



Radiate®

PLANT GROWTH REGULATOR

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: By Wt
3-Indolebutyric acid (IBA) . . . 0.85%
Cytokinin, as Kinetin 0.15%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: 99.00%
TOTAL 100.00%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

EPA REG. NO. 34704-909

EPA EST. NO. 90866-CA-001

NET CONTENTS 1.0 GAL (3.78 L)

122818 V1D 01G19

FIRST AID

If in
eyes:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL 1-866-944-8565

FORMULATED FOR

LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC.®, P.O. BOX 1286, GREELEY, COLORADO 80632-1286

PEEL FILM HERE



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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Caution. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves Category A, such as butyl rubber > 14 mils, or natural rubber > 14 mils, or neoprene rubber > 14 mils or nitrile rubber > 14 mils and
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during applications. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves Category A, such as butyl rubber > 14 mils, or natural rubber > 14 mils, or neoprene rubber > 14 mils or nitrile rubber > 14 mils and
- Shoes plus socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Radiate® contains two active ingredients classified as plant growth regulators (PGRs): 3-Indolebutyric acid (IBA) and Cytokinin, as Kinetin. Benefits derived from the use of this product include: stimulation of early and improved root and shoot development, increased vegetative growth, promotes growth development of flowers and fruit, stimulates root growth on plant cuttings and reduces transplant shock. Read the use instructions for specific details by crop.

A surfactant can be included in the tank mixture if desired based on field experience or further instructions from your local extension service, crop consultant or field representative or if indicated by a tank mix partner.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR CHEMIGATION

Apply Radiate through fixed or standing irrigation systems or through foliar applications. Foliar applications are preferred.

Apply this product only through the following types of irrigation systems:

1. Sprinkler including big gun, solid set or hand move irrigation systems.
2. Calibrated overhead watering booms.
3. Drip (or micro sprinkler) irrigation systems.

Before applying this product through any type of irrigation system, perform a small-scale trial to determine if product performance and phytotoxicity results are acceptable.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems), used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of

pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Agitate the pesticide supply tank throughout the application of Radiate. Except for turfgrass, apply Radiate at the rate of 20.0 fluid ounces per acre at the end of the irrigation period in a sufficient amount of water to allow proper coverage of plant or crop. Fill the supply tank one-half full with water, add the appropriate amount of Radiate to the tank and finish filling the tank with water.

DRIP/TRICKLE OR SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. (This statement only applies to sprinkler chemigation.)

Agitate the pesticide supply tank throughout the application of Radiate. Except for turfgrass, apply Radiate at the rate of 16.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces per acre at the end of the irrigation period in a sufficient amount of water to allow proper coverage of plant or crop.

Fill the supply tank one-half full with water, add the appropriate amount of Radiate to the tank and finish filling the tank with water.

Minimum Spray Volume (Gal)/A

CROP	GROUND		AIR
	Concentrate	Dilute	
Field Crops, Miscellaneous	15.0	15.0	5.0
Berry and Small Fruits, Vegetables, Vines	25.0	100.0	15.0
Pome Fruits, Stone Fruits, Tree Crops and Tree Nuts	50.0	200.0	20.0
Citrus	100.0	300.0	—

Special considerations: Radiate compatibility with other agricultural products has not been fully investigated. Compatibility of Radiate with other products requires testing for crop safety and performance prior to large-scale use. Products mixed with Radiate must be acidic (pH less than 7). Do not mix Radiate with any product(s) having a pH greater than 7. Repeat application may be necessary if it rains within 2 hours after application. Depending upon the equipment used and specific crop, spray volume applied per acre will differ. Apply sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Asparagus	2.0 fl oz/A or 13.0 fl oz/100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First application at spring green up for enhanced vigor • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days • Apply after harvest when asparagus is in fern stage to promote overwinter health
Berry and Small Fruit including Blackberry, Blueberry, Caneberry, Kiwi and Raspberry (except Grape and Strawberry)	2.0* fl oz/A or 13.0 fl oz/100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At first full leaf in spring • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days later through harvest • Application 2 to 3 weeks before frost to promote overwinter health
Brassica Vegetables including Broccoli, Cabbage, Cauliflower and Mustard greens	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Foliar application: Apply to achieve full coverage • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage. • 2nd: 10 to 14 days after first application • Use a non-ionic surfactant for hard to wet crops such as Cabbage

