

Tribune™

HERBICIDE

TO PREVENT ACCIDENTAL POISONING, NEVER STORE THIS PRODUCT IN FOOD, DRINK, OR UNLABELED CONTAINERS.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT FOR REFORMULATION.

Intended for Commercial Use.

Active ingredient:

Diquat dibromide

[6,7-dihydrodipyrido (1,2-a:2',1'-c) pyrazinediium dibromide] 37.3%

Other Ingredients: 62.7%

Total: 100.0%

Contains 2 lb diquat cation per gal
(3.73 lb diquat dibromide per gal)

EPA Reg. No. 100-1390

EPA Est. 100-LA-001

Product of United Kingdom

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

See additional precautionary statements on label.

SCP 1390A-L1A 0925

2.5 gallon

Net Contents

syngenta®

FIRST AID

If inhaled	• Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If swallowed	• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes	• IMMEDIATELY hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	• Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS

To be effective, treatment for diquat poisoning must begin **IMMEDIATELY**. Treatment consists of binding diquat in the gut with suspensions of activated charcoal or bentonite clay, administration of cathartics to enhance elimination, and removal of diquat from the blood by charcoal hemoperfusion or continuous hemodialysis.

If in eyes, treat symptomatically. Symptoms may develop gradually.

Severe damage may be caused by apparently trivial contact and healing may be delayed. Medical supervision should be continued until healing is complete.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

HOTLINE NUMBER

For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal)
or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident),
Call
1-800-888-8372

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Harmful if inhaled or swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

All handlers must wear a minimum of:

- Chemical-resistant gloves made out of any waterproof material such as: barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, natural rubber ≥ 14 mils, Polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, or Viton™ ≥ 14 mils
- Protective eyewear (e.g., safety glasses or face shield)
- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes and socks

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (continued)

Additional Use-Specific PPE Requirements

Aquatic subsurface applications

Mixers/loaders supporting applications to aquatic areas for the control of submersed weeds via trailing or submersed hoses, during the time in which they are mixing and/or loading Tribune, must wear:

- PPE for all handlers
- A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR
- A NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR
- A NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters

Alternatively, such mixers/loaders may use closed mixing/loading systems without the use of a respirator. A closed system is one which removes the pesticide from its original container and transfers the pesticide product through connecting hoses, pipes, and couplings that are sufficiently tight to prevent exposure of handlers to the pesticide product, except for the negligible escape associated with normal operation of the system (40 CFR 170.607(d)).

Aquatic surface applications

1) Mixers/loaders supporting applications to aquatic areas with mechanically-pressurized handguns AND 2) mixer/loader/applicators using mechanically-pressurized handguns to treat aquatic areas, during mixing and loading operations ONLY, must wear:

- PPE for all handlers
- A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR
- A NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR
- A NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters

Alternatively, these aquatic mixers/loaders may use closed mixing/loading systems without the use of a respirator.

Applications to Industrial and Commercial Areas

Mixers/loaders/applicators using mechanically-pressurized handguns on industrial and commercial areas must wear:

- PPE for all handlers
- A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR
- A NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR
- A NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters

Applications to rights-of way and landscaping and turf sites

Mixers/loaders/applicators using backpack sprayers for treatments to rights-of-way (e.g. utilities, railroads, and roadways), and landscaping and turf sites (e.g. lawns, athletic fields, and parks) must wear:

- PPE for all handlers
- A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR
- A NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR
- A NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters

Respirator fit testing, medical qualifications, and training

Using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (see 29 CFR Part 1910.134), employers must verify that any handler who uses a respirator is:

- Fit-tested and fit-checked,
- Trainer, and
- Examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely wear the style of respirator to be worn. A qualified medical practitioner is a physician or other licensed health care professional who will evaluate the ability of a worker to wear a respirator. The initial evaluation consists of a questionnaire that asks about medical conditions (such as a heart condition) that would be problematic for respirator use. If concerns are identified, then additional evaluations, such as a physical exam, might be necessary. The initial evaluation must be done before respirator use begins. Handlers must be reexamined by a qualified medical practitioner if their health status, respirator style, or use-conditions change.

