THIS RECOMMENDATION IS MADE AS PERMITTED UNDER FIFRA SECTION 2(ee) AND HAS NOT BEEN SUBMITTED TO OR APPROVED BY THE EPA.



2(ee) Recommendation

FOR DISTRIBUTION AND
USE IN FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY IN
CONNECTICUT, DELAWARE, IDAHO, ILLINOIS, INDIANA*,
KENTUCKY, MAINE, MARYLAND, MICHIGAN, NEW
HAMPSHIRE, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK, OHIO, OREGON,
PENNSYLVANIA, RHODE ISLAND, VERMONT, VIRGINIA,
WEST VIRGINIA, WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN

THIS PRODUCT BULLETIN CONTAINS NEW OR ADDITIONAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE WHICH ARE RECOMMENDED BY FMC CORPORATION UNDER FIFRA SECTION 2(ee)

IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO USE THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH IT LABELING

EPA REG No. 84876-1-279

CROP	PEST	RATE OF APPLICATION
Grape	[Suppression] Sour Rot (Acetobacter spp.)	24.4 oz – 36.6 oz/A (0.40 – 0.60 lbs ai /A)

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Sour Rot [Suppression]: Begin applications at veraison and / or when sugar concentration of grape berries has reached 8 to 14%.

PRECAUTIONS:

Alternate applications with another effective fungicide with a different mode of action. Fracture fungicides requires 2 – 4 hours drying time on plant foliage for the active ingredient to fix into the plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. If during the next 12 hours it rains significantly, a new application will be needed during the next 4 days.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not make more than 5 foliar applications of Fracture fungicide per crop cycle
- Do not make more than two sequential applications of Fracture Fungicide before alternating to a labeled fungicide with a different mode of action.
- Do not harvest until 1 day after last application
- Follow most restrictive plant back intervals, crop rotations, and other intervals when tank mixing with other products

ALL APPLICABLE DIRECTIONS, RESTRICTIONS, AND PRECAUTIONS ON THE EPA REGISTERED FRACTURE FUNGICIDE LABEL (EPA REG. NO. 84876-1-279) MUST BE FOLLOWED. THIS RECOMMENDATION SHOULD BE IN THE POSSESSION OF THE USER AT THE TIME OF PESTICIDE APPLICATION.

* Use of this product according to this bulletin has not been reviewed or endorsed by the Office of the Indiana State Chemist.