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Bulb Vegetables including Garlic, Leek, Onion	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-leaf stage. • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days up until 10 days prior to harvest • Thorough coverage and leaf wetting is required
Cereal Grains including Barley, Corn ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (field, pop, sweet), Millet, Oats, Rice, Sorghum and Wheat	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • 2nd: 10 to 14 days after first application
Citrus Fruit including Grapefruit, Lemon, Lime, Sweet Orange and Tangerine	2.0* fl oz/A or 13.0 fl oz/ 100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply when fruit are 5 mm in size. Make additional applications if needed • Thorough coverage is necessary
Coffee	13.0 fl oz/100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply to newly transplanted coffee to assist rooting • 1st: Annual application prior to bloom • 2nd: 10 to 14 days after first application • 3rd: 45 days prior to harvest • 4th: 30 days prior to harvest
Cotton ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days
Cucurbit Vegetables including Cantaloupe, Cucumber, Honeydew, Muskmelon, Squash (summer and winter) and Watermelon	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days up until 10 days prior to harvest

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Forage, Fodder and Straw of Cereal Grains	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • 2nd: 10 to 14 days after first application • Additional applications 10 to 14 days after cuttings will improve root structure and increase stand vigor
Fruiting Vegetables including Eggplant, Pepper and Tomato	2.0* fl oz/A or 13.0 fl oz/ 100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • Repeat applications every 10 to 14 days up until 10 days prior to harvest
Grass Forage, Fodder and Hay	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • 2nd: 10 to 14 days after first application • Additional applications between cuttings will improve root structure and increase stand vigor
Grass Grown for Seed including Perennial Ryegrass, Tall Fescue or Bentgrass	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply when growth resumes in the spring • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days up until 30 days prior to harvest
Grape	13.0 fl oz/100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: Apply when grapes are 2 to 3 mm in size • 2nd: 10 to 14 days after first application • 3rd: 45 days prior to harvest • 4th: 30 days prior to harvest
Herbs and Spices including Basil, Dill, Mustard and Sage	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days up until 10 days prior to harvest

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Hops	13.0 fl oz/100 gallons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 1 to 2 pairs of leaves on main vines • Repeat applications may be made every 14 days as needed. Side shoot trimming is an important time to maintain vigorous root growth
Leafy Vegetables including Celery, Head and Leaf Lettuce, Kale and Spinach	13.0 fl oz/100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days up until 10 days prior to harvest
Legume Vegetables (Succulent or Dried) including Bean (all types), Peas and Soybeans ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days
Mint, Peppermint, Spearmint	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4- true leaf stage • 2nd: 10 to 14 days after first application • Applications between cuttings at 2-week interval will increase root structure, help stand vigor and assist biomass accumulation
Nongrass Animal Feeds including Alfalfa, Clover, Hay and Vetch	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seedling alfalfa, clover, hay and vetch: Apply at 2- to 4-trifoliate stage • For established crop, apply at green-up and 5 to 10 days after each cutting
Oil Seed Crops including Canola ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ , Flax and Sunflower	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-leaf stage • Repeated application can be made every 10 to 14 days until flower

