (Non-seeding Year) – Refer to the following table for directions and application rates for in-crop application to established stands of alfalfa (non-seeding year).

ESTABLISHED STANDS (Non-seeding Year) Application Rates	
In-crop application, per cutting, up to 5 days before cutting	Up to 40 fluid ounces per acre

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of established stands of alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology in tank mixtures described below according to the growing condition of the crop. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (incrop) to alfalfa. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

Actively growing alfalfa: For control of emerged annual grasses and broadleaf weeds when alfalfa is actively growing, this product may be applied at up to 40 fluid ounces per acre in a tank mixture with the following herbicides. acetochlor; clethodim; imazamox; imazethapyr; sethoxydim; quizalofop-p-ethyl Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor)

**Dormant Alfalfa:** For control of emerged annual grasses and broadleaf weeds when alfalfa is dormant, this product may be applied at up to 40 fluid ounces per acre in a tank mixture with the following herbicides when daily temperatures remain above freezing.

imazamox; imazethapyr; metribuzin; pronamide; propyzamide

PRECAUTIONS: Where alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology is grown with a companion or cover crop, or is over-seeded with a second species, in-crop (over-the-top) application of this product will eliminate the non-Roundup Ready (non-glyphosate-tolerant) species.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not exceed 40 fluid ounces per acre for any single incrop application of this product. Sequential applications of this product must be a minimum of 7 days apart. The combined total per year for all in-crop applications in both newly established (seeding year) and established stands (non-seeding year) must not exceed 124 fluid ounces per acre. Do not apply to frozen or snow covered ground. Remove domestic livestock before application. Wait a minimum of 5 days after application before grazing, or cutting or feeding of forage and hay.

# 12.2 Canola with Roundup Ready Technology (Spring Varieties)

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to canola containing Event RT73 (which includes Canola with Roundup Ready Technology).

For directions for use of this product on Canola with TruFlex Technology, refer to that section of this label. D0 N0T combine these directions for use on canola with Roundup Ready Technology with the directions for use on canola with TruFlex Technology.

Spring canola with Roundup Ready Technology is defined as those canola varieties with Roundup Ready Technology that are seeded in the spring and harvested in the fall and do not enter a winter dormancy period.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Postemergence (In-crop) in Hybrid Seed Production Only

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates for this product with spring varieties of canola with Roundup Ready Technology.

Maximum Application Rates	
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	40 fluid ounces per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence to 6-leaf stage	20 fluid ounces per acre

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Apolication Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting spring canola with Roundup Ready Technology.

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 40 fluid ounces per acre per season.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence (in-crop) to spring varieties of canola with Roundup Ready Technology from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development, unless otherwise directed. Application made during botting or flowering could result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early. <u>Single Application</u> – Apply 10 to 15 fluid ounces of this product per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications as this could result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and/or growth reduction. Similar crop injury could result when more than 10 fluid ounces per acre is apolied after the 4-leaf stage.

Sequential Application – Apply 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre to 1- to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential application works better for control of early emerging annual and perennial weeds, such as Canada thistle and quackgrass, or whenever more than one application is needed for adequate weed control.

RESTRICTIONS: No more than two in-crop (over-the-top) broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development and the total in-crop application must not exceed 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between application and canola harvest.

### Postemergence (In-crop) in Hybrid Seed Production Only

THIS POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION IS FOR USE ONLY IN HYBRID CANOLA SEED PRODUCTION OF BOTH SPRING AND WINTER VARIETIES. DO NOT MAKE THIS APPLICATION ON CANOLA GROWN FOR FOOD OR FEED.

This product may be applied at a rate of between 10 and 20 fluid ounces per acre from emergence until pollination is complete or near completion for the control of non-glyphosate-tolerant canalo pollen parental line(s) in hybrid canola seed production fields containing both canola with Roundup Ready Technology line(s) and non-glyphosate tolerant line(s). Sequential applications may be made for the control of non-glyphosate-tolerant pollen parental lines up to a maximum total application rate of 20 fluid ounces per acre.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 5 days between sequential applications. Maximum total application rate of this product for ALL postemergence (in-crop) applications in hybrid canola seed production fields, including application for weed control and control of non-glyphosate-tolerant canola, is 20 fluid ounces per acre.

# 12.3 Canola with Roundup Ready Technology (Winter Varieties)

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to canola containing Event RT73 (which includes Canola with Roundup Ready Technology).

For directions for use of this product on canola with TruFlex Technology, refer to that section of this label. D0 N0T combine these directions for use on canola with Roundup Ready Technology with the directions for use on canola with TruFlex Technology.

Winter canola with Roundup Ready Technology is defined as those canola varieties with Roundup Ready Technology that are seeded in early-fall and harvested the following spring or summer. Winter canola varieties are intended to enter a cold period dormancy in the winter.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates of this product with winter varieties of canola with Roundup Ready Technology.

Maximum Application Rates	
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	40 fluid ounces per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence to canopy closure or prior to bolting in the spring	

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting winter canola with Roundup Ready Technology.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to winter varieties of canola with Roundup Ready Technology from emergence to canopy closure in the fall and prior to bolting in the spring. Application made during or after bolting could result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early.

Some weeds with multiple germination times, or suppressed (stunted) weeds, or weeds that have overwintered, might need a sequential application of this product for control. Make the second application after some re-growth has occurred and a minimum of 60 days after the initial application of this product.

Single Application — Apply 15 to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre in the fall when weeds are small and actively growing. Use a higher rate within this range when weed densities are high, when weeds have overwintered or when weeds become large and well established. Application of more than 15 fluid ounces per acre prior to the 6-leaf stage could result in reduced crop growth in the fall. Avoid spray overlaps as this could result in temporary yellowing and/or growth reduction.

Sequential Application – Apply 10 to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre to 2-leaf or larger canola in the fall, followed by a sequential application at the same rate and at a minimum interval of 60 days, but before bolting in the spring. Sequential application works best for control of early-emerging annual weeds and winter emerging weeds, such as downy brome, jointed goatgrass and ryegrass, and for weeds that have overwintered. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, a sequential application might be needed to reduce competition with the crop.

RESTRICTIONS: No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence up to the onset of bolting, and the total in-crop application must not exceed 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between application and harvest of canola grain. No waiting period is required between application and open grazing of livestock.

# 12.4 Canola with TruFlex Technology (Spring Varieties)

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to canola containing Event MON 88302 (which includes Canola with TruFlex Technology).

Spring canola with TruFlex Technology is defined as those varieties of canola with TruFlex Technology that are seeded in the spring and harvested in the fall and do not enter a period of winter dormancy.

The directions for use provided in this section are specific to and may only be used with varieties designated as canola with TruFlex Technology. Applications described on this label made over the top of canola that is not designated as canola with TruFlex Technology could cause serious crop injury and reduced yields. DO NOT combine these directions for use with those in the "Canola with Roundup Ready Technology" section of this label or with any other directions for use on canola on labeling for this or any other glyphosatecontaining product. Drift of this product from an application made to canola with TruFlex Technology onto adjacent fields of canola with Roundup Ready Technology could cause extensive crop injury.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Postemergence (In-crop) in Hybrid Seed Production Only

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates of this product with spring varieties of canola with TruFlex Technology.

Maximum Application Rates	
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through harvest	40 fluid ounces per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through the 6-leaf stage	40 fluid ounces per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from the 6-leaf stage through first-flower	20 fluid ounces per acre

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Anolication Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 3.1 quarts of this product may be applied before, during or after planting spring varieties of canola with TruFlex Technology.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence (in-crop) to spring varieties of canola with TruFlex Technology from emergence through the first-flower stage of development. To maximize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early.

For control of Canada thistle and morning glory, apply 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage of canola development. For control of wild buckwheat over 2 linches in size, make sequential applications of 20 fluid ounces followed by 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre. For control of other annual weeds, apply up to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage or up to 20 fluid ounces after the 6-leaf stage through first-flower.

RESTRICTIONS: No more than two in-crop (over-the-top) broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the first-flower stage of canola development and the total in-crop application must not exceed 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre. No more than 20 fluid ounces of this product may be applied in-crop after the 6-leaf stage.

### Postemergence (In-crop) in Hybrid Seed Production Only

THIS POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION IS FOR USE ONLY IN HYBRID CANOLA SEED PRODUCTION OF BOTH SPRING AND WINTER VARIETIES. DO NOT MAKE THIS APPLICATION ON CANOLA GROWN FOR FOOD OR FEED.

This product may be applied at a rate of between 10 and 20 fluid ounces per acre from emergence until pollination is complete or near completion for the control of non-glyphosate-tolerant canala pollen parental line(s) in hybrid canala seed production fields containing both canola with Roundup Ready Technology line(s) and non-glyphosate-tolerant line(s). Sequential applications may be made for the control of non-glyphosate-tolerant pollen parental lines up to a maximum total application rate of 20 fluid ounces per acre.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 5 days between sequential applications. Maximum total application rate of this product for ALL postemergence (in-crop) applications in hybrid canola seed production fields, including application for weed control and control of non-glyphosate-tolerant canola, is 20 fluid ounces per acre.

# 12.5 Field Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to field corn hybrids containing Event NK603, MON 88017 or MON 87411 (which includes Field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology).

Field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology include Roundup Ready Corn 2 and field corn seed products displaying the Roundup Ready 2 Technology logo.

