

OpenSky™

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	04/06/2022	800080005573	Date of first issue: 04/06/2022

Corteva Agriscience [™] encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : OpenSky™

Manufacturer or supplier's details

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer	:	CORTEVA AGRISCIENCE LLC 9330 ZIONSVILLE RD INDIANAPOLIS, IN, 46268-1053 UNITED STATES
Customer Information	:	800-992-5994
E-mail address	:	customerinformation@corteva.com
Emergency telephone	:	INFOTRAC (CONTRACT 84224).
		800-992-5994 or 317-337-6009

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : End use herbicide product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)			
Eye irritation	:	Category 2B	
Skin sensitization	:	Sub-category 1B	
Carcinogenicity	:	Category 2	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	:	Category 3 (Central nervous system)	
Aspiration hazard	:	Category 1	



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	abel elements d pictograms		!
Signal	l Word	: Danger	•
Hazar	d Statements	H317 May caus H320 Causes e H336 May caus	atal if swallowed and enters airways. se an allergic skin reaction. eye irritation. se drowsiness or dizziness. ed of causing cancer.
Preca	utionary Statements	P202 Do not ha and understood P261 Avoid bre P264 Wash ski P271 Use only P272 Contamir the workplace.	eathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray. n thoroughly after handling. outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. nated work clothing must not be allowed out of tective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection
		CENTER/ doct P302 + P352 IF P304 + P340 + and keep comf doctor if you fe P305 + P351 + for several min to do. Continue P308 + P313 IF attention. P331 Do NOT P333 + P313 If attention. P337 + P313 If tion.	 ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and wate P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh at ortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER el unwell. P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water utes. Remove contact lenses, if present and ea
		Storage: P403 + P233 S tightly closed. P405 Store loc Disposal:	store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container



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Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)	81406-37-3	16.31
pyroxsulam (ISO)	422556-08-9	1.28
Substituted Quinoline Derivative		2.68
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy	64742-94-5	>= 30 - < 40
arom.; Kerosine — unspecified		
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	>= 3 - < 10
1,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-ol	122-20-3	>= 1 - < 3
naphthalene	91-20-3	>= 0.3 - < 1
Balance	Not Assigned	> 20

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respi- ration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qual- ified personnel.
In case of skin contact	:	Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Wash clothing before reuse. Shoes and other leather items which cannot be decontaminated should be disposed of properly.
In case of eye contact	:	Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15- 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.
If swallowed	:	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	None known.
Protection of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re- sistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.



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Notes	to physician	The decision of w made by a physi If lavage is perfo geal control. Da against toxicity w No specific antid Treatment of exp symptoms and th Have the Safety tainer or label wi doctor, or going	rmed, suggest endotracheal and/or esopha- nger from lung aspiration must be weighed /hen considering emptying the stomach. ote. oosure should be directed at the control of ne clinical condition of the patient. Data Sheet, and if available, the product con- th you when calling a poison control center or

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam None known.
media	•	None known.
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion prod- ucts	:	During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addi- tion to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.
		Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon oxides
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
		Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Further information	:	Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.
Environmental precautions	:	If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.



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 s and materials for nent and cleaning up	 Prevent fur Prevent spi oil barriers) Retain and Local author cannot be of Prevent fro See Section Clean up re ant. Local or na posal of this employed i For large spi ment to kee be pumped Recovered The vent m with spilled pressurizat Keep in sui Wipe up wi Soak up wi acid binder 	dispose of contaminated wash water. prities should be advised if significant spillages contained. m entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater. n 12, Ecological Information. emaining materials from spill with suitable absorb- tional regulations may apply to releases and dis- s material, as well as those materials and items n. pills, provide dyking or other appropriate contain- p material from spreading. If dyked material can

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Local/Total ventilation Advice on safe handling	 Use with local exhaust ventilation. Avoid formation of aerosol. Persons susceptible to skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Do not smoke. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap- plication area. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
	Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information,