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Peanut	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4- true leaf stage • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days • Beginning bloom to beginning seed fill is a critical period
Pome Fruits including Apple and Pear	13.0 fl oz/100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 5 to 10 mm fruit • 2nd: 7 to 14 days after first application • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days as needed
Root and Tuber Vegetables including Carrot, Ginseng, Horseradish, Parsley (turnip-rooted), Potato, Radish, Sugar Beet, Sweet Potato, Turnip	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days up until 10 days prior to harvest • Foliar application: thorough spray coverage is necessary
Stone Fruits including Apricot, Cherry, Peach and Plumcot	13.0* fl oz per 100 gallons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 5 to 10 mm fruit • 2nd: 7 to 14 days after first application • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days as needed
Strawberry	13.0 fl oz/ 100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: Spray immediately after transplant • 2nd: 10 to 14 days after first application • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days
Sugarcane	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Tobacco	2.0* fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: At 2- to 4-true leaf stage • Repeated applications can be made every 10 to 14 days
Tree Nuts including Almonds, Cashews and Pecans	13.0 fl oz/ 100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: Post flowering • Repeated application can be made every 10 to 14 days as needed

*If application spray volume is greater than 15.0 gallons per acre, use the dilution rate of 13.0 fluid ounces per 100 gallons water.

⁽¹⁾ This product can be tank mixed with glyphosate products registered for use on Roundup Ready® crops.

⁽²⁾ This product can be tank mixed with products registered for use on LibertyLink® crops.

In-Furrow Application

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Asparagus	2.0 to 4.0 fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply in-furrow or band over open furrow as a stand-alone or in conjunction with a starter fertilizer
Barley, Corn ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (field, pop, sweet), Grain sorghum, Oats, Peanuts, Potato, Rye, Soybean, Sugar beets, Sugarcane and Wheat	2.0 to 4.0 fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply at planting in the seed furrow or 2 inches beside and 2 inches below seed or with a strip till machine 3 inches below the seed • Can be applied with or without starter fertilizer
Cotton ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	2.0 to 4.0 fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can be applied in furrow or in the starter band
Legume vegetables (Succulent or Dried) including Bean (all types), Peas and Soybeans ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	2.0 to 4.0 fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply in-furrow or band over open furrow as a stand-alone or in conjunction with a starter fertilizer

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Oil Seed Crops including Canola ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ and Sunflower	4.0 fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply at planting in the seed furrow or 2 inches beside and 2 inches below seed or with a strip till machine 3 inches below the seed • Can be applied with or without starter fertilizer
Root and Tuber Vegetables including Carrot, Ginseng, Horseradish, Parsley (turnip-rooted), Potato, Radish, Sugar Beet, Sweet Potato, Turnip	4.0 fl oz/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply in-furrow or band as a stand-alone or in conjunction with a starter fertilizer

⁽¹⁾ This product can be tank mixed with glyphosate products registered for use on Roundup Ready® crops.

⁽²⁾ This product can be tank mixed with products registered for use on LibertyLink® crops.

For Dip or Drench Transplant Water

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Berry and Small Fruit, Brassica Vegetables, Bulb Vegetables, Cucurbit Vegetables, Fruiting Vegetables and Leafy Vegetables	13.0 fl oz/ 100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drench can be delivered at 5.0 to 500 gallons/A • At time of transplant • Drench applications can be delivered as injected transplant solution or dribbled into the seeding trench • If mixed with nutrients check compatibility and be certain of nutrient safety facts

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Tobacco	13.0 fl oz/ 100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> At time of transplant Drench applications can be delivered as injected transplant solution or dribbled into the seeding trench If mixed with nutrients check compatibility and be certain of nutrient safety facts

For Drench Applications for Field Grown Perennial Crops

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Berry and Small Fruit, Citrus, Ornamental Trees, Pome fruits, Stone fruits and Tree Nuts	13.0 fl oz/ 100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deliver 8.0 to 16.0 ounces of total mix per inch diameter of trunk Apply monthly anytime the plant is actively growing Apply with nutrients or other mixes suitable for application 3 to 4 times the trunk diameter up the stem