The directions for use in this section refer only to FIELD CORN hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology. For directions for use on SWEET CORN hybrids that contain Roundup Ready 2 Technology, see the "Sweet Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Spot Treatment; Preharvest; Post-Harvest; Postemergence (In-crop) for Tassel Control in Roundup Hybridization Systems Only

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre
Maximum single In-crop application rate up to 48-inch corn	30 fluid ounces per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through 48-inch corn	60 fluid ounces per acre
Maximum Preharvest application rate after maximum kernel fill is complete and the crop is physiologically mature (black layer formation) until 7 days before harvest*	20 fluid ounces per acre

\*See RESTRICTIONS section for Preharvest application

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

PRECAUTIONS: The use of the in-crop (over-the-top) rates described in this section on other than field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology could cause crop injury and reduced yields.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water, or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution, per acre. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of field corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

2,4-D; acetochlor; atrazine; bicyclopyrone; carfentrazone-ethyi; clopyralid; dicamba; diflufenzopy; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-P; flufenacet; flumesluam; flumiclorac pentyl seter; fluthiacet-methyl; isoxaflutole; linuron; mesotrione; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; rimsulfuron; saflufenacil; tembotrione; thiencarbazone-methyl

Axiom DF (EPA Reg. No. 264-766; metribuzin, flufenacef); Balance Flexx (EPA Reg. No. 264-1067; koxaflutde); Gapreno (EPA Reg. No. 264-1063; tembotrione; thiencarbazone-methyl); Corvus (EPA Reg. No. 264-1066; isoxaflutole, thiencarbazone-methyl); Degree Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 524-511; acetochlor, atrazine); DiFlexx (EPA Reg. No. 264-1173; dicamba); DiFlexx DUO (EPA Reg. No. 264-1184; dicamba, tembotrione); Harness (EPA Reg. No. 524-473; acetochlor); Harness Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 524-480; acetochlor, atrazine); Harness MXX (EPA Reg. No. 524-485; acetochlor, atrazine); Harness MXX (EPA Reg. No. 524-636; acetochlor, resotrione); TripleFLXX (I (EPA Reg. No. 524-614; acetochlor, clopyraid, flumetsulam)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season. Application of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made a minimum of 7 days prior to planting corn.

**NOTE:** For maximum weed control, make a postemergence (in-crop) application of this product following the use of a preemergence residual product listed above.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mix over the top of field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars), or uniti corn plant height reaches 30 inches (freestanding), whichever comes first, unless otherwise directed. Use drop nozzles for optimum spray coverage and weed control when corn plant height is 24 to 30 inches. When corn plants are 30 to 48 inches tall (freestanding), aphy this product using **anly** ground application equipment fitted with drop nozzles aligned to avoid spraying into the whorls of the corn plants. Maximum single in-crop application rate of this product up to 48-inch field corn is 30 fluid ounces per acre. Total in-crop application of this product from corn plant emergence through 48 inches in height must not exceed 60 fluid ounces per acre.

When applied as directed, this product will control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. Make a postemergence application of 15 to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre before weeds exceed 4 inches in height (before they become competitive with the crop). Repeat this application before new flushes of weeds exceed 4 inches in height.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to field corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

2,4-D; acetochlor; atrazine; bicyclopyrone; carfentrazone-ethyl; clopyralid; dicamba; diffuferzopyr; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; halosulfuron-methyl; isoxaflutole; mesotrione; nicosulfuron; rimsulfuron; tembotrione; thierachazone-methyl; thifensulfuron methyl: topramezone

Capreno (EPA Reg. No. 264-1063; tembotrione, thiencarbazone-methyl); Corrus (EPA Reg. No. 264-1066; isoxaflutole, thiencarbazone-methyl); Degree Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 254-511; acetocholn; artaine); DiFlexX (EPA Reg. No. 264-1173; dicamba); DiFlexX DUO (EPA Reg. No. 264-1184; dicamba, tembotrione); Harness (EPA Reg. No. 524-473; acetocholo; Harness MAX (EPA Reg. No. 524-636; acetocholo, mesotrione); Harness Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 524-480; acetocholo, atrazine); Harness Xtra 5.6L (EPA Reg. No. 524-480; acetocholo, atrazine); Harness Xtra 5.6L (EPA Reg. No. 524-481; acetocholo, atrazine); Laudis (EPA Reg. No. 264-800; tembotrione); TripleFLEX II (EPA Reg. No. 524-514; acetocholor) (obyralid; fiumetsulam); Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-514; acetocholor)

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage or grain.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest when kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed) and grain moisture is 35 percent or less.

RESTRICTIONS: A preharvest application may be made only if the combined total of previously applied over-the-top or drop nozzle applications does not exceed 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of corn stover or grain.

### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after crop harvest. Higher rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tark mixtures with 2,4–0 or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for postharvest application in field corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or the feeding of vegetation within the application area. Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# Postemergence (In-crop) for Tassel Control in Roundup Hybridization Systems Only

THIS APPLICATION IS FOR USE ONLY IN SEED PRODUCTION OF CORN HYBRIDS USING THE ROUNDUP HYBRIDIZATION SYSTEM (RHS). DO NOT MAKE THIS APPLICATION ON CORN GROWN FOR FOOD OR FEED.

The RHS designation indicates that the corn contains Bayer CropScience LP proprietary gene technology that allows for tassel-only susceptibility to this product. Use of this product on corn hybrids or inbreds that are not designated as RHS or as corn containing Roundup Ready 2 Technology could result in severe crop injury and yield loss. USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied at rates of between 10 and 30 fluid ounces per acre as an over-the-top broadcast application for tassel control in RHS-based seed corn production fields from the V8 stage until either the V13 stage or 100 GDU (Growing Degree Units) before flowering.

RESTRICTIONS: Make no more than two applications of this product for tassel control. The maximum total application rate of this product for tassel control is 60 fluid ounces. The maximum combined total amount of this product that may be applied per year for both weed control and tassel control is 5 quarts per arce.

# 12.6 Sweet Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to sweet corn hybrids containing Event MON 88017 (which includes Sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology).

The directions for use in this section refer only to SWEET CORN hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology. For directions for use on FIELD CORN hybrids that contain Roundup Ready 2 Technology, see the "Field Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology.

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre
Maximum single In-crop application rate up to 48-inch sweet corn	40 fluid ounces per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through 48-inch sweet corn	124 fl oz per acre

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

PRECAUTIONS: The use of the in-crop (over-the-top) applications described in this section on other than sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology could cause crop injury and reduced yields.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the residual herbicide products listed below for maximum weed control. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of sweet corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or in 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

acetochlor; atrazine; bicylopyrone; carfentrazone-ethyl; dimethenamid-p; mesotrione; metolachlor; s-metolachlor

Degree Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 524-511; acetochlor, atrazine); Harness (EPA Reg. No. 524-473; acetochlor); Harness Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 524-480; acetochlor, atrazine); Harness Xtra 5.6L (EPA Reg. No. 524-485; acetochlor, atrazine)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply this product alone or in a tank mixture over the top of sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology from emergence through the VS stage (8 leaves with collars), or until sweet corn plant height reaches 30 inches (freestanding), whichever comes first. Use drop nozzles for optimum spray coverage and weed control when sweet corn plant height is 24 to 30 inches. When sweet corn plants are 30 to 48 inches tall (freestanding), apply this product using **only** ground application equipment fitted with drop nozzles aligned to avoid spraying into the whorls of the sweet corn plants. Avoid spraying if the crop has reached the reproductive stage. Maximum single in-crop application rate of this product up to 48-inch sweet corn emergence through 48 inches in height must not exceed 124 fluid ounces per acre per growing season.

When applied as directed, this product will control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. Apply 15 to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre before weeds exceed 4 inches in height or before they become competitive with the crop. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of 15 to 20 fluid ounces per acre may be made before weeds exceed 4 inches in height.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to sweet corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

atrazine; carfentrazone-ethyl; mesotrione; tembotrione; topramezone Laudis (EPA Reg. No. 264-860; *tembotrione*)

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Do not apply atrazine in a tank-mix with this product when sweet corn plants are greater than 12 inches tall. Allow a minimum of 30 days between application of this product and harvest of sweet corn forage or grain.

# 12.7 Field Corn Hybrids with Agrisure GT Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to field corn hybrids containing Event GA21 (which includes Field corn hybrids with Agrisure GT Technology).

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Spot Treatment; Preharvest; Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with field corn hybrids with Agrisure GT Technology

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre
Maximum single In-crop application rate up to 48-inch corn	20 fluid ounces per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through 48-inch corn	40 fluid ounces per acre
Maximum Preharvest application rate after maximum kernel fill is complete and the crop is physiologically mature (black layer formation) until 7 days before harvest*	20 fluid ounces per acre

\*See RESTRICTIONS section for Preharvest application

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

PRECAUTIONS: The use of the in-crop (over-the-top) rates described in this section on other than field corn hybrids with Agrisure GT Technology could cause crop injury and reduced yields.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting field corn hybrids with Agrisure GT Technology. TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water, or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution, per acre. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of field corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

2,4-D; acetochlor; atrazine; bicyclopyrone; carfentrazone-ethyl; clopyralid; dicamba; dlflufenzopyr; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-P; flufenacet; flumestuam; flumicolrac pentyl seter; fluthiacet-methyl; isoxaflutole; linuron; mesotrione; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; rimsulfuron; saflufenacil; tembotrione; thinecnabazon-methyl

Axiom DF (EPA Reg. No. 264-766; metribuzin, flufenacet); Balance Flexx (EPA Reg. No. 264-1067; isoxaflutole); Capreno (EPA Reg. No. 264-1063; tembotrione, thiencarbazone-methyl); Corvus (EPA Reg. No. 264-1066; isoxaflutole, thiencarbazone-methyl); Degree Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 264-1054; scatalitic, thiencarbazone-methyl); Degree Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 264-1054; DiFlexx DUO (EPA Reg. No. 264-1184; dicamba, tembotrione); Harness (EPA Reg. No. 524-473; acctochhol; Harness Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 524-480; acetochhor, atrazine); Harness Xtra 5.6L (EPA Reg. No. 524-485; acetochhor, atrazine); Harness MAX (EPA Reg. No. 524-636; acetochhor, mesotrione); TripleFLEX II (EPA Reg. No. 524-614; acetocholr, clopyralid, fiumetsulam)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season. Application of 2,4–D or dicamba must be made a minimum of 7 days prior to planting com.

