

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier HYDREXX® Nitrogen Stabilizer

Other means of identification

SDS Number KAS_Hydrex_US_EN

Synonyms HYDREXX®

Recommended use Fertilizer Additive.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Koch Agronomic Services, LLC
 4111 E 37th St N
 Wichita, KS 67220 US
 kochmsds@kochind.com
 1.866.863.5550

Emergency For Chemical Emergency
 Call CHEMTREC day or night
 USA/Canada - 1.800.424.9300
 Mexico - 1.800.681.9531
 Outside USA/Canada - 1.703.527.3887
 (collect calls accepted)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
 Reproductive toxicity Category 1B

OSHA defined hazards Combustible dust

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Causes serious eye damage. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Dicyandiamide	461-58-5	60 - 100
Non hazardous component	Proprietary	5 - 10
N-(n-butyl)-thiophosphoric triamide	94317-64-3	1 - 5
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	1 - 5
Non hazardous dye	Proprietary	< 1

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.
This Safety Data Sheet is not a guarantee of product specification or NPK value(s). NPK content is on specified sales orders, customer invoices, or product specification sheets obtained from supplier.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move person to fresh air. If the affected person is not breathing, apply artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Risk of serious damage to eyes. Skin irritation. Respiratory tract irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically. The effects might be delayed.

General information Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Apply extinguishing media carefully to avoid creating airborne dust. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

General fire hazards May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use only non-sparking tools. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Environmental precautions**7. Handling and storage****Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Long term storage at temperatures above 100°F (36°C), and long term storage of opened containers, will cause the product to degrade. As the product degrades, it can release harmful gases. Store below 100°F (36°C) and use opened containers within 30 days. Always use oldest stock first.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits****US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Dust (CAS -)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Dust (CAS -)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Dust (CAS -)	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Respirable particles.
		10 mg/m ³	Inhalable particles.

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	TWA	40 mg/m ³
		10 ppm

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	100 mg/l	5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US WEEL Guides: Skin designation

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Chemical goggles are recommended.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Risk of contact: Wear protective gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Skin protection

Other

Chemical resistant clothing is recommended.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Wear air supplied respiratory protection if exposure concentrations are unknown. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of dust, use suitable respiratory equipment with particle filter. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Powder or granules.

Physical state

Solid.

Form

Powder or granules.

Color

Blue.

Odor

Slight ammonia.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

7.5 - 8.2

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not available.

Flash point

Not available.

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper (%)

Not applicable.

Vapor pressure

Not available.

Vapor density

Not available.

Relative density

Not available.

Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Appreciable.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	29.00 - 34.00 lb/ft ³ (20°C)
Explosive properties	Combustible dust hazard.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions	The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport. Stable under normal temperature conditions. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Contact with incompatible materials. Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong reducing agents. Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Ammonia. Butyl amide. Phosphoric acid. During combustion: Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Sulfur oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Dust may irritate respiratory system or lungs.
Skin contact	May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Symptoms include itching, burning, redness, and tearing of eyes. Dust may irritate skin. Dust may irritate respiratory system.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test Results
Dicyandiamide (CAS 461-58-5)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	New Zealand white rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 hours
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Wistar rat	> 259 mg/m ³ , 4 hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Wistar rat	> 10000 mg/kg > 7000 mg/kg
N-(n-butyl)-thiophosphoric triamide (CAS 94317-64-3)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Wistar rat	> 2.1 mg/l, 4 hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Wistar rat	> 2000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 5.1 mg/l, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	4150 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	No data available.	
Skin sensitization	No data available.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.	
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Not listed.		
NTP Report on Carcinogens		
Not listed.		
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Not regulated.		
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No data available.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No data available.	
Aspiration hazard	Not available.	
Chronic effects	Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time increases the risk of developing lung diseases.	
Further information	No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
Dicyandiamide (CAS 461-58-5)		
Aquatic		
<i>Acute</i>		
Algae	EC50	Selenastrum capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) 2.04 g/l, 4 days
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna > 3177 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Lepomis macrochirus > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
		Oncorhynchus mykiss 7700 ppm, 96 hours
<i>Chronic</i>		
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia magna > 100 mg/l, 21 days
Fish	LC50	Oryzias latipes > 100 mg/l, 14 days
N-(n-butyl)-thiophosphoric triamide (CAS 94317-64-3)		
Aquatic		
Algae	EC50	Selenastrum capricornutum 280 mg/l, 96 hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna 290 mg/l, 48 hours

Components	Species	Test Results	
	LC50	Daphnia	350 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Lepomis macrochirus	1140 mg/l, 96 hours
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)			
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i>			
Algae	EC50	Scenedesmus subspicatus	> 500 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	> 1000 mg/l, 24 hours
	LC50	Palaemonetes vulgaris	1107 mg/l, 96 hours
Fish	LC50	Oncorhynchus mykiss	> 500 mg/l, 96 hours
<i>Chronic</i>			
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia magna	25 mg/l, 21 days
Persistence and degradability	No data available.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.		
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)			
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	-0.54		
Mobility in soil	This product is moderately water soluble and may disperse in soil.		
Other adverse effects	No data available.		

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IATA	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IMDG	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	
N-(n-butyl)-thiophosphoric triamide (CAS 94317-64-3)	1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	
Not regulated.	
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)	
Not listed.	
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)	
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	1 - 5

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.**US state regulations**

WARNING: This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

US. Rhode Island RTK

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

US. California Proposition 65**US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance**

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**Issue date** 23-November-2015**Revision date** -**Version #** 01**Further information** Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.**HMIS® ratings** Health: 3*
Flammability: 1
Physical hazard: 0**NFPA ratings****List of abbreviations** EC50: Effective Concentration, 50%.

LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.

References EPA: Acquire database
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

Disclaimer

NOTICE: The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and was prepared pursuant to Government regulation(s) that identify specific types of information to be provided. This SDS may not be used as a commercial specification sheet of manufacturer or seller, and no warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is made as to the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license. Additional information may be needed to evaluate other uses of the product, including use of the product in combination with any materials or in any processes other than those specifically referenced. Information provided herein with respect to any hazards that may be associated with the product is not meant to suggest that use of the product in a given application will necessarily result in any exposure or risk to workers or the general public. No responsibility can be assumed by vendor for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product. Purchasers and users assume all risk of use, storage and handling of the product in compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. Purchasers and users of the product specifically should advise all of their employees, agents, contractors and customers who will use the product of this (M)SDS.