



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : TRANSLINE™

Manufacturer or supplier's details

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer : CORTEVA AGRISCIENCE LLC

9330 ZIONSVILLE RD

INDIANAPOLIS, IN, 46268-1053

UNITED STATES

Customer Information

Number

: 800-992-5994

E-mail address : customerinformation@corteva.com

Emergency telephone : INFOTRAC (CONTRACT 84224).

800-992-5994 or 317-337-6009

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : End use herbicide product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids : Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alco-

hol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt	57754-85-5	40.9
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	5
Alkylphenol alkoxylate	69029-39-6	>= 1 - < 3
Balance	Not Assigned	> 50

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an

emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment

advice.

If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qual-

ified personnel.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with

plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center

or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available





Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 01/14/2022 02/17/2022 800080003175 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022 1.2

in work area.

Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-In case of eye contact

20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5

minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in

work area.

If swallowed

No emergency medical treatment necessary. None known.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Protection of first-aiders

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. Notes to physician

> May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids

may be of help.

Hemodialysis may be of benefit if substantial amounts have been ingested and the patient is showing signs of intoxication. Consider hemodialysis for patients with persistent hypotension or coma unresponsive to standard therapy (isopropanol levels >400 - 500 mg/dl). (Goldfrank, Toxicological Emergencies 7th

ed., 2002; King, JAMA, 1970, 211:1855).

No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or

doctor, or going for treatment.

Repeated excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting lung

disease.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use direct water stream.

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Flash back possible over considerable distance.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addi-

tion to combustion products of varying composition which may

be toxic and/or irritating.

Combustion products may include and are not limited to:





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hydrogen chloride gas

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information : Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire af-

fected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has

passed.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers)

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb-

ant.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can

be pumped,

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

pressurization of the container.

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

jet.

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Do not smoke.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Oters is a state to the state of the

Conditions for safe storage : Store in a closed container.

No smoking.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labeled containers.

Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidizing agents

Organic peroxides Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases

Explosives Gases

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
	07.00.0			D. IIIO
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	TWA	150 ppm	Dow IHG
		STEL	300 ppm	Dow IHG
		TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	400 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	400 ppm	OSHA Z-1
			980 mg/m3	
Alkylphenol alkoxylate	69029-39-6	TWA	2 mg/m3	Dow IHG

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling	Permissible concentra-	Basis
		paramotoro	оросинон	time	tion	
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Acetone	Urine	End of shift at end of work- week	40 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures

Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below

exposure limit requirements or guidelines.

If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or

guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some opera-

tions.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When respiratory protection is required, use an approved air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air respirator depending on the potential airborne concentration. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure guideline may be exceeded, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

Hand protection

Remarks

Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Oth-





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

er chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instruc-

tions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection : Use safety glasses (with side shields).

If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

Skin and body protection : Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid.

Color : Red to brown

Odor : Sweet

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 7.5 - 8.0

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Freezing point No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : 212 °F / 100 °C

Flash point : 117.0 °F / 47.2 °C

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : 31.326 hPa (68 °F / 20 °C)

Relative vapor density : 1.06 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Density : 1.161 g/cm3 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Method: Calculated.

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : Miscible with water

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available.

Autoignition temperature

: No data available





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 7 cP

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

May form explosive dust-air mixture.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks. Incompatible materials : None.

Incompatible materials
Hazardous decomposition

products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply

and the presence of other materials.

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hydrogen chloride gas

Carbon oxides

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 3.0 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: Aerosol

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

propan-2-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,840 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401 or equivalent

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 10000 ppm

Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 12,800 mg/kg

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Components:

propan-2-ol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

propan-2-ol:

Species : Rabbit Result : Eye irritation

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Species : Mouse

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

propan-2-ol:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Germ cell mutagenicity - : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

Assessment toxicity studies were negative.

propan-2-ol:

Germ cell mutagenicity - : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

Assessment toxicity studies were negative.

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Germ cell mutagenicity - : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Assessment

Carcinogenicity

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Similar formulations did not cause cancer in laboratory ani-





Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 01/14/2022 02/17/2022 800080003175 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022 1.2

ment mals.

propan-2-ol:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

ment

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, active ingredient did not interfere with reproduction.

Clopyralid caused birth defects in test animals, but only at greatly exaggerated doses that were severely toxic to the mothers. No birth defects were observed in animals given clopyralid at doses several times greater than those expected

during normal exposure.

propan-2-ol:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction., In ani-

mal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Isopropanol has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals

at doses toxic to the mother.

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction., In ani-

mal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

STOT-single exposure

Product:

Assessment Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not Assessment

an STOT-SE toxicant.