Upon request by local/state/federal/tribal enforcement personnel, employers must provide documentation demonstrating how they have complied with these requirements.

Human flagging is prohibited.

Engineering Control Statements

Mixers/loaders supporting aerial applications must use closed mixing/loading systems that meet the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.607(d)(42)(i)&(ii)) for inhalation protection.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Prolonged contact of the product with the skin may produce burns.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. **For Terrestrial Uses**, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water. **For Aquatic Uses** do not apply directly to water except as specified on this label.

NON-TARGET ORGANISMS ADVISORY: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent permitted by applicable law, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. **TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.**

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, or coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made out of any waterproof material such as: barrier laminate, butyl rubber $\geq$ 14 mils, nitrile rubber $\geq$ 14 mils, neoprene rubber $\geq$ 14 mils, natural rubber $\geq$ 14 mils, Polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) $\geq$ 14 mils, or Viton $\geq$ 14 mils
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be drift.

For terrestrial uses, do not enter or allow entry of maintenance workers into treated areas, or allow contact with treated vegetation wet with spray, dew, or rain, without appropriate protective clothing until spray has dried.

For aquatic uses, do not enter treated areas while treatments are in progress.

For Bulk And Mini-Bulk Containers

When the container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use and return the container to the point of purchase, or to a designated location named at the time of purchase of this product. This container must be refilled with this pesticide product. **DO NOT REUSE THE CONTAINER FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.** Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, contact Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-888-8372. If not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, triple rinse emptied container and offer for recycling. Disposal of this container must be in compliance with state and local regulations.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call 1-800-888-8372, day or night.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

Tribune is a nonvolatile herbicidal chemical for use as a general herbicide to control weeds in commercial greenhouses and nurseries; ornamental seed crops (flowers, bulbs, etc. – except in the state of California); landscape, industrial, recreational, commercial, residential, and public areas; turf renovation (all turf areas except commercial sod farms); dormant established turfgrass (bermudagrass, zoysiagrass – nonfood or feed crop); and aquatic areas. Absorption and herbicidal action is usually quite rapid with effects visible in a few days. Tribune controls weeds by interfering with photosynthesis within green plant tissue. Weed plants should be succulent and actively growing for best results. Rinse all spray equipment thoroughly with water after use. Avoid spray drift to crops, ornamentals, and other desirable plants during application, as injury may result. Application to muddy water may result in reduced control. Minimize creating muddy water during application. Use of dirty or muddy water for Tribune dilution may result in reduced herbicidal activity. Avoid applying under conditions of high wind, water flow, or wave action.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT RESTRICTIONS

Aerial Applications:

- Do not release at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground, vegetative canopy, or water surface unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety
- Applicators are required to use nozzles and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets as indicated in nozzle manufacturers' catalogs and in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572.1 (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- If the windspeed is 10 mph or less, applicators must use $\frac{1}{2}$ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the target area. When the windspeed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applications must use $\frac{3}{4}$ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the target area.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Groundboom Applications:

- Users must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or vegetative canopy.
- Applicators are required to use nozzles and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets as indicated in nozzle manufacturers' catalogs and in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572.1 (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Boomless Ground Applications:

- Applicators are required to use nozzles and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets as indicated in nozzle manufacturers' catalogs and in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572.1 (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger drops will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Groundboom

Volume – Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.

Pressure – Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.