For Injection into Drip/Trickle Irrigation

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Asparagus Berry and Small Fruit, Citrus, Brassica Vegetables, Bulb Vegetables, Cucurbit Vegetables, Fruiting Vegetables, Grape, Leafy Vegetables, Legume Vegetables, Pome fruits, Root and Tuber Vegetables, Strawberry, Stone fruits and Tree Nuts	16.0 to 32.0 fl oz/A of water zone	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1st application at transplanting Run the system until root zone of the treated crop is at 90% field capacity. Inject Radiate into the system at sufficient concentration to deliver 16.0 to 32.0 oz/A of water zone in the last 15 minutes of watering Established crops: can be treated monthly year round or from the beginning of annual production until six weeks prior to leaf drop or harvest Construction of a uniform delivery system is necessary. Use only tested injection and distribution systems Crops with larger root volume require higher net dose/A to achieve effective root zone concentration
Hops	16.0 to 32.0 fl oz/A of water zone	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1st application at transplanting Run the system until root zone of the treated crop is at 90% field capacity. Inject Radiate into the system at sufficient concentration to deliver 16.0 to 32.0 fl oz/A of water zone in the last 15 minutes of watering Established crops: can be treated monthly from the beginning of annual production until harvest Construction of a uniform delivery system is necessary. Use only tested injection and distribution systems Crops with larger root volume require higher net dose/A to achieve effective root zone concentration

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Container Grown Ornamentals	13.0 fl oz/ 100 gallons water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deliver at 1.0 oz of solution per one inch of container diameter • Apply monthly anytime the plant is actively growing up until 10 days before sale • Construction of a uniform delivery system is necessary. Use only tested injection and distribution systems

GREENHOUSE AND NURSERY

Greenhouse Transplant - For Early Root Growth

Crop	Use Rate Fl Oz/A
Leafy Vegetables including Celery, Head and Leaf Lettuce, Kale and Spinach	4.0
Fruiting Vegetables including Eggplant, Pepper and Tomato	2.0 to 4.0

Greenhouse Transplant - For Early Shoot Growth

Crop	Use Rate Fl Oz/A
Leafy Vegetables including Celery, Head and Leaf Lettuce, Kale and Spinach	2.0 to 4.0*
Fruiting Vegetables including Eggplant, Pepper and Tomato	2.0 to 4.0*

*If application spray volume is greater than 30.0 gallons per acre, use the dilution rate of 13.0 fluid ounces per 100 gallons water.

For Greenhouse Establishment or Production

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Leafy Vegetables including Celery, Head and Leaf Lettuce, Kale and Spinach	13.0 fl oz/100 gallons in 30 to 80 gallons per acre	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: 2- to 4- true leaves • Subsequent applications can be made at 10- to 14-day intervals

Crop	Amount of Radiate	Application Directions and Timing
Fruiting Vegetables including Eggplant, Pepper and Tomato	13.0 fl oz/100 gallons in 30 to 80 gallons per acre	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1st: 2- to 4- true leaves • Subsequent applications can be made at 10- to 14-day intervals

TURFGRASS

For Sod Grass: Apply Radiate by ground using 20.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre. Use 2.5 to 6.5 fluid ounces product in 20.0 to 40.0 gallons of water, respectively, at a 1:1000 dilution rate.

For Turfgrass: Apply Radiate by ground according to the table below using 1.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per 1000 square feet. Use Radiate for turf growth suppression at the dilution rate of 1:300 (4.2 fluid ounces product per 10.0 gallons water).

Turf	Amount (Radiate/ Gal Water/ 1000 Sq Ft*)	Application Directions and Timing
Warm climate grasses including Bermuda, Bermuda hybrids, Centipede, St. Augustine & similar warm season grasses	0.13 to 0.65 fl oz/1.0 to 5.0 gal of water/1000 sq ft	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make applications at 2-week intervals during the growing season.
Dichondra	0.65 to 1.3 fl oz/5.0 to 10.0 gal of water/1000 sq ft	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make applications at 2-week intervals during the growing season.
Cool Climate grasses including Bluegrass, Fescue, Rye, and similar cool season grasses	0.13 to 0.65 fl oz/1.0 to 5.0 gal of water/1000 sq ft	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make applications at 2-week intervals during the growing season.