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

propan-2-ol:

Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

propan-2-ol:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney. Liver.

Kidney effects have been observed in male rats. These effects are believed to be species specific and unlikely to occur in

humans.

Observations in animals include:

Lethargy.

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney. Liver.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

propan-2-ol:

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, resulting in rapid absorption and injury to other body systems.

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 01/14/2022 1.2 02/17/2022 800080003175 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 30

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): > 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Remarks: For similar material(s):

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.0089 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Remarks: For similar material(s):

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

oral LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): 1465 - 2000

mg/kg bodyweight. Exposure time: 14 d

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

dietary LC50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5000

mg/kg diet.

Exposure time: 8 d

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

contact LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 d

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

oral LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 98.1 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 d

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

propan-2-ol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9,640 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (alga Scenedesmus sp.): 1,800 mg/l

End point: Growth inhibition (cell density reduction)

Exposure time: 7 d Test Type: static test

ErC50 (alga Scenedesmus sp.): > 1,000 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 30 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 4.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

dietary LC50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 105 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 2 d

contact LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 2 d

No Observed Effects Level (NOEL) (Colinus virginianus

(Bobwhite quail)): 2,250 mg/kg

oral LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2,250

mg/kg





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Clopyralid.

propan-2-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 95 % Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Biodegradation: 53 %
Exposure time: 5 d
Method: Other guidelines

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Biochemical Oxygen De-

mand (BOD)

20 - 72 %

Incubation time: 5 d

78 - 86 %

Incubation time: 20 d

Chemical Oxygen Demand

(COD)

2.09 kg/kg

Method: Estimated.

ThOD : 2.40 kg/kg

Method: Estimated.

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitizer: OH radicals

Rate constant: 7.26E-12 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.

Remarks: Biodegradation under aerobic laboratory conditions is below detectable limits (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD < 2.5%). Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biode-

gradable under environmental conditions.

Chemical Oxygen Demand

(COD)

1.78 kg/kg

ThOD : 2.35 kg/kg





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 01/14/2022 1.2 02/17/2022 800080003175 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Partition coefficient: n- : Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

octanol/water Clopyralid.

Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

propan-2-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

log Pow: 0.05 Method: Measured

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No bioconcentration is expected because of the

relatively high water solubility.

May foam in water.

Balance:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Mobility in soil

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s). Clopyralid.

nents Ciopyralio

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and

50).

propan-2-ol:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Koc: 1.1

Method: Estimated.

Balance:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 01/14/2022 1.2 02/17/2022 800080003175 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

Other adverse effects

Components:

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

propan-2-ol:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Alkylphenol alkoxylate:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Balance:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Isopropanol)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

(Isopropanol)

Class : 3 Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo :

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 355

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Isopropanol)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : no

Remarks : Stowage category A

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : NA 1993

Proper shipping name : Combustible liquid, n.o.s.

(Isopropanol)

Class : CBL Packing group : III

Labels : FLAMMABLE LIQUID

ERG Code : 128 Marine pollutant : no

Further information

For US Domestic transport, according to 49 CFR 173.150 f (1), A flammable liquid with a flash point at or above 38 °C (100 °F) that does not meet the definition of any other hazard class may be reclassed as a combustible liquid. This provision does not apply to transportation by vessel or aircraft, except where other means of transportation is impracticable. This product is only classified in containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters. Not regulated if shipped in packages less than or





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

equal to 119 gallons (450 liters). If transporting by vessel or aircraft, unless other means of transportation is impracticable, the product must be shipped as a flammable liquid.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels es-

tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:

propan-2-ol 67-63-0 >= 5 - < 10 %

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

propan-2-ol 67-63-0

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including sulphuric acid, hexachlorobenzene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and hexachlorobenzene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

TSCA list

The following substance(s) is/are subject to a Significant New Use Rule: 4,5,6-Trichloro-2-pyridinecarboxylic acid 496849-77-5 pentachlorobenzene 608-93-5

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

EPA Registration Number : 62719-259

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:





 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 01/14/2022

 1.2
 02/17/2022
 800080003175
 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation Harmful if absorbed through skin

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

Dow IHG : Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit Dow IHG / TWA : Time Weighted Average (TWA): Dow IHG / STEL : Short term exposure limit Dow IHG / TWA : Time weighted average

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 1 Time weighted average : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials: bw - Body weight: CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI -Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ -Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Sub-





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 01/14/2022 1.2 02/17/2022 800080003175 Date of first issue: 01/13/2022

stance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Revision Date : 02/17/2022

Product code: XRM-3972

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / EN