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Cond	itions for safe storage	:	Store in a closed Containers which kept upright to pr	are opened must be carefully resealed and
Mate	rials to avoid	:	Store in accordar Strong oxidizing	nce with the particular national regulations. agents
Pack	aging material	:	Unsuitable mater	ial: None known.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — un- specified	64742-94-5	TWA	100 mg/m3	Corteva OEL
		STEL	300 mg/m3	Corteva OEL
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)	81406-37-3	TWA	10 mg/m3	Dow IHG
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	TWA	10 mg/m3	US WEEL
1,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-ol	122-20-3	TWA	10 mg/m3	Dow IHG
pyroxsulam (ISO)	422556-08-9	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dow IHG
naphthalene	91-20-3	TWA	10 ppm	Dow IHG
		STEL	15 ppm	Dow IHG
		TWA	10 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		STEL	15 ppm 75 mg/m3	OSHA P0

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Engineering measures : Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be



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Hand	protection		ever, if discomfort is experienced, use an ap- rifying respirator.
Eye p	rotection and body protection	preferred glov vinyl alcohol I "vinyl"). Styre ceptable glov rinated polyet Nitrile/butadie selection of a duration of us all relevant w er chemicals (cut/puncture tial body read tions/specifica : Use chemica : Use protectiv Selection of s	nemically resistant to this material. Examples of ve barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl aminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or ne/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of ac- e barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlo- hylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. ene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). NOTICE: The specific glove for a particular application and e in a workplace should also take into account orkplace factors such as, but not limited to: Oth- which may be handled, physical requirements protection, dexterity, thermal protection), poten- tions to glove materials, as well as the instruc- ations provided by the glove supplier. goggles. e clothing chemically resistant to this material. pecific items such as face shield, boots, apron, uit will depend on the task.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Tan
Odor	:	Mild
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
рН	:	5.02 (68.9 °F / 20.5 °C) Method: pH Electrode
Melting point/range	:	Not applicable
Freezing point		No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	> 212 °F / > 100 °C
		Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93, closed cup
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Flammability (liquids)	:	Not expected to be a static-accumulating flammable liquid.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available



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		explosion limit / Lower bility limit	:	No data available	•	
	Vapor p	oressure	:	No data available)	
	Relativ	e vapor density	:	No data available)	
	Density		:	1.0076 g/cm3 (68 °F / 20 °C) Method: Digital density meter		
	Solubili Wat	ity(ies) ter solubility	:	No data available)	
	Autoignition temperature		:	No data available		
	Viscosi Visc	ty cosity, dynamic	:	No data available)	
	Explosi	ive properties	:	No data available		
	Oxidizi	ng properties	:	No significant inc	rease (>5C) in temperature.	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Chemical stability	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard. No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions. No hazards to be specially mentioned. None known.
Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials	:	None known. None.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Carbon oxides

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	 LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 423 Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. 	
Acute inhalation toxicity	 LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.55 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 436 	



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Acute	dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rat, male a Method: OECD T	and female): > 5,000 mg/kg est Guideline 402
<u>Comp</u>	oonents:		
flurox	xypyr-meptyl (ISO):		
	oral toxicity		00 mg/kg eaths occurred at this concentration. substance or mixture has no acute oral to:
Acute	inhalation toxicity	Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere: Symptoms: No de Assessment: The tion toxicity	
Acute	dermal toxicity		2,000 mg/kg eaths occurred at this concentration. substance or mixture has no acute derma
pyrox	sulam (ISO):		
Acute	oral toxicity		e): > 5,000 mg/kg eaths occurred at this concentration. substance or mixture has no acute oral to:
Acute	inhalation toxicity		h
Acute	dermal toxicity	Symptoms: No de	and female): > 5,000 mg/kg eaths occurred at this concentration. substance or mixture has no acute derma
Subst	tituted Quinoline De	ivative:	
Acute	oral toxicity		e): > 2,000 mg/kg eaths occurred at this concentration. substance or mixture has no acute oral to:
Acute	inhalation toxicity	Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere:	
		9 / 33	



Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Acute dermal toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration. Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Ratbit): > 3,160 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Ratbit): 317.042 mg/l Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: 2 h Test atmosphere: 2 h Test atmosphere: 3 the substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 20.000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 20.00 mg/k	Version 1.0	Revision Date: 04/06/2022	SDS Number: 800080005573	Date of last issue: - Date of first issue: 04/06/2022
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified: Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: For similar material(s): Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration. Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Propylene glycol: : LD50 (Rat): > 20,000 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 317.042 mg/l Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute ermal toxicity Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity 1,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-oi: : . Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): Exposure time: 8 h Symptoms: No death				t: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: For similar material(s): Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration. Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Propylene glycol: : Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 20,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity 4.cute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity 1,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-oi: Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): Exposure time: 8 h Symptoms: No deaths occurred following exposure to a satu rated atmosphere. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity	Acute	e dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rat, r	male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: For similar material(s): Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration. Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Propylene glycol: : Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rab)it): > 20,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity 1,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-oi: Acute oral toxicity : Acute inhalation toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): Exposure time: 8 h Symptoms: No deaths	Solve	ent naphtha (petroleu	ım), heavy arom.;	Kerosine — unspecified:
Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration.Acute dermal toxicity:LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s):Propylene glycol: Acute oral toxicity:LD50 (Rat): > 20,000 mg/kgAcute inhalation toxicity:LD50 (Rat): > 20,000 mg/kgAcute inhalation toxicity:LC50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).Acute dermal toxicity:LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kgAcute oral toxicity:LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kgAcute oral toxicity:LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kgAcute oral toxicity:LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kgAcute inhalation toxicity:LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kgAcute inhalation toxicity:LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kgAcute inhalation toxicity <t< td=""><td>Acute</td><td>oral toxicity</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Acute	oral toxicity		
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Propylene glycol: Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 20,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity I,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-ol: Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): Exposure time: 8 h Symptoms: No deaths occurred following exposure to a satu rated atmosphere. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity	Acute	inhalation toxicity	Exposure tir Test atmosp Assessment tion toxicity Remarks: Fo	ne: 4 h ohere: vapor t: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- or similar material(s):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 20,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity 1,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-ol: . Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): Exposure time: 8 h Symptoms: No deaths occurred following exposure to a satu rated atmosphere. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity	Acute	e dermal toxicity	Assessment toxicity	t: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity 1,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-ol: : Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): Exposure time: 8 h Symptoms: No deaths occurred following exposure to a satu rated atmosphere. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity	Prop	ylene glycol:		
 Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity 1,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-ol: Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg CRat): Exposure time: 8 h Symptoms: No deaths occurred following exposure to a satu rated atmosphere. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity 	Acute	oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat):	> 20,000 mg/kg
Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity 1,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-ol: Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): Exposure time: 8 h Symptoms: No deaths occurred following exposure to a saturated atmosphere. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity	Acute	inhalation toxicity	Exposure tir Test atmosp Symptoms: Assessment tion toxicity Remarks: M	ne: 2 h ohere: dust/mist No deaths occurred at this concentration. t: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- list may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): Exposure time: 8 h Symptoms: No deaths occurred following exposure to a saturated atmosphere. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity	Acute	e dermal toxicity	Symptoms: Assessment	No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): Exposure time: 8 h Symptoms: No deaths occurred following exposure to a satu rated atmosphere. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity	1,1',1	'-nitrilotripropan-2-o	l:	
Symptoms: No deaths occurred following exposure to a saturated atmosphere. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity	Acute	oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat):	4,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg	Acute	inhalation toxicity	Symptoms: rated atmos Assessment	No deaths occurred following exposure to a satu- phere.
	Acute	e dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabb	it): > 5,000 mg/kg

naphthalene:



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Acute c	oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): >	> 2,000 mg/kg
		Method: Esti Remarks: Ex impairing the Ingestion of r anemia. Toxicity from animals. In humans, s Confusion. Lethargy.	cessive exposure may cause hemolysis, thereby blood's ability to transport oxygen. haphthalene by humans has caused hemolytic swallowing may be greater in humans than in ymptoms may include: ms or twitches.
Acute ii	nhalation toxicity	respiratory tr Excessive ex	cessive exposure may cause irritation to upper act (nose and throat). posure may cause lung injury. mptoms of excessive exposure may include: for vomiting.
		Attainable Co	ne: 4 h nere: vapor The LC50 value is greater than the Maximum
Acute c	lermal toxicity	Remarks: Hu	> 2,500 mg/kg iman case reports suggest Naphthalene may be ough the skin in toxic amounts, especially in chil-
		LD50 (Rabbi	t): > 2,500 mg/kg
Skin co	orrosion/irritation		
Produc	<u>:t:</u>		
Species Method Result		: Rabbit : OECD Test (: Mild skin irrita	Guideline 404 ation
Compo	onents:		
fluroxy	pyr-meptyl (ISO):		
Specie: Result	5	: Rabbit : No skin irritat	tion