*Apply 0.13 fluid ounce per gallon.

GREENHOUSE AND NURSERY

Differences in responsiveness may vary from one cultivar to another or from one set of growing conditions to another. Unless previous experience dictates otherwise, prior to widespread use, test a small number of plants from each cultivar to verify desired efficacy.

Foliage Plants

Aglaonema	Dieffenbachia	Maranta	Schefflera
Ajuga	Dracaena	Palms	Schlumbergera
Anthurium	Ficus	Peperomia	Spathiphyllum
Aphelandra	Fittonia	Philodendron	Syngonium
Caladium	Gynura	Pilea	Tradescantia
Cissus	Hoya	Pothos	Similar foliage plants

Application Rates and Timing: Dilute 0.85 fluid ounce of Radiate in 10.0 gallons of water (1:1500 dilution rate) for plants less than 2 years old. Dilute 1.3 fluid ounces Radiate in 10.0 gallons of water (1:1000 dilution rate) for mature plants. Repeat applications at 10 to 14 day intervals when required. Apply the last spray 1 to 2 weeks prior to sale. Uniform and thorough spray coverage is necessary for best results.

Bedding and Flowering Plants

Abutilon	Columbine	Gazania	Marigold	Scabiosa
Aglais	Coral Bells	Geranium	Michelia	Sedum
Alyssum	Cyclamen	Gladiolus	Monarda	Sempervivum
Calceolaria	Dahlia	Gloxinia	Osmachus	Tulips
Canna	Delphinium	Impatiens	Petunia	Vinca
Carnation	Dianthus	Iris	Poinsettia	Zinnia
Champaca	Foxglove	Jasminum	Portulaca	Similar plants
Chrysanthemum	Fuchsia	Lily	Roses	
Cineraria	Gardenia	Lupine	Salvia	

Application Rates and Timing: Dilute 0.85 fluid ounce of Radiate in 10.0 gallons of water (1:1500 dilution rate) for plants less than 2 years old. Dilute 1.3 fluid ounces Radiate in 10.0 gallons of water (1:1000 dilution rate) for mature plants. Repeat applications at 10 to 14 day intervals when required. Apply the last spray 1 to 2 weeks prior to sale. Uniform and thorough spray coverage is necessary for best results.

Woody Ornamentals

Arborvitae	Boxwood	English ivy	Maple	Rhododendron
Aucuba	Carissa	Holly	Pine	Viburnum
Azalea	Chinese magnolia	Juniper	Podocarpus	Similar plants

Application Rates and Timing: Dilute 0.85 fluid ounce of Radiate in 10.0 gallons of water (1:1500 dilution rate) for plants less than 2 years old. Dilute 1.3 fluid ounces Radiate in 10.0 gallons of water (1:1000 dilution rate) for mature plants. Repeat applications at 10 to 14 day intervals when required. Apply the last spray 1 to 2 weeks prior to sale. Uniform and thorough spray coverage is necessary for best results.

Garden Grown Tree Fruits

Apple	Fig	Kumquat	Mango	Plum
Asian pear	Guava	Lemon	Orange	Prunes
Apricot	Grape	Litchi	Peach	Starfruit
Cherry	Jujubee	Longara	Persimmon	Similar plants

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PLANT CUTTINGS

- To propagate new plants from cuttings.
- Treated cuttings can be expected to produce uniform roots resulting in beautiful, symmetrical plants.
- For use on most home, tropical, greenhouse and nursery plants.