Spray nozzle – Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzle designed to reduce spray drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

Adjust Nozzles – Follow nozzle manufacturers’ recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT – Groundboom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

Boom-less Ground Applications:

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

HANDHELD TECHNOLOGY APPLICATIONS

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated could (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

DIQUAT DIBROMIDE	GROUP	22	HERBICIDE
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For resistance management, please note that Tribune is a Group 22 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Tribune. The resistance biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same areas. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Tribune or other Group 22 herbicides with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or Syngenta representative if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural, biological, and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other areas by cleaning equipment when moving between areas.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or Syngenta representative for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific weed biotypes.

For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-866-796-4368. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance. Syngenta encourages responsible product stewardship to ensure effective long term control of the weeds on this label.

COMMERCIAL GREENHOUSES AND NURSERIES

For general weed control in commercial greenhouses (beneath benches), field grown and container stock, and other similar areas, Tribune may be applied preplant or postplant preemergence in field grown ornamental nursery plantings or postemergence as a directed spray. Tribune may also be applied preemergence in ornamental seed crops (except in the state of California). Avoid contact with desirable foliage as injury may occur.

Use Restrictions:

- **Do not** use on food or feed crops.
- **Do not** use mechanically-pressurized handguns to apply this product in greenhouses.
- **Do not** apply products containing diquat dibromide to production ornamentals at a rate more than 1 lb ai/A/year.
- **Do not** apply products containing diquat dibromide more than four times per year.

Spot spray: 1-2 qt Tribune plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gal of water, or 0.75 oz (22 ml) Tribune plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 1 gal of water.

Broadcast: 1-2 pt Tribune in a minimum of 15 gal of water per acre. Add the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gal of spray mixture. Use an adequate spray volume to insure good coverage.

ORNAMENTAL SEED CROPS (FLOWERS, BULBS, ETC.) EXCEPT IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

For preharvest desiccation of ornamental seed crops. NOT FOR FOOD OR FIBER CROPS.

Broadcast (Air or Ground): 1.5-2 pt Tribune plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per acre in sufficient water (minimum of 5 gal by air; 15 gal by ground) for desiccation and weed burndown. Repeat as needed at no less than 5-day intervals up to three applications. Do not use seed, screenings, or waste as feed or for consumption.

DIRECTIONS FOR LANDSCAPE, INDUSTRIAL, RECREATIONAL, COMMERCIAL, RESIDENTIAL, AND PUBLIC AREAS

Tribune provides fast control of broadleaf and grassy weeds in industrial, recreational, golf course, commercial, residential, and public areas.

Tribune is a nonselective herbicide that rapidly kills undesirable above ground weed growth in 24-36 hours. Avoid application of Tribune to desirable plants.

Tribune is a contact/desiccant herbicide; it is essential to obtain complete coverage of the target weeds to get good control. Improper application technique and/or application to stressed weeds may result in unacceptable weed control. For best results, apply to actively growing, young weeds.

Difficult weeds (such as perennial or deeply-rooted weeds) can often be controlled by tank mixing Tribune with other systemic-type herbicides. Refer to other product labels for specific application directions.

For residual weed control, tank mix Tribune with a preemergent herbicide labeled for the intended use site. When mixing Tribune with another herbicide, it is recommended to mix just a small amount first to determine if the mixture is physically compatible before proceeding with larger volumes.

Syngenta has not tested all possible tank mixtures with other herbicides for compatibility, efficacy or other adverse effects. Before mixing with other herbicides Syngenta recommends you first consult your state experimental station, state university or extension agent.

Use Restrictions:

- **Do not** apply products containing diquat dibromide at a rate more than 0.5 lb ai/A.
- **Do not** apply products containing diquat dibromide more than three times per year at the maximum application rate.
- **Do not** apply products containing diquat dibromide at a rate more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year.

Grounds maintenance weed control: Tribune can be used as a spot or broadcast spray to control weeds in public, commercial and residential landscapes, including landscape beds, lawns, golf courses and roadsides. Tribune can also be used for weed control around the edges and nonflooded portions of ponds, lakes and ditches.