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Propy	/lene glycol:			
Specie	•••	: Ral	obit	
Resul		: No	skin irritation	
1,1',1'	'-nitrilotripropan-2-o	d:		
Resul	t	: No	skin irritation	
Serio	us eye damage/eye	irritation		
<u>Produ</u>	<u>ict:</u>			
Specie	es	: Ral	obit	
Resul		: Mile	d eye irritation	
Metho	od	: OE	CD Test Guid	eline 405
<u>Comp</u>	oonents:			
pyrox	sulam (ISO):			
Specie		: Ral		
Resul	t	: No	eye irritation	
Propy	vlene glycol:			
Specie		: Ral	obit	
Resul	t	: No	eye irritation	
1,1',1'	'-nitrilotripropan-2-o	d:		
Resul	t	: Eye	e irritation	
Respi	ratory or skin sensi	tization		
<u>Produ</u>	<u>ict:</u>			
Test T			al lymph node	assay
Specie		: <u>Mo</u>		
	sment			skin sensitizer, sub-category 1B.
Metho	00	: 05	CD Test Guid	eine 429
<u>Comp</u>	oonents:			
	xypyr-meptyl (ISO):			
Specie			nea pig	
Asses	sment	: Doe	es not cause s	kin sensitization.
pyrox	sulam (ISO):			
Specie			nea pig	
Asses	sment	: The	product is a s	skin sensitizer, sub-category 1B.
Subst	tituted Quinoline De	rivative:		
Asses	sment			kin sensitization.
_	rks	· Did	not demonstr	ate the potential for contact allergy in mice



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Rema	ırks	: For respirate No relevant	ory sensitization: data found.
Solve	ent naphtha (petrole	um), heavy arom.;	Kerosine — unspecified:
Rema	ırks	: For similar n Did not caus pigs.	naterial(s): e allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea
Rema	ırks	: For respirate No relevant	bry sensitization: data found.
Propy	/lene glycol:		
Speci Asses	es ssment	: human : Does not ca	use skin sensitization.
1,1',1	'-nitrilotripropan-2-c	d:	
Asses Rema	ssment Irks	: Did not caus pigs.	use skin sensitization. e allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea e allergic skin reactions when tested in humans
Rema	ırks	: For respirato No relevant	ory sensitization: data found.
naph	thalene:		
Asses Rema	ssment Irks	: Skin contact proportion o	use skin sensitization. may cause an allergic skin reaction in a small f individuals. e allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea
Rema	ırks	: For respirato No relevant	ory sensitization: data found.
Germ	cell mutagenicity		
<u>Comp</u>	oonents:		
fluro	(ypyr-meptyl (ISO):		
	cell mutagenicity - ssment		tic toxicity studies were negative., Animal gene es were negative.
pyrox	sulam (ISO):		
	cell mutagenicity -		tic toxicity studies were negative., Animal generes were negative.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Germ cell mutagenicity - :		For similar material(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were
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Assess	sment		negative., Anima	I genetic toxicity studies were negative.
	lene glycol: cell mutagenicity - sment	:	In vitro genetic to toxicity studies w	oxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic ere negative.
	-nitrilotripropan-2-ol: cell mutagenicity - sment	:	In vitro genetic to toxicity studies w	exicity studies were negative., Animal genetic ere negative.
-	h alene: cell mutagenicity - sment	:	In vitro genetic to and positive in ot	exicity studies were negative in some cases her cases.
Carcin	ogenicity			
Comp	onents:			
-	ypyr-meptyl (ISO): ogenicity - Assess-	:	For similar active cancer in laborat	ingredient(s)., Fluroxypyr., Did not cause ory animals.
	sulam (ISO): ogenicity - Assess-	:		ocal evidence of carcinogenic activity in long- These effects are not believed to be relevant
Substi	ituted Quinoline Deriv	ativ	e:	
	ogenicity - Assess-	:	-	ningredient(s)., Did not cause cancer in la-
••	lene glycol: ogenicity - Assess-	:	Did not cause ca	ncer in laboratory animals.
	-nitrilotripropan-2-ol: ogenicity - Assess-	:	Did not cause ca	ncer in laboratory animals.
-	h alene: ogenicity - Assess-	:	Has caused cano there is limited ev	of carcinogenicity in animal studies cer in some laboratory animals., In humans, vidence of cancer in workers involved in duction. Limited oral studies in rats were neg-
IARC	Group 2B: Po naphthalene	ssib	ly carcinogenic to	humans 91-20-3