**NOTE:** For maximum weed control, make a postemergence (in-crop) application of this product following the use of a preemergence residual product listed above.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mix over the top of field corn hybrids with Agrisure GT Technology from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars), or until corn plant height reaches 30 inches (freestanding), whichever comes first, unless otherwise directed. Maximum single in-crop application rate of this product is 20 fluid ounces per acre. Total in-crop application of this product from corn plant emergence through V8 stage or 30 inches in height must not exceed 40 fluid ounces per acre.

When applied as directed, this product will control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. Make a postemergence application of 15 to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre before weeds exceed 4 inches in height (before they become competitive with the crop). Repeat this application before new flushes of weeds exceed 4 inches in height.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (incrop) to field corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

### acetochlor; atrazine

Degree Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 524-511; acetochlor, atrazine); Harness (EPA Reg. No. 524-473; acetochlor); Harness Xtra (EPA Reg. No. 524-480; acetochlor, atrazine); Harness Xtra 5.61 (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor); acetochlor, atrazine); Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor)

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage or grain.

In-crop applications made alone or with the addition of other crop chemical products may result in crop response. Please contact the seed trait provider for any questions.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest when kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed) and grain moisture is 35 percent or less.

RESTRICTIONS: A preharvest application may be made only if the combined total of previously applied over-the-top or drop nozzle applications does not exceed 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of corn stover or grain.

### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after crop harvest. Higher rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tak mixtures with 2.4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for post-harvest application in field corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or the feeding of vegetation within the application area. Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# 12.8 Cotton with Roundup Ready Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to cotton containing Event MON 1445 (which includes Cotton with Roundup Ready Technology).

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Selective Equipment (In-crop); Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with Cotton with Roundup Ready Technology.

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking to layby	2.5 quarts per acre
Maximum Preharvest application rate	40 fluid ounces per acre
Combined total for all In-crop applications from emergence through harvest	3.75 quarts per acre

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton with Roundup Ready Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or Clarity (EPA Reg. No. 7969-137; dicamba) and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to the emergence of cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clomazone; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; norflurazon; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; saflufenacil

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; *acetochlor*); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; *acetochlor*, *fomesafen*)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of cotton with Roundup Ready Technology (in-crop) at rates of up to 20 fluid ounces per acre per application from cracking until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4-LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT. SEQUENTIAL OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN-CROP MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS. Over-the-top application made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development could result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied over the top of cotton with Roundup Ready Technology up to the 4-leaf stage. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clethodim; fluazifop-p-butyl; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pyrithiobac-sodium; quizalofop-pethyl; sethoxydim; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor)

Salvage Treatment — may be made after the 4-leaf stage of development and only when weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. Apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre either as an over-the-top application or as a postdirected application sprayed higher on the cotton plants and onto the weeds.

IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA ONLY, up to 30 fluid ounces of this product may be applied per acre either as an over-the-top application or a post-directed application for salvage treatment.

NOTE: SALVAGE TREATMENT WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT MAY BE MADE PER GROWING SEASON.

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in-crop applications from cracking to layby combined is 2.5 quarts per acre per season. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT (OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN ANY TANK-MIX PRODUCT) FOR OVER-THE-TOP APPLICATION TO COTTON WITH ROUNDUP READY TECHNOLOGY

### Selective Equipment (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using precision postdirected or hooded sprayers at rates of up to 20 fluid ounces per arer per application to cottom with Roundup Ready Technology through layby. At this crop stage, use post-directed application equipment to direct the spray towards the base of the cotton plants, avoiding contact of the herbicide spray with the leaves of the plant. To minimize contact, maintain a low spray pressure (less than 30 pounds per square inch) and place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the leaves of the loctton plant and onto the weeds in the row. For enhanced results, apply this product while weeds are small (less than 3 inches in height). See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for in-crop application using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (incrop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; linuron; metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; acetochlor, fomesafen)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in-crop applications from cracking to layby combined is 2.5 quarts per acre per season. Allow a minimum of 7 dayb between application and harvest of cotton. NO MORE THAN TWO APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MAY BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY SEQUENTIAL OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied for annual and perennial weed control prior to crop harvest after 20 percent boll crack.

**NOTE:** This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to cotton with Roundup Ready Technology.

PRECAUTIONS: Do not apply this product for preharvest weed control to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor could occur. Buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the preharvest use of this product on cotton with Roundup Ready Technology grown for seed.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. DO NOT AD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON WITH ROUNDUP READY TECHNOLOGY.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF COTTON WITH ROUNDUP READY TECHNOLOGY. HOWEVER, DUE TO THE SENSITIVITY OF COTTON FRUITING TO VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURY AND/OR YELD LOSS.

# **12**.9 Cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to cotton containing Event MON 88913 (which includes Cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology and Cotton with XtendFlex Technology).

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to and may only be used with varieties designated as cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology. Applications described in this section made over the top of octon other than cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology will cause crop injury and reduced yields. D0 NOT combine the directions for use in this section with those in the "Cotton with Roundup Ready Technology" or "Cotton with GlyTol Technology" section of this label. Drift of this product from an application made to cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology onto adjacent fields of post 4-leaf (node) cotton with Roundup Ready Technology or cotton with GlyTol Technology could cause extensive crop injury, including boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology.

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking to 60 percent open bolls	3.75 quarts per acre
Total for all In-crop applications between layby and 60 percent open bolls	40 fluid ounces per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from 60 percent open bolls to 7 days prior to harvest	40 fluid ounces per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through harvest	3.75 quarts per acre

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Apolication Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or Clarity (EPA Reg. No. 7969-137; *dicamba*) and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clomazone; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; norflurazon; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; saflufenacil

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; acetochlor, fomesafen)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label in cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology. To mainize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early. Many perennial weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. Use an initial application rate of 20 fluid ounces per acre to control or suppress 1 to 3 inch tall annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. This product may be applied postemergence to cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology using ground application equipment at rates up to 30 fluid ounces per acre per application. In addition to broadcast application, post-directed spray equipment may be used to achieve more thorough weed coverage.

IN THE STATES OF ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO AND TEXAS (WEST OF I-35) ONLY, up to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied per postemergence application using ground application equipment.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology.

acetochlor; clethodim; fluazifop-p-butyl; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pyrithiobac-sodium; quizalofop-pethyl; sethoxydim; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor)

This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for in-crop application using precision post-directed or hooded spravers.

acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; linuron; metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; *acetochlor*); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; *acetochlor*, *fomesafen*)

Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: The maximum single, in-crop application rate of this product to cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology using ground application equipment is 30 fluid ounces per acre, except in Arizona, New Mexico and west Texas (west of 1-35 only), where up to 40 fluid ounces per acre may be applied in a single application using ground application equipment. In-crop application rates above 20 fluid ounces per acre may be addition of other crop chemical products containing surfactant could cause a crop response including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis. Do not exceed a maximum single, in-crop application rate of 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre when using aerial application equipment, except in Arizona, New Mexico and west Texas (west of I-35 only), where up to 30 fluid ounces may be applied as a single application using aerial application equipment. Between layby and 60 percent open bolls, the maximum combined total application rate of this product is 40 fluid ounces per acre. The combined total for all applications of this product made from crop emergence to 60 percent open bolls must not exceed 3.75 quarts per acre.

DO NOT ADD ADDITONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR OVER-THE-TOP APPLICATION TO COTTON WITH ROUNDUP READY FLEX TECHNOLOGY.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied to cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest after 60 percent boll crack.

**NOTE:** This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton with Roundup Ready Flex Technology. DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON WITH ROUNDUP READY FLEX TECHNOLOGY.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF COTTON WITH ROUNDUP READY FLEX TECHNOLOGY. HOWEVER, DUE TO THE SENSITIVITY OF COTTON FRUTING TO VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

# 12.10 Cotton with GlyTol Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to cotton containing Event GHB614 (which includes Cotton with GlyTol Technology).

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Selective Equipment (In-crop); Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with cotton with GlyTol Technology.

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking to layby	2.5 quarts per acre
Maximum Preharvest application rate	40 fluid ounces per acre
Combined total for all In-crop applications from emergence through harvest	3.75 quarts per acre

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton with GlyTol Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4–D or Clarity (EPA Reg. No. 7969–137; dicamba) and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to the emergence of cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. acetochlor; clomazone; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; norflurazon; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; saflufenacil

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; acetochlor, fomesafen)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of cotton with GlyTol Technology (in-crop) at rates of up to 20 fluid ounces per acre per application from cracking until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the firth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4-LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT. SEQUENTIAL OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN-CROP MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS. Over-thetop application made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development could result in boll loss.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied over the top of cotton with GlyToI Technology up to the 4-leaf stage. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clethodim; metolachlor; s-metolachlor

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor)

In-crop applications made alone or with the addition of other crop chemical products may result in crop response. Please contact the seed trait provider for any questions.

Salvage Treatment — may be made after the 4-leaf stage of development and only when weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. Apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre either as an over-the-top application or as a postdirected application sprayed higher on the cotton plants and onto the weeds.

IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA ONLY, up to 30 fluid ounces of this product may be applied per acre either as an over-the-top application or a post-directed application for salvage treatment.

NOTE: SALVAGE TREATMENT WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT MAY BE MADE PER GROWING SEASON.

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in-crop applications from cracking to layly combined is 2.5 quarts per acre per season. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT (OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN ANY TANK-MIX PRODUCT) FOR OVER-THE-TOP APPLICATION TO COTTOM WITH GLYTOL TECHNOLOGY.