Trim and Edge weed control: Tribune can be used to eliminate undesired grass and broadleaf plant growth in a narrow band along driveways, walkways, patios, cart paths, fence lines, and around trees, ornamental gardens, buildings, other structures, and beneath noncommercial greenhouse benches. Vegetation control with Tribune is limited to the spray application width. Do not exceed the labeled rate of Tribune as excessive rates may result in staining of concrete-based materials.

Tribune, since it does not translocate systemically, can be used as an edging or pruning tool when precisely applied to select areas of grass or to undesirable growth on desirable ornamental bedding plants, ground covers, etc.

Industrial weed control: Tribune can be used as a spot or broadcast spray either alone or in combination with other herbicides as a fast burndown or control weeds in rights-of-ways, railroad beds/yards, highways, roads, dividers and medians, parking lots, pipelines, pumping stations, public utility lines, transformer stations and substations, electric utilities, storage yards, and other non-crop areas.

Spot spray: Apply either 1-2 qt of Tribune plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gal water, or 0.75 oz (22 ml) Tribune plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 1 gal of water.

Broadcast: 1-2 pt Tribune per acre in sufficient water to insure good spray coverage. Add the labeled rate of 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gal spray mixture. Greater water volumes are necessary if the target plants are tall and/or dense. It is recommended that 60 gal or greater water volume be used to obtain good coverage of dense weeds.

TURF RENOVATION (ALL TURF AREAS EXCEPT COMMERCIAL SOD FARMS)

To desiccate golf course turf and other turf areas prior to renovation, apply 1-2 pt of Tribune per acre plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant in 20-100 gal of water (4 teaspoons of Tribune plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 1 gal of water) using ground spray equipment. Apply for full coverage and thorough contact with the turfgrass. Apply only when the turf is dry, free from dew and incidental moisture. For enhanced turf desiccation, especially in the case of thick turfgrass, water volumes should approach 100 gal of water per acre.

For **suppression** of regrowth and quick desiccation of treated turfgrass, Tribune may be mixed with other systemic nonselective or systemic postemergence grassy weed herbicides. Refer to other product labels for specific application directions and restrictions.

Avoid spray contact with, or spray drift to, foliage of ornamental plants or food crops.

Do not graze livestock on treated turf or feed treated thatch to livestock.

DORMANT ESTABLISHED TURFGRASS (BERMUDAGRASS, ZOYSIAGRASS), NONFOOD OR FEED CROP

For control of emerged annual broadleaf and grass weeds, including Little Barley*, Annual Bluegrass, Bromes including Rescuegrass, Sixweeks fescue, Henbit, Buttercup, and Carolina Geranium in established dormant bermudagrass lawns, parks, golf courses (except greens and tees), etc.

Apply 1-2 pt Tribune per acre in 20-100 gal of spray mix by ground as a broadcast application. Add the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gal of spray mixture.

Bermudagrass must be dormant at application. Application to actively growing bermudagrass may cause delay or permanent injury. Users in the extreme Southern areas should be attentive to the extent of dormancy at the time of application.

*For control of Little Barley, apply Tribune prior to the mid-boot stage.

USE RESTRICTIONS:

- **Do not** apply products containing diquat dibromide to turf at a rate more than 0.5 lb ai/A.
- **Do not** apply products containing diquat dibromide to turf more than two times per year at the maximum application rate.
- **Do not** apply products containing diquat dibromide to turf at a rate more than 1.0 lb ai/A/year.
- **Do not** use on greens and tees.

AQUATIC USE DIRECTIONS

New York – Not for Sale or Use in New York State without Supplemental Special Local Needs Labeling.