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OSHA			this product prese regulated carcinog	nt at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is jens.			
NTP	Reasonably a naphthalene	intic	nticipated to be a human carcinogen 91-20-3				
Repro	ductive toxicity						
<u>Comp</u>	onents:						
flurox	ypyr-meptyl (ISO):						
Repro sessm	ductive toxicity - As- nent	:	Has been toxic to	did not interfere with reproduction. the fetus in laboratory animals at doses er., Did not cause birth defects in laboratory			
pyrox	sulam (ISO):						
Repro sessm	ductive toxicity - As- nent	:		did not interfere with reproduction. h defects or any other fetal effects in labora			
Subst	ituted Quinoline Deriv						
Repro sessm	ductive toxicity - As- ient	:		ingredient(s)., Did not cause birth defects o ects in laboratory animals.			
Solve	nt naphtha (petroleum	ı), h	eavy arom.; Keros	sine — unspecified:			
Repro sessm	ductive toxicity - As- ent	:	For similar materi	did not interfere with reproduction. al(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any in laboratory animals.			
Propy	lene glycol:						
	ductive toxicity - As-	:	mal studies, did n	did not interfere with reproduction., In ani- ot interfere with fertility. h defects or any other fetal effects in labora			
1,1',1'	-nitrilotripropan-2-ol:						
Repro sessm	ductive toxicity - As- ent	:		did not interfere with reproduction. h defects or any other fetal effects in labora			
napht	halene:						
Repro	ductive toxicity - As- ient	:	duction.	e inadequate to determine effects on repro- h defects in laboratory animals.			
STOT	-single exposure						
<u>Produ</u>							
	s of exposure	:	Inhalation				



rsion)	Revision Date: 04/06/2022		S Number: 0080005573	Date of last issue: - Date of first issue: 04/06/2022			
Asses	Assessment		: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.				
<u>Components:</u>							
Subs	tituted Quinoline De	rivativ	e:				
Asses	ssment	:	Evaluation of a an STOT-SE to	vailable data suggests that this material is not oxicant.			
Solve	ent naphtha (petrole	um), h	eavy arom.; Ke	erosine — unspecified:			
	es of exposure ssment	:	Inhalation May cause dro	wsiness or dizziness.			
Propy	/lene glycol:						
Asses	ssment	:	Evaluation of a an STOT-SE to	available data suggests that this material is not oxicant.			
	'-nitrilotripropan-2-						
Asses	Assessment		: Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is no an STOT-SE toxicant.				
naph	thalene:						
Asses	ssment	:	: Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.				
Repe	ated dose toxicity						
Comp	oonents:						
fluro	(ypyr-meptyl (ISO):						
Rema		:		able data, repeated exposures are not antici- significant adverse effects.			
	sulam (ISO):						
Rema	ırks	:	In animals, effe gans: Liver.	ects have been reported on the following or-			
Subs	tituted Quinoline De	erivativ	e:				
Rema	ırks	:	: Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antic pated to cause significant adverse effects.				
Solve	ent naphtha (petrole	um), h	eavy arom.; Ke	erosine — unspecified:			
Rema	ırks	:		able data, repeated exposures are not antici- significant adverse effects.			
	/lene glycol:						
Rema	ırks	:		repeated excessive exposure to propylene gly central nervous system effects.			