### Selective Equipment (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using precision postdirected or hooded sprayers at rates of up to 20 fluid ounces per arce per application to cotton with GlyTol Technology through layby. At this crop stage, use post-directed application equipment to direct the spray towards the base of the cotton plants, avoiding contact of the herbicide spray with the leaves of the plant. To minimize contact, maintain a low spray pressure (less than 30 pounds per square inch) and place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the leaves of the cotton plant and onto the weeds in the row. For enhanced results, apply this product while weeds are small (less than 3 inches in height). See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for in-crop application using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; linuron; metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; acetochlor, fomesafen)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in-crop applications from cracking to layby combined is 2.5 quarts per acre per season. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. NO MORE THAN TWO APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MAY BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY SEQUENTIAL OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied for annual and perennial weed control prior to crop harvest after 20 percent boll crack.

NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to cotton with GlyTol Technology.

PRECAUTIONS: Do not apply this product for preharvest weed control to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor could occur. Buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the preharvest use of this product on cotton with GlyTol Technology grown for seed.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TOCOTTON WITH GLYTOL TECHNOLOGY

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF COTTON WITH GLYTOL TECHNOLOGY. HOWEVER, DUE TO THE SENSITIVITY OF COTTON FRUITING TO VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS. DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

# 12.11 Soybean with Roundup Ready Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to soybean containing Event GTS 40-3-2 (which includes Soybean with Roundup Ready Technology).

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Preharvest; Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with soybean with Roundup Ready Technology.

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking through flowering (R2 stage soybean)	60 fluid ounces per acre
Maximum Preharvest application rate	20 fluid ounces per acre

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybean with Roundup Ready Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, Barvel (EPA Reg. No. 66330-276; *dicamba*) or Clarity (EPA Reg. No. 7969-137, *dicamba*) and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; chlorimuron ethyl; clethodim; clomazone; cloransulam-methyl; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-p; fluazifop-pbutyl; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; flumitoxazin; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazequin; imazethapyr; lactofen; linuron; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; saflufencii; quizalofop-p-ethyl; saflufenacii; sulfentrazone; thifensulfron; tribenuron methyl; triffuralin

Axiom DF (EPA Reg. No. 264-766; *metribuzin*, *flufenacet*); Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; *acetochlor*); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; *acetochlor*, *fomesafen*)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in soybean with Roundup Ready Technology from emergence (cracking) through flowering (R2 stage soybean). R2 stage soybean ends when a pod 5 millimeters (3/16 inch) long appears at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf (R3 stage). Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific annual weeds. An initial application of 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre will control or suppress most 2- to 8-inch tall weeds, which are normally found approximately 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be applied up to 40 fluid ounces per acre as a single, in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

Application of 20 to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre (single or multiple applications) will control or suppress perennial weeds, including bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For enhanced results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before applying this product.

Under adverse growing conditions, including drought, hail or wind damage, or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this product might be necessary to control late flushes or weeds. IN THE SOUHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE NEEDED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE SOYBEAN CROP WITH ROUNDUP READY TECHNOLOGY. To control giant ragweed, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of soybean with Roundup Ready Technology. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; acifluorfen; bentazon; chlorimuron-ethyl; clethodim; cloransulam-methyl; fluazifop-p-butyl; flumiclorac pentyl ester; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazamox; imazethapyr; lactofen; quizalofop-p-ethyl; sethoxydim; thifensulfuron-methyl

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; acetochlor, fomesafen)

PRECAUTIONS: In some cases, these tank-mix products will cause visual soybean injury.

RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application of this product from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 60 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 40 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum combined total amount of this product that may be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybean) is 40 fluid ounces per acre.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply up to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre to soybean with Roundup Ready Technology for weed control prior to harvest after pods have set and lost all green color. Take care to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of soybean with Roundup Ready Technology. Higher rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control application after harvest of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# 12.12 Soybean with Roundup Ready 2 Yield Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to soybean containing Event MON 89788 (which includes Soybean with Roundup Ready 2 Yield Technology, Soybean with Roundup Ready 2 Xtend Technology, Soybean with XtendFlex Technology).

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Preharvest; Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with soybean with Roundup Ready 2 Yield Technology.

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking through flowering (R2 stage soybean)	60 fluid ounces per acre
Maximum Preharvest application rate	20 fluid ounces per acre

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybean with Roundup Ready 2 Yield Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, Banvel (EPA Reg. No. 66330-276; dicamba) or Clarity (EPA Reg. No. 7969-137; dicamba) and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; chlorimuron-ethyl; clethodim; clomazone; cloransulam-methyl; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-p; fluazitop--bublyi; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac penyll ester; flumioxazin; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazaquin; imazethapyr; lactofen, linuron; metblachlor; s-metolachlor; methbuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; saflufenicii; quizalofop-e-ethyl; saflufenacil; sulfentrazone; thifensulfuron; tribenuron methyl; trifuralin Mercent (MC) De alth; 500, Supersoft/s) Mercent (Mercent (MC) De alth; 500, Supersoft/s)

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; acetochlor, fomesafen)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual grasses and bradleaf weeds in soybean with Roundup Ready 2 Yield Technology from emergence (cracking) through Inovering (R2 stage soybean). R2 stage soybean ends when a pod 5 millimeters (3/16 inch) long appears at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf (R3 stage). Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific annual weeds. An initial application of 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre will control or suppress most 2- to 8-inch tall weeds, which are normally found approximately 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be applied up to 40 fluid ounces per acre as a single, in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

Application of 20 to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre (single or multiple applications) will control or suppress perennial weeds, including bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhy. For enhanced results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before applying this product.

Under adverse growing conditions, including drought, hail or wind damage, or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this product ingithe necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE SOYBEAN CROP WITH ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD TECHNOLOCK To control giant ragweed, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of soybean with Roundup Ready 2 Yield Technology. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; acifluorfen; bentazon; chlorimuron ethyl; clethodim; cloransulam-methyl; fluazifop-p-butyl; flumiclorac pentyl ester; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazamox; imazethapyr; lactofen; quizalofop-P-ethyl; sethoxydim; thifensulfuron-methyl

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; acetochlor, formesafen)

PRECAUTIONS: In some cases, these tank-mix products will cause visual soybean injury.

RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application of this product from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 60 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 40 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum combined total amount of this product that may be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybean) is 40 fluid ounces per acre.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied to soybean with Roundup Ready 2 Yield Technology for weed control prior to harvest after pods have set and lost all green color. Take care to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of soybean with Roundup Ready 2 Yield Technology. Higher rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2.4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control application after harvest of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Application of this product must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# 12.13 Soybean with GT27 Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to soybean containing Event FG72 (which includes Soybean with GT27 Technology).

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Preharvest; Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with soybean with GT27 Technology.

Maximum Application Rates				
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre			
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre			
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking through flowering (R2 stage soybean)	60 fluid ounces per acre			
Maximum Preharvest application rate	20 fluid ounces per acre			

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybean with GT27 Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, Barwel (EPA Reg. No. 66330-276; *dicamba*) or Clarity (EPA Reg. No. 7969-137; *dicamba*) and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; chlorimuron ethyl; clethodim; clomazone; cloransulam-methyl; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-p; fluazifop-pbutyl; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; flumioxazin; flutiacet-methyl; formesafen; imazaquin; imazethapyr; lactofen; linuron; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; saflufencici]; quizalofop-p-ethyl; saflufenacil; sulfentrazone; thifensulfuro; linbenuron methyl; trifluralin

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; *acetochlor*); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; *acetochlor*, *fomesafen*)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in soybean with GT27 Technology from emergence (cracking) through flowering (R2 stage soybean). R2 stage soybean ends when a pod 5 millimeters (3/16 inch) long appears at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf (R3 stage). Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific annual weeds. An initial application of 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre will control or suppress most 2 - to 8-inch tall weeds, which are normally found approximately 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be applied up to 40 fluid ounces per acre as a single, in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

Application of 20 to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre (single or multiple applications) will control or suppress perennial weeds, including bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For enhanced results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before applying this product.

Under adverse growing conditions, including drought, hail or wind damage, or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this product might be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE NEEDED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE SOYBEAN CROP WITH GT27 TECHNOLOGY To control giant ragweed, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of soybean with GT27 Technology. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clethodim; fomesafen

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; acetochlor, fomesafen)

PRECAUTIONS: In some cases, these tank-mix products will cause visual soybean injury.

RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application of this product from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 60 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 40 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum combined total amount of this product that may be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybean) is 40 fluid ounces per acre.

In-crop applications made alone or with the addition of other crop chemical products may result in crop response. Please contact the seed trait provider for any questions.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply up to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre to soybean with GT27 Technology for weed control prior to harvest after pods have set and lost all green color. Take care to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of soybean with GT27 Technology. Higher rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control application after harvest of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# 12.14 Soybean with Enlist E3 Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to soybean containing Event DAS44406-6 (which includes Soybean with Enlist E3 Technology).

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Preharvest; Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with soybean with Enlist E3 Technology.

Maximum Application Rates				
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre			
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre			
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking through flowering (R2 stage soybean)	60 fluid ounces per acre			
Maximum Preharvest application rate	20 fluid ounces per acre			

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybean with Enlist E3 Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, Barnel (EPA Reg. No. 66330-276; dicamba) or Clarity (EPA Reg. No. 7969-137; dicamba) and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; chlorimuron ethyl; clethodim; clomazone; cloransulam-methyl; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-p; fluazifop-pbudyl; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; flumioxazin; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazaquin; imazethapyr; lactofen; linuron; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; saflufencil; quizalofop-p-ethyl; saflufenacil; sulfentrazone; thifensulfruor; tribenuron methyl; trifluralin

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; *acetochlor*); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; *acetochlor*, *fomesafen*)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in soybean with Enlist E3 Technology from emergence (cracking) through flowering (R2 stage soybean). R2 stage soybean ends when a pod 5 millimeters (3/16 inch) long appears at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf (R3 stage). Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific annual weeds. An initial application of 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre will control or suppress most 2- to 8-inch tall weeds, which are normally found approximately 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be applied up to 40 fluid ounces per arer as a single, in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

Application of 20 to 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre (single or multiple applications) will control or suppress perennial weeds, including bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For enhanced results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before applying this product.