Waters treated with this product may be hazardous to non-target aquatic organisms. Treatment of aquatic weeds and algae can result in oxygen loss from decomposition of dead biomass. This oxygen loss can cause fish and invertebrate suffocation. To minimize this hazard, do not use products containing diquat dibromide to treat more than 1/2 of the water body (excluding water infrastructure and constructed conveyances such as drainage canals, ditches, and pipelines or intakes and aqueducts for drinking water or irrigation use) to avoid depletion of oxygen due to decaying vegetation. Wait at least 7 days between performing diquat dibromide applications to adjacent treatment areas within the same waterbody. Begin treatment along the shore and proceed outward in bands to allow fish to move into untreated areas. Consult with the state or local agency with primary responsibility for regulating pesticides before applying this product to determine if a permit is required.

Do not use a vehicle-mounted boom sprayer to apply this product above the water surface for treatment of floating, emergent, or marginal vegetation, except for applications made via aircraft. This prohibition does not apply to applications made below the water surface via submersed or trailing hoses.

- **Do not** apply this product at a rate greater than 2.5 lb ai/surface-acre per application for the control of floating, emergent, or marginal vegetation.
- **Do not** apply this product at a rate greater than 1 lb ai/acre-foot per application for the control of submersed weeds.
- **Do not** apply this product on cattails (*Typha* spp.) as a target weed species.

Treatment of dense weed areas may result in oxygen loss from decomposition of dead weeds. This loss of oxygen may cause fish suffocation. Treat only 1/2 of the water body area at one time and wait 7 days between treatments.

For best results on submersed weeds, Tribune should be applied to actively growing (photosynthesizing) weeds when water temperatures have reached or exceeded approximately 50°F, typically during the Spring or early Summer.

For application only to **still water** (i.e. ponds, lakes, and drainage ditches) where there is minimal or no outflow to public waters.

and/or

For applications to **public waters** in ponds, lakes, reservoirs, marshes, bayous, drainage ditches, canals, streams, rivers, and other slow-moving or quiescent bodies of water for control of aquatic weeds. For use by:

- Corps of Engineers; or
- Federal or State Public Agencies (i.e., Water Management District personnel, municipal officials); or
- Applicators and/or Licensees (Certified for aquatic pest control) that are authorized by the State or Local government.

Treated water may be used according to the following table or until such time as an approved assay (example: PAM II Spectromatic Method) shows that the water does not contain more than the designated maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) of 0.02 mg/l (ppm) of diquat dibromide (calculated as the cation).

Water Use Restrictions Following Applications With Tribune (Days)

Application Rate	Drinking	Fishing and Swimming	Livestock/ Domestic Animals Consumption	Spray Tank Applications** and Irrigation to Turf and Landscape Ornamentals	Spray Tank Applications** and Irrigation to Food Crops and Production Ornamentals
1.25 gal/surface acre	3 days	0	1 day	3 days	5 days
1 gal/surface acre	2 days	0	1 day	2 days	5 days
0.75 gal/surface acre	2 days	0	1 day	2 days	5 days
0.50 gal/surface acre	1 day	0	1 day	1 day	5 days
Spot Spray* (<0.5 gal/surface acre)	1 day	0	1 day	1 day	5 days

*Add a nonionic surfactant (with at least 75% of the constituents active as a spray adjuvant) at the rate recommended by the manufacturer.

**For preparing agricultural sprays for food crops, turf or ornamentals (to prevent phytotoxicity), do not use water treated with Tribune before the specified time period.

When the contents of more than one spray tank is necessary to complete a single aquatic application, no water holding restrictions apply between the consecutive spray tanks.

No applications are to be made in areas where commercial processing of fish, resulting in the production of fish protein concentrate or fish meal, is practiced. Before application, coordination and approval of local and/or State authorities must be obtained.

Floating and Marginal Weeds Including:

Water lettuce, *Pistia stratiotes*
Water hyacinth, *Eichhornia crassipes*
Duckweed, *Lemna* spp.
Salvinia spp. (including *S. molesta*)
Pennywort (*Hydrocotyle* spp.)
Frog's Bit¹, *Limnobium spongia*

¹Not for use in California

Tribune may be applied by backpack, airboat, spray handgun, helicopter, airplane, or similar application equipment that results in thorough spray coverage.