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1,1',1	'-nitrilotripropan-2-c	bl:	
Rema		: Based on avail	able data, repeated exposures are not antici significant adverse effects.
naph	thalene:		
naphthalene: Remarks		Respiratory eff Excessive expo the blood's abil Cataracts and mans repeated	n animals include: ects. osure may cause hemolysis, thereby impairir ity to transport oxygen. other eye effects have been reported in hu- ly exposed to naphthalene vapor or dust. phthalene by humans has caused hemolytic
Aspir	ation toxicity		
Produ	uct:		
Move			
May L	be fatal if swallowed a	ind enters airways.	
	be fatal if swallowed a	nd enters airways.	
<u>Com</u> fluro	<u>oonents:</u> kypyr-meptyl (ISO):	ind enters airways. es, not likely to be an a	spiration hazard.
<u>Com</u> flurox Based pyrox	oonents: xypyr-meptyl (ISO): d on physical properti xsulam (ISO):		
Comp flurox Based pyrox Based Subs	oonents: kypyr-meptyl (ISO): d on physical properti ksulam (ISO): d on physical properti tituted Quinoline De	es, not likely to be an a es, not likely to be an a	ispiration hazard.
Comp flurox Based pyrox Based Subs Based	oonents: kypyr-meptyl (ISO): d on physical properti ksulam (ISO): d on physical properti tituted Quinoline De d on physical properti	es, not likely to be an a es, not likely to be an a rivative: es, not likely to be an a um), heavy arom.; Ke	ispiration hazard.
Comp flurox Based pyrox Based Subs Based Solve May b	oonents: kypyr-meptyl (ISO): d on physical properti ksulam (ISO): d on physical properti tituted Quinoline De d on physical properti ent naphtha (petrole be fatal if swallowed a ylene glycol:	es, not likely to be an a es, not likely to be an a rivative: es, not likely to be an a um), heavy arom.; Ke	spiration hazard. spiration hazard. rosine — unspecified:
Comp flurox Based pyrox Based Subs Based Solve May b Based 1,1',1	oonents: kypyr-meptyl (ISO): d on physical properti ksulam (ISO): d on physical properti tituted Quinoline De d on physical properti ent naphtha (petrole be fatal if swallowed a ylene glycol: d on physical properti '-nitrilotripropan-2-c	es, not likely to be an a es, not likely to be an a rivative: es, not likely to be an a um), heavy arom.; Ke ind enters airways. es, not likely to be an a	aspiration hazard. Aspiration hazard. rosine — unspecified: Aspiration hazard.
Comp flurox Based pyrox Based Subs Based Solve May b Based 1,1',1 Based naph	oonents: kypyr-meptyl (ISO): d on physical properti ksulam (ISO): d on physical properti tituted Quinoline De d on physical properti ent naphtha (petrole be fatal if swallowed a ylene glycol: d on physical properti '-nitrilotripropan-2-c d on physical properti thalene:	es, not likely to be an a es, not likely to be an a rivative: es, not likely to be an a um), heavy arom.; Ke and enters airways. es, not likely to be an a	aspiration hazard. Aspiration hazard. Aspiration hazard.



Versior 1.0	n Revision Date: 04/06/2022	SDS Number: 800080005573		Date of last issue: - Date of first issue: 04/06/2022
SECTIO	ON 12. ECOLOGICAL INFO	DRN	ΙΑΤΙΟΝ	
Ec	cotoxicity			
Pr	oduct:			
	exicity to fish	:	Exposure time: 96	hus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.225 mg/l 5 h active ingredient(s):
	oxicity to daphnia and other quatic invertebrates	:	Exposure time: 48	agna (Water flea)): > 0.183 mg/l 3 h active ingredient(s):
	oxicity to algae/aquatic ants	:	Material is highly t	on information for component(s): toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis een 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive
			Exposure time: 14	um spicatum): 0.075 mg/l l d active ingredient(s):
			Exposure time: 14	lum spicatum): 0.031 mg/l l d active ingredient(s):
Ec	cotoxicology Assessment			
	cute aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aqua	tic life.
Cł	nronic aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aqua	tic life with long lasting effects.
<u>Cc</u>	omponents:			
	<pre>iroxypyr-meptyl (ISO): oxicity to fish</pre>	:	an acute basis (LC	l is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on C50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive
			Exposure time: 96 Test Type: semi-s	
	oxicity to daphnia and other luatic invertebrates	:	Exposure time: 48 Test Type: semi-s	
	oxicity to algae/aquatic ants	:	Exposure time: 72 Test Type: static t	