Under adverse growing conditions, including drought, hail or wind damage, or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this product might be necessary to control lafe thishes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE NEEDED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE SOYBEAN CROP WITH ENLIST E3 TECHNOLOGY. To control giant ragweed, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application. TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of soybean with Enlist E3 Technology. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clethodim; fomesafen

Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor); Warrant Ultra (EPA Reg. No. 524-620; acetochlor, fomesafen)

PRECAUTIONS: In some cases, these tank-mix products will cause visual soybean injury.

RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application of this product from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 60 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 40 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum combined total amount of this product that may be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybean) is 40 fluid ounces per acre.

In-crop applications made alone or with the addition of other crop chemical products may result in crop response. Please contact the seed trait provider for any questions.

### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply up to 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre to soybean with Enlist E3 Technology for weed control prior to harvest after pods have set and lost all green color. Take care to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of soybean with Enlist E3 Technology. Higher rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control application after harvest of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# 12.15 Sugarbeet with Roundup Ready Technology

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to sugarbeet containing Event H7-1 (which includes Sugarbeet with Roundup Ready Technology).

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with sugarbeet with Roundup Ready Technology.

Maximum Application Rates				
Combined total per year for all applications	5 quarts per acre			
Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	3.1 quarts per acre			
Maximum single application rate from emergence to 8-leaf stage	30 fluid ounces per acre			
Total for all applications made from emergence to 8-leaf stage	50 fluid ounces per acre			
Maximum single application rate between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure	20 fluid ounces per acre			
Total for all applications made between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure	40 fluid ounces per acre			

See the "ROUNDUP READY AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

### Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting sugarbeet with Roundup Ready Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of sugarbeet. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

ethofumesate

Nortron SC (EPA Reg. No. 264-613; ethofumesate)

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.1 quarts per acre per season.

### Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of sugarbeet with Roundup Ready Technology for control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds from emergence to 30 days prior to harvest. To maximize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early. Up to 4 applications of this product may be made with a minimum of 10 days between each application. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, more than one application might be needed to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application for specific weeds.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of sugarbeet with Roundup Ready Technology. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to sugarbeet. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clethodim; clopyralid; dimethenamid-P; ethofumesate; fluazitop-p-butyl; s-metolachlor; quizalofop-p-ethyl; triflusulfuron methyl Nortron SC (EPA Reg. No. 264-613; ethofumesate); Warrant (EPA Reg. No. 524-591; acetochlor)

RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application of this product from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 90 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single application from crop emergence until the 8-leaf stage is 30 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single application between the 8-leaf stage and canopy closure is 20 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 30 days between application and sugarbeet harvest.

# 13.0 FARMSTEAD USE

TYPES OF USES: Farmstead Weed Control; Trim-and-Edge; Greenhouse/ Shadehouse; Chemical Mowing; Cut Stump Application; Habitat Management USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the "ANNLAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNLAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control those annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds. Application rates of this product specified in the following sections, or on separate supplemental labeling or Fact Sheets published for this product, for hard-to-control weeds supersede rates in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNLAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

# 13.1 Farmstead Weed Control, Trim-and-Edge

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual and perennial weeds, woody brush, trees and vines found on any part of the farmstead, including around building foundations and equipment storage areas, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditch banks, driveways, farm roads, farmyards, fencerows, parking areas, rangeland, rights-of-way, shelterbelts, storage areas and prior to planting landscape ornamentals.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products, provided that the product used is labeled for these sites and uses. Refer to each individual product label for approved sites and application rates. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

2,4-D; bromacil; chlorosulfuron; dicamba; diuron; imazapic; imazapyr; metsulfuron-methyl; oryzalin; oxadiazon; pendimethalin; prodiamine; sulfometuron-methyl For annual weeds, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 30 fluid ounces when weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 40 fluid ounces when weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 40 fluid ounces to 3.1 quarts per acre in a tank-mix with one of the products listed here. For application of tank mixtures using a backpack sprayer, handgun or other handheld applicator, see the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for the required concentration of this product in the mix.

# 13.2 Greenhouse/Shadehouse

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shadehouses.

PRECAUTIONS: Remove desirable vegetation before applying this product inside a greenhouse or shadehouse.

RESTRICTIONS: Turn air circulation fans off when applying this product inside a greenhouse or shadehouse and leave them off until the application solution has dried. Do not use this product inside residential greenhouses.

# 13.3 Chemical Mowing

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to suppress growth of perennial grasses listed in this section along farm ditches and on any other part of the farmstead to serve as a substitute for mowing. Apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre to suppress Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, bahiagrass or quackgrass covers; 10 fluid ounces to suppress bermudagrass; or 40 fluid ounces to suppress torpedograss or para grass. Make all applications in 10 to 20 gallons of sprav solution per acre.

PRECAUTIONS: Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

# 13.4 Cut Stump Application

TYPES OF USES: Treating brush and tree stumps on any terrestrial site

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control re-growth and resprouting of many species of woody brush and trees. Cut the woody brush or tree close to the soil surface and immediately apply a 50 - to 100-percent (undiluted) solution of this product to the freshly cut surface using application equipment capable of covering the entire cambium. A delay in application could result in reduced performance. For enhanced results, cut the woody brush or tree during period of active growth and full leaf expansion and apply this product. Some of the species controlled by this method of application of this product are:

Alder	Pepper, Brazilian	Sweetgum
Eucalyptus	Pine, Austrian	Tan oak
Madrone	Reed, giant	Willow
0ak	Saltcedar	

PRECAUTIONS: Do not make a cut stump application when the roots of desirable woody brush or trees might be grafted to the roots of the cut stump. Some sprouts, stems, or trees can share a common root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing could be an indicator of a shared root system. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to adjacent stems or trees when this product is applied to one or more trees sharing a common root system.

# 13.5 Habitat Management

TYPES OF USES: Habitat Restoration and Maintenance; Wildlife Food Plots

### Habitat Restoration and Maintenance

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management areas. Application may be made to allow recovery of native plant species or prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad-spectrum vegetation control in habitat management areas. Spot treatment may be used to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement.

### Wildlife Food Plots

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to eliminate annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait a minimum of 7 days after application before tilling.

RESTRICTIONS: There are no rotational restrictions for planting any wildlife food species or for allowing native species to repopulate the area following application of this product.

# 14.0 ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION

When water carrier volumes are between 16 and 40 gallons per acre for ground application, and between 6 and 15 gallons per acre for aerial application, the following use rates will control the annual weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" that follows.

- 20 fluid ounces per acre grasses and broadleaf annual weeds less than 6 inches in height or circumference, and vines less than 3 inches in length
- 30 fluid ounces per acre grasses and broadleaf annual weeds 6 to 12 inches in height or circumference, and vines 3 to 6 inches in length
- 40 fluid ounces per acre grasses and broadleaf annual weeds greater than 12 inches in height or circumference, and vines greater than 6 inches in length

### WHEN WATER CARRIER VOLUMES ARE BETWEEN 3 AND 15 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR GROUND APPLICATION, AND BETWEEN 3 AND 5 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR AERIAL APPLICATION, USE THE RATES SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL WEEDS AS FOLLOWS IN THE "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE."

Apply to actively growing annual weeds. New leaf development indicates active growth.

Annual weeds are often easiest to control when they are small. Control of older, mature (hardened) or otherwise hard-to-control annual weed species could require higher application rates than specified in this table, even if they meet the size requirements listed. This product may be applied at rates of up to 40 fluid ounces per acre for hard-to-control annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist. Follow all precautions and restrictions, including maximum application rates and crop stage timings specified in the directions for use on specific crops, including Roundup Ready and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops, and use sites listed on this label.

Maximum size refers to the maximum plant height, length of runners for vines, or circumference of rosette plants in inches.

Do not tank-mix this product with soil residual herbicides when applying at these rates, unless otherwise directed.

For control of annual weeds using a handheld controlled droplet applicator (CDA), apply a 20-percent solution of this product (25 to 26 fluid ounces of this product per gallon of spray solution) at flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 miles per hour (1 quart per acre). When using a vehicle-mounted CDA, apply the required amount of this product, as indicated in the following table, in 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow re-growth to occur prior to application of this product.

### ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

	Broadcast Application Rate (fluid ounces per acre)				
	10	15	20	25	30
Veed Species	Maxi	mum Hei	ght/Lei	<b>ıgth</b> (in	ches)
Ammannia, purple	3	6	12	-	18
Anoda, spurred	-	2	3	5	8
Barley	18	18 +	-	-	-
Barnyardgrass	-	3	6	7	9
Bassia, fivehook	-	-	6	-	-
Beggarweed, Florida	-	5	8	-	-
Bittercress	12	20	-	-	-
Bluegrass, annual	10	-	-	-	-
Bluegrass, bulbous	6	-	-	-	-
Brome, downy <sup>1,2</sup>	6	12	-	-	-
Brome, Japanese	6	12	24	-	-
Browntop panicum	6	8	12	-	24
Buckwheat, wild <sup>3</sup>	-	1	2	-	-
Burcucumber	-	6	12	-	18
Buttercup	12	20	-	-	-
Carolina geranium		-	4	-	9
Carpetweed		6	12		
Cheat <sup>2</sup>	6	20	-		
Chervil	20	-	-	-	-
Chickweed	-	12	18	-	-
Cocklebur	12	18	24	-	36
Copperleaf, hophornbeam	-	2	4	-	6
Copperleaf, Virginia	-	2	4	-	6 18
Coreopsis, plains Corn, volunteer	6	12	20	-	10
Corn speedwell	12	-	-	-	-
Crabgrass	3	6	12	-	-
Crowfootgrass	-	-	6	-	12
Cutleaf evening primrose	-	- 3	3	-	6
Devilsclaw (unicorn plant) Dwarf dandelion	12	3	6	-	-
Eastern mannagrass	8	12	-	-	-
Eclipta	-	4	8	12	-
Fall panicum	4	-	6	-	12
False dandelion	-	20	-	-	-
Falseflax, smallseed Fiddleneck	12	6	12		-
Field pennycress	6	12	-	-	-
Filaree	-	-	6	-	12
Fleabane, annual Fleabane, hairy*	6	20	-	-	-
Fleabane, hairy*	-	-	6	-	10
<i>(Conyza bonariensis)</i> Fleabane, rough	3	6	12		
Florida pusley	-	-	4	-	6
Foxtail; giant, bristly, yellow	6	12	20	-	-
Foxtail, Carolina	10	-	-	-	-
Foxtail, green	12	12	-	-	
Goatgrass, jointed Goosegrass*	6	3	- 6		- 12
Grain sorghum (milo)	6	12	20		-
Groundcherry	-	3	6	-	9
Groundsel; common, cressleaf	-	6	10	-	-
Hemp sesbania	-	2	4	6	8
Henbit Horseweed / Marestail*		-	6	-	12
(Conyza canadensis)	-	6	12	-	18
Itchgrass	6	8	12	-	18
Jimsonweed		-	12	-	18
Johnsongrass, seedling*	6	12	18	- 7	24
Junglerice* Knotweed	-	3	6 6	7	9 12
Kochia* <sup>4</sup>		- 3 to 6	12		- 12
Lambsquarters	-	6	12	-	20
Little barley	6	12	-	-	-