Type of Cutting	Dilution rate
Soft wood	1:20 dilution rate (0.5 fluid ounce product in 10.0 fluid ounces of water)
Medium wood	1:10 dilution rate (1.0 fluid ounce product in 10.0 fluid ounces of water)
Hard wood	1:5 dilution rate (2.0 fluid ounces product in 10.0 fluid ounces water)

For Rooting House Foliage, Tropical and Hardy Ornamentals, Leaf, Greenwood and Softwood Cuttings, Woody ornamentals, Deciduous hardwoods, Evergreens, Ground Covers, and Perennials including:

Acanthopanax	Chestnut	Flowering Quince	Jasmine	Privet
African violet	Chokeberry	Forsythia	Juniper	Pyracantha (Firethorn)
Apple (ornamental)	Cotoneaster	Fuchsia	Lilac	Rhododendron
Arboretum, American	Crape-myrtle	Gardenia	Locust	Rose
Arbutus	Clematis	Geranium	Magnolia	Russian Olive
Azalea (evergreen & semi-evergreen)	Cryptomeria	Germander	Manzanita	Snowball
Aster	Chrysanthemum	Grape (ornamental)	Maple	Sourwood
Barberry	Cypress	Hawthorne	Matrimony vine	Spirea
Begonia	Dahlia	Heath	Minor	Tulip Tree
Birch	Delphinium	Heather	Myrtle	Umbrella Pine
Bittersweet	Dogwood	Hemlock	Oak	Viburnum
Boxwood	Douglas Fir	Hibiscus	Olive (ornamental)	Vinca
Camellia	Escallonia	Holly	Orange, sour (ornamental)	Yew
Catalpa	Euonymus	Honeysuckle	Pachysandra	Wriggle
Chamaecyparis (False Cypress)	Flowering Crab apple	Ivy	Pecan (ornamental)	Many others
Chaste tree		Japanese quince	Photinia	

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Obtain cuttings from vigorous, healthy plants. Keep cuttings moist and cool such as in an ice chest. With a sharp knife, trim the cutting (2 to 8 inches long) with a diagonal cut just below a node or leaf. Dip the basal end of cutting, individually or in bunches, into the Radiate solution for 3 to 5 seconds.

Note: Following dipping, place cuttings into planting medium. Depending on the species, rooting will take place in several weeks or months under a moist greenhouse environment. Transplant once the cuttings have rooted.

Shrubs, Flowers, Groundcovers and Houseplants including, Rose, Arbovitae, Gardenias, Flowering Trees and other ornamentals

USE INSTRUCTIONS: In bare root transplant or from containers: Use 2.0 tablespoons of Radiate per 10.0 gallons of water. Apply solution to root area in transplanting hole and then cover roots with soil. After planting, repeat applications biweekly as a drench to thoroughly wet the root area using a solution consisting of 1.0 tablespoon of Radiate per 10.0 gallons of water.

Annual and Perennial Flowers (bedding plants)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use 1.0 tablespoon of Radiate per 10.0 gallons of water and apply to thoroughly saturate roots at time of planting. Repeat at weekly intervals until plants are well established.

Groundcovers including, Ivy, Iceplant, Geranium, Cotoneaster, Barberry, and Ajuga

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use 1.0 tablespoon of Radiate per 10.0 gallons of water and apply thoroughly to saturate the root area at time of planting. Repeat at weekly intervals until plants are well established.

Houseplants (repotting and planting)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use 1.0 tablespoon of Radiate per 10.0 gallons of water and water thoroughly at weekly intervals to saturate the root zone until plants are well established.

Established Plants

USE INSTRUCTIONS: To continue new root growth, use 1.0 tablespoon of Radiate per 10.0 gallons of water and water plants with solution once a month.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store product in the original container. Store product in a cool, dry locked place out of the reach of children and out of direct sunlight.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinse). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinseate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.org. If not recycled, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinseate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinseate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinseate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For chemical spill, leak, fire or exposure, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.

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