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			EbC50 (alga Sce Exposure time: 7	enedesmus sp.): > 0.47 mg/l /2 h
			ErC50 (Selenast mg/l Exposure time: 9	rum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1.410 96 h
			ErC50 (Myriophy Exposure time: 1	rllum spicatum): 0.075 mg/l 4 d
			NOEC (Myriophy Exposure time: 1	rllum spicatum): 0.031 mg/l 4 d
	ctor (Acute aquatic tox-	:	10	
icity) Toxici icity)	ty to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC (Rainbow	trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)): 0.32 mg/l
	ctor (Chronic aquatic	:	1	
Toxici	ty to soil dwelling or-	:	LC50 (Eisenia fe	tida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg
	ganisms Toxicity to terrestrial organ- isms	:	basis (LD50 > 20	al is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute 000 mg/kg)., Material is practically non-toxic to y basis (LC50 > 5000 ppm).
			oral LD50 (Colin mg/kg bodyweig Exposure time: 5	
			dietary LC50 (Co mg/kg diet.	olinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5000
			oral LD50 (Apis Exposure time: 4	mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee 8 h
			contact LD50 (A Exposure time: 4	bis mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee 8 h
Ecoto	oxicology Assessment			
	aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aqu	atic life.
Chror	ic aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aqu	atic life with long lasting effects.
pyrox	sulam (ISO):			
Toxici	ty to fish	:	Exposure time: 9 Test Type: static	
	ty to daphnia and other ic invertebrates	:	Exposure time: 4 Test Type: static	



ersion .0	Revision Date: 04/06/2022		0S Number: 0080005573	Date of last issue: - Date of first issue: 04/06/2022			
Toxic plants	ity to algae/aquatic	:	EC50 (Lemna mir End point: Biomas Exposure time: 7 Method: OECD 23	d			
M-Fa icity)	ctor (Acute aquatic tox-	:	: 100				
	ity to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 3.2 - 10.1 mg/l End point: survival Exposure time: 40 d Test Type: flow-through test				
	ity to daphnia and other ic invertebrates (Chron- icity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia r End point: surviva Exposure time: 27 Test Type: static t	l d			
M-Factoric	ctor (Chronic aquatic	:	100				
	ity to microorganisms	: EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h					
Toxic ganis	ity to soil dwelling or- ms	:	LC50 (Eisenia feti Exposure time: 14	ida (earthworms)): > 10,000 mg/kg 1 d			
Toxic isms	ity to terrestrial organ-	:	LC50 (Colinus vir diet. Exposure time: 8	ginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5000 mg/kg d			
			LD50 (Colinus vir bodyweight.	ginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2000 mg/kg			
			oral LD50 (Apis m Exposure time: 48	nellifera (bees)): > 107.4 micrograms/bee 3 h			
			contact LD50 (Ap Exposure time: 48	is mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee 3 h			
Ecoto	oxicology Assessment						
Acute	aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aqua	atic life.			
Chror	nic aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aqua	atic life with long lasting effects.			
Subs	tituted Quinoline Deriv	ativ	e:				
Toxic	ity to fish	:		Il is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on a 0/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the ecies tested).			
			LC50 (Sheepshea mg/l Exposure time: 96 Test Type: static t				



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		to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	EC50 (Oyster she Exposure time: 96	II (Crassostrea virginica)): > 110 mg/l i h
				LC50 (Mysid shrin Exposure time: 96 Test Type: semi-s	
	Toxicity plants	to algae/aquatic	:	ErC50 (Pseudokir mg/l Exposure time: 72 Test Type: static t	
				ErC50 (Skeletone Exposure time: 96	ma costatum (marine diatom)): 12.5 mg/l i h
				ErC50 (Anabaena Exposure time: 96	flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 23.7 mg/l i h
	Toxicity icity)	to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC (Pimephale Exposure time: 33 Test Type: flow-th	
	Toxicity isms	to terrestrial organ-	:	Remarks: Materia basis (LD50 > 200	l is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute 00 mg/kg).
				oral LD50 (Colinus mg/kg bodyweight	s virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2250 :.
				contact LD50 (Api Exposure time: 48	s mellifera (bees)): > 200 μg/bee h
	Solvent Toxicity	t naphtha (petroleum to fish), he :	Remarks: For sim Material is modera	ilar material(s): ately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute b between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensi-
				LC50 (Oncorhynch Exposure time: 96 Remarks: For sim	
		to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 48 Remarks: For sim	
	Toxicity plants	to algae/aquatic	:	EC50 (Pseudokiro Exposure time: 72 Remarks: For sim	
	Toxicity isms	to terrestrial organ-	:	Remarks: Materia basis (LD50 > 200	l is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute 00 mg/kg).