	Broadcast Application Rate (fluid ounces per acre)				
	10	15	20	25	30
Weed Species			eight/Len		
London rocket	6	-	24	-	-
Mayweed	-	2	6	12	18
Morning glory, annual (Ipomoea spp)	-	-	3	-	6
Mustard; blue, tansy, tumble, wild	6	12	18		-
Nightshade: black, hairy	-	4	6	-	12
Oats	3	6	18		12
Pigweed, Palmer*	-	12	18	24	
Pigweed species*		12	18	24	-
Prickly lettuce	-	6	12	-	
	-	-			-
Purslane	-	-	3	-	6
Ragweed; common,* giant*	-	6	12	-	18
Red rice	-	-	4		
Rye, volunteer/cereal <sup>2</sup>	6	18	18 +	-	-
Ryegrass species*	-	-	6	-	12
Sandbur, field	6	12	-	-	-
Sandbur, longspine	6	12	-	-	-
Shattercane	6	12	20	-	-
Shepherd's-purse	6	12	-	-	-
Sicklepod	-	2	4	-	8
Signalgrass, broadleaf	-	3	6	7	9
Smartweed, ladysthumb	-	-	6	-	9
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	-	-	6	-	9
Sowthistle, annual	-		6	-	12
Spanish needles	- 12	-	6		12
Speedwell, purslane	6	- 12	- 20	-	-
Sprangletop	-	6	12	-	-
Spurge; prostrate, spotted Spurry, umbrella	- 6	-	12	-	-
Stinkgrass	-	12	-	-	-
Sunflower	12	18	-		
Swinecress	-	5	12		-
Teaweed/ Prickly sida	-	2	4		6
Texas panicum	6	8	12	-	24
Thistle, Russian*5	-	6	12		-
Velvetleaf	-	-	6	-	12
Virginia pepperweed	-	18	-	-	-
Waterhemp*	-	-	6	-	12
Wheat <sup>2</sup>	6	12	18	-	-
Wheat (overwintered)	-	6	12	-	18
Wild oats	3	6	18	-	-
Wild proso millet	-	6	12	-	18
Witchgrass	-	12	-	-	-
Woolly cupgrass	-	6	12	-	-
Yellow rocket	-	12	20	-	-

<sup>1</sup> For control of downy brome in no-till systems, apply 15 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

<sup>2</sup> Performance of this product can be enhanced if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.

<sup>3</sup> Apply 15 fluid ounces of this product per acre to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Apply 20 fluid ounces per acre to control 2- to 4-leaf wild buckwheat. For enhanced control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, make sequential applications of 20 fluid ounces followed by 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

4 Do not apply when kochia is in the button stage.

<sup>5</sup> Control of Russian thistle can vary based on environmental conditions and spray coverage. If possible, apply this product in a tank mixture with 2,4-D, as described in the following section, to improve control.

A glyphosate-resistant biotype has been confirmed. For additional information, refer to the 'WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT' section of this label. You can also visit on the Internet, www.weedscience.org, or contact your Bayer CropScience LP representative.

# 14.1 Annual Weeds—Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D, Dicamba or Tordon 22K

Enhanced control of certain hard-to-control weeds can be achieved by tank-mixing this product with dicamba, 2,4-D, or Tordon 22N (EPA Reg. No. 627) 19-6, picloram). An appropriate rate of these other herbicides combined with the rate of this product specified in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" will control the following weeds up to the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches-prickly lettuce, marestail/ horseweed, morning glory, kochia (in a tank-mix with dicamba only), wild buckwheat (in a tank-mix with Tordon 22K only): 12 inches-cockleur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (in a tank-mix With 2,4-D only).

At application rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," this product will control the following weeds up to a maximum height or length of 6 inches: common ragweed, giant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, and velvetleaf. For enhanced control of these weeds, apply this product in a tank-mix with 2,4-D.

Ensure that the product used is labeled for application at the desired site. Follow all precautions and limitations on the tank-mix product label, including any application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping intervals and/or crop rotation restrictions. Use according to the more restrictive label requirements. Some crop injury could occur if dicamba or Tordon 22K is applied within 45 days of planting.

# 14.2 Annual Weeds—Handheld Sprayers

For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE," apply a 0.3-percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length prior to seedhead formation in grasses or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For control of annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise directed, use a 0.6-percent solution.

For enhanced results on hard-to-control perennials, such as bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle, apply a  $1.3\-$ percent solution of this product.

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage, apply a 3.1-percent solution of this product for control of annual and perennial weeds, and a 3.1- to 6.2-percent solution for control of woody brush, trees and vines.

# 14.3 Annual Weeds—Tank Mixtures for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 1 pound of atrazine per acre.

Application of 15 to 18 fluid ounces of this product per acre in a tank mixture with atrazine will provide enhanced control of the following weeds: barnyardgrass (requires 18 fluid ounces of this product per acre for control), downy brome, green foxtail, lambsquarters, prickly lettuce, tansy mustard, pigweed, field sandbur, stinkgrass, Russian thistle, volunteer wheat and witchgrass. For control of kochia, apply 15 to 18 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with atrazine and dicamba. Ensure that the atrazine and dicamba products are labeled for the intended use and application site. Follow all precautions and limitations on the tank-mix product label, including any application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping intervals and/or crop rotation restrictions.

# 15.0 PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION

Apply this product to actively growing perennial weeds. New leaf development indicates active growth. Enhanced results can be obtained when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth.

If weeds have been recently mowed or tilled, do not apply this product until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the specified stage of growth or sufficient growth has been achieved to allow for good interception of the spray solution. For enhanced control, do not mow, cut, till, burn or disturb vegetation in the application area for a minimum of 7 days after application. For control of perennial weeds using a handheld controlled droplet applicator (CDA), apply a 20- to 30-percent solution of this product (25 to 38 fluid ounces per gallon of applicator solution) at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mile per hour (2 to 3 quarts per acre). When using a vehicle-mounted CDA, apply the appropriate amount of this product, as indicated in the following rate table, in 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

This product has no soil activity and does not control emergence of perennial weeds from seed and dormant underground roots, hizomes or tubers present in the soil at the time of application. More than one application of this product might be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed, but must be made prior to crop emergence, except where in-crop application is allowed.

Application of this product in the fall must be made before a killing frost.

Unless otherwise directed, allow a minimum of 7 days after application before soil tillage.

### PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

	Broadcast Rate	Water Volume	Handheld Sprayer Concentration
Weed Species	(quarts/acre)	(gallons/acre)	(% solution)
Alfalfa	1 - 1.25	3 - 10	1.3%

Apply after the last hay cutting in the fall and alfalfa has re-grown to a height of 6 to 8 inches or more. Follow with deep tillage after a minimum of 7 days after application, but before soil freeze-up.

Alligatorweed	2.5	3-20	0.9%

For partial control, apply this product when most target plants are in bloom. More than one application will be needed to achieve control.

Anise (fennel) <sup>1</sup>	-	-	0.9 - 1.3%
Bahiagrass <sup>2</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3 - 20	1.3%
Bentgrass	0.9	10 - 20	1.3%

For suppression in grass seed production areas using ground application equipment only. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to application in the fall. Ensure that bentgrass has at least 3 inches of growth before application. Avoid tillage prior to application. Tillage 7 to 10 days after application provides enhanced results.

Bermudagrass	1.9 - 3.1	3 - 20	1.3%
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For control, apply 3.1 quarts of this product per acre when bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. More than one application might be necessary to achieve control. For partial control, apply 60 fluid ounces per acre.

Bermudagrass,	0.6 - 1	5 - 10	1.3%
water (knotgrass)			

Apply 30 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre when water bermudagrass is 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow a minimum of 7 days after application before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.

For fall application, till fallow fields and apply 20 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre prior to frost and when water bermudagrass is 12 to 18 inches in length.

This product is not registered in California for control of water bermudagrass.

$\label{eq:bindweed,field} \begin{array}{cc} \textbf{0.3}-\textbf{3.1} & \textbf{3}-\textbf{20} & \textbf{1.3\%} \end{array}$	3%
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Do not apply this product when field bindweed is under drought stress, as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth and efficacy of this product. For control, apply 2.5 to 3.1 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 1.9 to 2.5 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River when bindweed is at or beyond full bloom. For enhanced results, apply in late-summer or fall. Fall application must be made before a killing frost.

Also for control, apply 40 fluid ounces of this product plus an appropriate rate of dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply this mixture using aerial application equipment.