Spot Treatment: Apply Tribune at 2 quarts per 100 gallons spray carrier (0.5% solution) with an approved aquatic wetting agent at 0.25-1.0% v/v (1 quart to 1 gallon per 100 gallons water). Repeat treatments may be necessary for complete control.

Spray to completely wet target weeds but not to runoff. Densely packed weeds or mats may require additional applications due to incomplete spray coverage. Re-treat as needed. For best results, re-treat weed escapes within 2 weeks of the initial treatment.

Broadcast Treatment: Apply Tribune at the rate of 0.5-1.25 gallons per surface acre in sufficient carrier along with 16-32 oz/A of an approved wetting agent. Re-treat as necessary for densely populated weed areas. Good coverage is necessary for control of the target weeds.

For duckweed control, apply Tribune at 1-2 gallons/A.

Submersed Weeds Including:

Bladderwort, *Utricularia* spp.
Hydrilla, *Hydrilla verticillata*
Watermilfoils (including Eurasian), *Myriophyllum* spp.
Pondweeds¹, *Potamogeton* spp.
Coontail, *Ceratophyllum demersum*
Elodea, *Elodea* spp.
Brazilian Elodea, *Egeria densa*
Naiad, *Najas* spp.
Algae², *Spirogyra* spp. and *Pithophora* spp.

¹Tribune controls *Potamogeton* species except Richardson's pondweed, *P. richardsonii*.

²Suppression only. For control of *Spirogyra* and/or *Pithophora*, use Tribune in a tank mix with an approved algaecide.

For severe weed or algae infestations, the use of an approved algaecide either as a pretreatment to the Tribune application or in a tank mix, may result in enhanced weed control.

To control submersed weeds, apply Tribune at 0.5 gallon per acre-foot of water. For best results, re-treat as necessary on 14-21 day intervals. The table below shows how many gallons of Tribune to apply per surface acre-foot based on average water depth.

Application Rate	Gallons of Tribune per Surface Acre Average Water Depth					
	1 Foot	2 Feet	3 Feet	4 Feet	8 Feet	12 Feet
0.5 gallon/acre rate	0.5 gal	1.0 gal	1.5 gal	1.0 gal	4 gal	6 gal

Subsurface Applications: Where the submersed weed growth, especially Hydrilla, has reached the water surface, apply either in a water carrier or an invert emulsion through boom trailing hoses carrying nozzle tips to apply the dilute spray below the water surface to insure adequate coverage.

Bottom Placement: Where submersed weeds such as Hydrilla, Bladderwort, or Coontail have reached the water surface and/or where the water is slowly moving through the weed growth, the use of an invert emulsion carrier injecting diluted Tribune near the bottom with weighted hoses may improve control. The addition of a copper based algaecide may improve control. If algae are present along with the submersed weeds, a pretreatment with a copper based algaecide may improve overall control.

Surface Application for Submerged Aquatic Weeds: Apply the recommended rate of Tribune as a spray in sufficient carrier to fully cover the target area. Applications should be made to ensure complete coverage of the weed areas. In mixed weed populations, use the high rate of application as indicated by weeds present. For dense submersed weeds or water over 2 feet deep, a surface spray is not recommended (Tribune should be applied subsurface in these situations.)

If posting is required by your state or tribe – consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations for specific details.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate feed, foodstuffs, or drinking water. Do not store or transport near feed or food. Store at temperatures above 32°F. For help with any spill, leak, fire, or exposure involving this material, call 1-800-888-8372.

Pesticide Disposal

Open dumping is prohibited. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling (less than 5 gallons)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Container Handling (Bulk/Mini-Bulk)

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of container in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities. If the container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, contact Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-888-8372.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call 1-800-888-8372, day or night.

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For non-emergency (e.g., current product information), call
Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-866-796-4368.

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