For suppression of field bindweed on irrigated agricultural land, apply 20 to 40 fluid ounces of this product plus an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre using ground application equipment only. Application may be made following harvest or on fallow ground in the fall when bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. Irrigate at least once to promote active bindweed growth. For suppression, apply 10 fluid ounces of this product plus a rate of 2,4-D that will provide suppression of field bindweed in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre using ground application equipment, or in 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre using aerial application equipment. Application of this tank-mix using aerial equipment is only allowed on fallow fields and in reduced tillage systems. Delay application until maximum bindweed emergence has occurred and vines are 6 to 18 inches in length.

In California only, apply 20 fluid ounces to 3.1 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre when bindweed has reached a length of 12 inches or more. Allow maximum bindweed emergence and runner growth before applying this product. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage.

Bluegrass, Kentucky 0.6 – 1.25 3 – 40 1.3%

Apply 40 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot to early-seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 20 to 30 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre to actively growing target plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Blueweed, Texas	1.9 - 3.1	3-40	1.3%
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Apply 2.5 to 3.1 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River or 1.9 to 2.5 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River when plants are at or beyond full bloom. For enhanced results, apply in late-summer or fall. Fall application must be made before a killing frost.

Brackenfern	1.9 - 2.5	3-40	0.9%
Make application to fully	expanded fronds	that are at least	18 inches long.
Bromegrass, smooth	0.6 - 1.25	3-40	1.3%

Apply 40 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most target plants have reached boot to early-seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 20 to 30 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre to actively growing bromegrass when it has reached a height of 4 to 12 inches.

1.3%

For control, apply 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre in a tank-mix with dicamba when plants are producing new active growth that has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and are at or beyond flowering. For partial control, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of dicamba that will provide partial control.

Canarygrass, reed <sup>2</sup>	1.25 - 1.9	3-40	1.3%
Cattail <sup>2</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3-40	1.3%
Clover; red, white1	1.9 - 3.1	3-20	1.3%

Also for control, apply 10 to 20 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Cogongrass 1.9 – 3.1 10 – 40 1.3%	6
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Apply in late-summer or fall when cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of this vegetation preventing good spray coverage, more than one application might be necessary to achieve control.

Dallisgrass <sup>2</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3-20	1.3%
Dandelion <sup>1</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3-40	1.3%

Also for control, apply 10 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Dock, curly <sup>1</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3-40	1.3%

Also for control, apply 10 to 20 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Dogbane, hemp	2.5	3 - 40	1.3%

Apply when most target plants have reached the late-bud to flower stage of development. Allow weeds to re-grow to a mature stage prior to application of this product after crop harvest or mowing. For enhanced results, apply in late-summer or fall.

For suppression, apply 10 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre using ground application equipment, and in 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre using aerial application equipment. Delay application until maximum emergence of hemp dopbane has occurred.

Fescue (except tall) <sup>2</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3 - 20	1.3%
Fescue, tall	0.6 - 1.9	3-40	1.3%

Apply 60 fluid ounces of this product per acre when most tall fescue has reached boot to early-seedhead stage of development.

For fall application, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre when plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. A sequential application of 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre will improve long-term control and will control seedlings germinating after fall application or in the following spring.

Guinea grass 1.25 -	1.9 3-40	0.9%
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Apply when most target plants have reached the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using a handheld sprayer. In Texas and the ridge of Florida, apply 40 fluid ounces of this product per acre for control. In the flatwoods region of Florida, 60 fluid ounces per acre is needed for control.

Horsenettle <sup>1</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3-20	1.3%
Horseradish	2.5	3-40	1.3%

Apply when most plants have reached the late-bud to flower stage of growth. For enhanced results, apply in late-summer or fall.

Iceplant <sup>1</sup>				-			-		1.3 -	1.9%
Thorough	coverane	of	tho	tarnet	hoow	with	this	product	will	nrovida

Thorough coverage of the target weed with this product will provide enhanced control.

Jerusalem artichoke <sup>1</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3-20	1.3%
Johnsongrass	0.3 - 1.9	3-40	0.9%

In annual cropping systems, apply 20 to 40 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 40 fluid ounces of this product when applying in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. On non-crop sites or in areas where annual tillage is not practiced (no-till), apply 40 to 60 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

For enhanced results, apply when most johnsongrass has reached the boot to head stage of development or in the fall prior to frost. Allow a minimum of 7 days after application before tillage. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when applying 20 fuid ounces of this product per acre.

For burndown of johnsongrass, apply 10 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before plants reach a height of 12 inches and allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage.

For partial control or suppression, apply a 0.6-percent solution of this product as a spot treatment when johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches tall. Ensure that coverage is uniform and complete.

Kikuvu grass	1.25 - 1.9	3 - 40	1.3%

Apply when most kikuyu grass is at least 8 inches tall (3- or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage.

Knapweed	2.5	3 - 40	1.3%
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Apply when most target plants have reached the late-bud to flower stage of growth. For enhanced results, apply in late-summer or fall.

Lantana	-	-	0.9%
Apply at or beyond the	e bloom stage of gro	wth.	
Lespedeza <sup>1</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3-20	1.3%

Weed Species	Broadcast Rate (quarts/acre)	Water Volume (gallons/acre)	Handheld Sprayer Concentration (% solution)
Milkweed, common	1.9	3 - 40	1.3%
Apply when most plant	s have reached the	late-bud to flower	r stage of growth.
Muhly, wirestem	0.6 - 1.25	3 - 40	1.3%

Apply 20 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre, or 40 fluid ounces when applying in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or whenever applying in pasture, sod, or non-crop areas, when wirestem muhly is at least 8 inches tall. Do not till the soil between harvest and fall application, or in the fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage.

Mullein, common <sup>1</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3 - 20	1.3%
Napiergrass <sup>2</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3 - 20	1.3%
Nightshade, silverleaf	1.25	3 - 10	1.3%

For enhanced results, apply when at least 60 percent of the target plants have berries. Fall application must be made before a killing frost.

Nutsedge; purple,	0.3 - 1.9	3 - 40	0.9 - 1.3%
vellow			

For control of nutsedge plants and immature nutlets, apply 60 fluid ounces of this product per acre or a 0.9- to 1.3-percent solution when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets that have not germinated will not be controlled and will need repeated applications of this product after germination for long-term control.

Sequential applications of 20 to 40 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 galons of water per acre when a majority of the nutsedge plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall) will also provide control. Repeat this application as necessary when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For partial control of existing plants, apply 10 to 40 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat this application as needed to control subsequent emerging plants or re-growth of existing plants.

Orchardgrass	0.6 - 1.25	3 - 40	1.3%
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Apply 40 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot to early-seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 20 to 30 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre when orchardgrass is actively growing and has reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

When going from orchardgrass sod to no-till corn, apply 20 to 30 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for sping application and 6 inches tall for fall application. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary to achieve optimum results.

Pampas grass	-	_	0.9 - 1.3%
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Apply this product when pampas grass is at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage will provide enhanced control.

Para grass <sup>2</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3 - 20	1.3%
Phragmites	1.9 - 3.1	10 - 40	0.9 - 1.3%

For partial control and enhanced results, apply this product in late-summer or fall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Application before or after this stage could result in reduced control. Due to the dense nature of this vegetation (which can prevent good spray coverage) and uneven stages of growth, more than one application might be necessary to achieve control. Visual symptoms of control will be slow to develop.

Poison hemlock	-	-	0.9-1.3%
Apply this product using	r a handhald anvau		to wetterhoisers

Apply this product using a handheld sprayer with a spray-to-wet technique. Optimum results are obtained when thoroughly applied to target plants that are at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.

Pokeweed, common	1	3-40	1.3%
Apply to actively growing	ng target plants u	p to 24 inches tall.	
Quackgrass	0.6 - 1.9	3-40	1.3%

In annual cropping systems or in pastures and sod fields to be cultivated with deep tillage, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre or 40 fluid ounces in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using the 20-fluid-ounce rate. Do not till between harvest and fall application, or in the fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage. In pastures or sod fields, use a moliboard plow for enhanced results.

In pastures, sod fields or non-crop areas where deep tillage will not follow application of this product, apply 40 to 60 fluid ounces in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is greater than 8 inches tall.

Redvine	0.5 - 1.25	5 - 10	1.3%

For suppression, make two applications of 15 fluid ounces of this product 7 to 14 days apart, or a single application of 40 fluid ounces, in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre in late-September or early-October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Apply a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.

Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made in late-summer or fall.

0.9%

Ryegrass, perennial	0.6 - 1.9	3 - 40	
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In annual cropping systems, apply 20 to 40 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre, or 40 fluid ounces when applying in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. On non-crop sites or in fields where annual tillage is not practiced (no-till), apply 40 to 60 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

For enhanced results, apply when most ryegrass has reached the boot to head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when applying 20 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

Smartweed, swamp <sup>1</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3-40	1.3%
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Also for control, apply 10 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in latesummer or fall.

Sowthistle, perennial	1.25 - 1.9	3 - 40	1.3%
oonanoao, poronnai	1.20 - 1.5	5 - 40	1.070

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in late-summer or fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to application of this product. Fall application must be made before a killing frost. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage.

# Spurge, leafy – – 1.3%

For suppression, apply 10 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4–D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in latesummer or fall. If mowing has occurred, delay application until most target plants are 12 inches tall.

Starth	istle, ye	llow	1.2	5	1(	) — 4	0		1.	3%	

Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made during the rosette, bolting or early-flower stage.

Sweet potato, wild - - 1.3% For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of

growth. More than one application might be needed.

inistie, articnoke	-	-	1.3%

For partial control, apply when plants are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. More than one application might be needed.

Thistle, Canada	1.25 - 1.9	3-40	1.3%
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Apply when most target plants are at or beyond the bud stage of development. After harvest, mowing, or tillage in late-summer or fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosstet development prior to application of this product. Fall application must be made before a killing frost. For suppression in the spring, apply 20 fluid ounces of this product alone or 10 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre when rosette is a minimum of 6

2.4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre when rosettle is a minimum of 6 inches in diameter. Application may be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing.

Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage.

Timothy <sup>2</sup>	1.25 - 1.9	3-40	1.3%
Torpedograss	2.5 - 3.1	3-40	1.3%

For partial control, apply when most target plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of development. More than one application will be needed to achieve control. Fall application must be made before frost.

Trumpetcreeper	1.25	5 - 10	1.3%
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For partial control, apply in late-September or October when trumpetcreeper is a minimum of 18 inches tall and has been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make application a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.

Vaseygrass <sup>2</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3 - 20	1.3%
Velvetgrass <sup>2</sup>	1.9 - 3.1	3-20	1.3%
Wheatgrass, western <sup>2</sup>	1.25 - 1.9	3 - 40	1.3%

<sup>1</sup> Apply when most plants have reached the early-bud stage of growth.

<sup>2</sup> Apply when most plants have reached the early-heading stage of growth.

# 16.0 WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION

Apply this product during full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use a higher application rate or spray solution concentration within a given range for larger plants or in areas of dense vegetative growth. On vines, use a higher application rate or spray solution concentration for plants that have reached the woody stage. Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made in late-summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, enhanced results can be obtained when application is made in the spring to early-summer when brush species are at high moisture content and flowering.

Unless otherwise directed, make broadcast applications in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough coverage when using handheld sprayers. Herbicidal symptoms might not appear prior to frost or senescence following application in the fall.

Allow a minimum of 7 days after application before tillage, mowing or removal of vegetation in the application area. Repeat applications might be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn color on undesirable deciduous species is acceptable when applying this product, provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance could result if fall application is made after a frost.

### WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE TABLE

Species	Broadcast Rate (quarts/acre)	Handheld Sprayer Concentration (% solution)
Alder	1.9 - 2.5	0.9%
Ash <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Aspen, quaking	1.25 - 1.9	0.9%
Bearmat (Bearclover) <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9-1.3%
Beech <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9-1.3%
Birch	1.25 - 1.9	0.9%
Blackberry	1.9-2.5	0.9%

Apply after target plants have reached full leaf maturity. Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made in late-summer or fall. Apply a 0.6-percent solution of this product after berries have set or dropped in latefall. After leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 1.9 to 2.5 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acc.

111 X		
Blackgum	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Bracken	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Broom; French, Scotch	-	0.9 - 1.3%
Buckwheat, California <sup>1,2</sup>	-	0.9 - 1.3%
Cascara <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Catsclaw <sup>1</sup>	-	0.9%
Ceanothus <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Chamise <sup>2</sup>	-	0.9%
Cherry; bitter, black, pin	1.25 - 1.9	0.9%
Coyote brush	-	0.9 - 1.3%
Apply when at least 50 percent of the	new leaves are ful	lly developed.
Dogwood <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Elderberry	1.25 - 1.9	0.9%
Elm <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Eucalyptus	-	1.3%

For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply when re-sprouts are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Application to drought-stressed eucalyptus plants will result in less than optimum results.

Florida holly (Brazilian Peppertree) <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Gorse <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Hasardia <sup>1,2</sup>	-	0.9 - 1.3%
Hawthorn	1.25 - 1.9	0.9%
Hazel	1.25 - 1.9	0.9%
Hickory <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Honeysuckle	1.9 - 2.5	0.9%
Hornbeam, American <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Kudzu	2.5 - 3.1	1.3%

More than one application might be needed to achieve control.

Locust, black <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 2.5	0.9 - 1.3%
Madrone (re-sprouts) <sup>1</sup>	-	1.3%

Apply to re-sprouts that are 3 to 6 feet tall. Enhanced results can be obtained with spring or early-summer application.

Manzanita <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Maple, red	1.25 - 2.5	0.9%

Apply a 0.9-percent solution when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed. For partial control, apply 40 to 80 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

Maple, sugar	-	0.9%	
Apply when at least 50 percent of the	new leaves are ful	ly developed.	
Monkey flower <sup>1</sup> , <sup>2</sup>	-	0.9 - 1.3%	
Oak; black, white1	1.25 - 2.5	0.9 - 1.3%	
Oak, post	1.9 - 2.5	0.9%	
Oak, northern	-	0.9%	
Apply when at least 50 percent of the	new pin leaves are	fully developed	
Oak, southern red	1.25 - 1.9	0.9%	
Persimmon <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%	
Pine	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%	
Poison ivy/Poison oak	2.5 - 3.1	1.3%	

More than one application might be needed to achieve control. Application in the fall must be made before leaves lose green color.

 Poplar, yellow<sup>1</sup>
 1.25 - 3.1
 0.9 - 1.3%

 Redbud, eastern
 1.25 - 3.1
 0.9 - 1.3%

 Rose, multiflora
 1.25
 0.9%

Make application prior to leaf deterioration by leaf-eating insects.

Russian olive1	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%	
Sage, black <sup>2</sup>	-	0.9%	
Sage, white 1	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%	
Sagebrush, California <sup>2</sup>	-	0.9% 0.9% 0.9 – 1.3%	
Salmonberry	1.25 - 1.9		
Saltcedar	1.25 - 3.1		
Sassafras <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%	
Sourwood <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%	
Sumac; poison, smooth, winged <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 2.5	0.9 - 1.3%	
Sweetgum	1.25 - 1.9	0.9%	
Swordfern <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%	
Tallowtree, Chinese <sup>2</sup>	-	0.9%	
Tan oak (re-sprouts) <sup>1</sup>	-	1.3%	

Apply to re-sprouts that are less than 6 feet tall. Enhanced results can be obtained following application in the fall.

Thimbleberry	1.25 - 1.9	0.9%
Tobacco, tree <sup>1</sup>	-	0.9-1.3%
Trumpetcreeper	1.25 - 1.9	0.9%
Vine maple <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Virginia creeper	1.25 - 3.1	0.9-1.3%
Waxmyrtle, southern <sup>1</sup>	1.25 - 3.1	0.9 - 1.3%
Willow	1.9 - 2.5	0.9%

<sup>1</sup> Partial Control

<sup>2</sup> Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for enhanced results.

# **17.0** LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Bayer CropScience LP ("Company) warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

Buyer and all users shall use this product only for the purposes of and in accordance with the Complete Directions for Use label ("Directions") and shall promptly notify this Company of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for all loss, injuries or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of this Company, including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, application to or contact with desirable vegetation, crop injury or failure of this product to control weed biotypes which develop resistance to glyphosate, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, use and/or application in any manner not explicitly set forth in or inconsistent with the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil, crop or treated vegetation.

This Company does not warrant any product reformulated or repackaged from this product except in accordance with this Company's stewardship requirements and with express written permission from this Company.

For in-crop (over-the-top) uses, crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Bayer CropScience LP when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" seed saved from previous year's production and replanted. Crop safety also is not warranted by Bayer CropScience LP when this product is used in conjunction with in-crop (overthe-top) uses beyond the specific technology and uses included in Section 12.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEPY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE LIMIT OF THE LABILITY OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER FOR AWY AND ALL LOSSES, INUURES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OTHER TORT OR OTHERWISE) SHALL BE THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY THE USER OR BUYER FOR THE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT INVOLVED, OR, AT THE ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY, TO THE TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES.

Upon opening and using this product, buyer and all users are deemed to have accepted the terms of this LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY which may not be varied by any verbal or written agreement. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

Allion, CropShield and Design, Degree Xtra, DiFlexx, Dropp, Ginstar, Harness, Laudis, Nortron, Rely, Roundup, Roundup Power/MAX and Design, Roundup Ready, Roundup Ready 2 Xtend, Roundup Ready 2 Yield, TripleFlex, TruFlex, Warrant and XtendFlex are trademarks of the Bayer Group. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

In cas	e of an	emer	gency	involving	this	product
call	collect,	day (	or nigh	t, 1-800-	334-	7577.

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HERBICIDE

# 200317Cv3

# Roundup PowerMAX<sup>®</sup> 3 Herbicide

GLYPHOSATE

GROUP

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready® and other listed glyphosate tolerant crops

Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many agricultural systems and farmsteads Not all products listed on this label are registered for use in California. Check the registration status of each product in California before using.

# ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine, in the form of its potassium salt	51.2%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	48.8%
1	100.0%

\*Contains 705 grams of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt, per liter or 5.88 pounds per U.S. gallon, which is equivalent to 575 grams of the acid, glyphosate, per liter or 4.8 pounds per U.S. gallon (41.8% by weight).

Please refer to booklet for additional precautionary statements and directions for use.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals Keep out of reach of children CAUTION Causes moderate eve irritation

Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

FIRST AID				
IF IN EYES • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye.				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
IF ON Skin or Clothing	i on on containing.			
<ul> <li>Have the product container or labeling with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.</li> <li>You can also call 1-800-334-7577, collect, day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.</li> <li>This product is identified as Roundup PowerMAX 3 Herbicide, EPA Registration No. 524-659.</li> </ul>				

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Proper pesticide storage and disposal are essential to protect against exposure to people and the environment due to leaks and spills, excess product or waste, and vandalism. Do not allow this product to contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store pesticides away from food, pet food, feed, seed, fertilizers, and veterinary supplies. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** To avoid wastes, use all material in the container, including rinsate, by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program. Such programs are often run by state or local governments or by industry. All disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local regulations and procedures.

CONTAINER HANDLING AND DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticiderelated materials in this container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Triple rinse or pressure rinse (or equivalent) this container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix-tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix-tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix-tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Place container so that it can drain directly into application equipment or mix-tank while rinsing, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle into the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Once properly rinsed, some plastic agricultural pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest collection site, contact your chemical dealer or Monsanto Company at 1-800-ROUNDUP (1-800-768-6387). If recycling is not available, dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations and procedures, which may include puncturing the properly rinsed container and disposing in a sanitary landfill.

> FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE, 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937).

IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT, 1-800-334-7577.

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