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Ecoto	oxicology Assessment				
Chron	ic aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic	life with long lasting effects.	
Propy	/lene glycol:				
Toxici	ty to fish	:	Exposure time: 9 Test Type: static		
	ty to daphnia and other ic invertebrates	:	Exposure time: 4 Test Type: static		
Toxici plants	ty to algae/aquatic	:	19,000 mg/l End point: Growt Exposure time: 9	t: Growth rate inhibition	
	ty to daphnia and other ic invertebrates (Chron- city)	:	NOEC (Ceriodap End point: numb Exposure time: 7 Test Type: semi-	′d	
Toxici	ty to microorganisms	:	NOEC (Pseudon Exposure time: 1	nonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l 8 h	
1,1',1	'-nitrilotripropan-2-ol:				
Toxici	ty to fish	:	isms on an acute	al is practically non-toxic to aquatic organ- basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L i re species tested).	
			LC50 (Leuciscus Exposure time: 9 Test Type: static Method: DIN 384	test	
	ty to daphnia and other ic invertebrates	:	Exposure time: 4 Test Type: static		
Toxici plants	ty to algae/aquatic	:	End point: Grown Exposure time: 7 Test Type: static	72 h	
Toxici	ty to microorganisms	:	EC10 (activated Exposure time: 3	sludge): > 1,195 mg/l 80 min	



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nap	hthalene:					
-	Toxicity to fish Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates			l is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an //EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most tested).		
			LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.11 m Exposure time: 96 h			
			EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 48 Test Type: static t			
Toxi plan	city to algae/aquatic ts	:	 ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.4 mg. Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: Growth rate inhibition 			
	actor (Acute aquatic tox-	:	1			
icity) Toxi icity)	city to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC (Other): 0.3 End point: mortalin Exposure time: 40 Test Type: flow-th	ty) d		
	M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) Ecotoxicology Assessment Chronic aquatic toxicity		1			
			Very toxic to aqua	tic life with long lasting effects.		
Pers	sistence and degradabili	ity				
<u>Con</u>	nponents:					
flure	oxypyr-meptyl (ISO):					
Biod	legradability	:	Result: Not biode Remarks: Materia OECD/EEC guide	I is not readily biodegradable according to		
			Biodegradation: 3 Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD Te Remarks: 10-day	3 d est Guideline 301D or Equivalent		
ThO	D	:	2.2 kg/kg			
Stab	bility in water	: Test Type: Hydrolysis Degradation half life (half-life): 454 d				
	oxsulam (ISO): legradability	:	aerobic Biodegradation: 2 Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD Te Remarks: 10-day	d est Guideline 301B or Equivalent		



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		t naphtha (petroleum adability), h :	Remarks: Materia	sine — unspecified: I is inherently biodegradable (reaches > on in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegrada-
		ene glycol: adability	:	aerobic Result: Readily bi Biodegradation: 8 Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD Te Remarks: 10-day	31 % 3 d est Guideline 301F or Equivalent
	Biocher mand (E	nical Oxygen De- 3OD)	:	69.000 % Incubation time: 5	d
				70.000 % Incubation time: 1	0 d
				86.000 % Incubation time: 2	0 d
	Chemic (COD) ThOD	al Oxygen Demand	:	1.53 kg/kg	
		egradation	:	1.68 kg/kg Rate constant: 1.2 Method: Estimate	
		hitrilotripropan-2-ol: adability	:	ditions is high (BC Biodegradation ra acclimation.	radation under aerobic static laboratory con- DD20 or BOD28/ThOD > 40%). te may increase in soil and/or water with dily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC
				aerobic Result: Not biodeg Biodegradation: (Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD Te Remarks: 10-day) % 3 d est Guideline 301F or Equivalent
	ThOD		:	2.35 kg/kg	
	Photode	egradation	:	Test Type: Half-lif	e (indirect photolysis)



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		Sensitizer: OF Rate constant Method: Estim	: 1.2E-10 cm3/s
naph	thalene:		
-	gradability		degradation under aerobic static laboratory con- (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD > 40%).
	emical Oxygen De- I (BOD)	: 57.000 % Incubation tim	e: 5 d
		71.000 % Incubation tim	e: 10 d
		71.000 % Incubation tim	e: 20 d
ThOD)	: 3.00 kg/kg	
Photo	odegradation	Sensitizer: OF Concentration	: 1,500,000 1/cm3 : 2.16E-11 cm3/s
Bioad	ccumulative potential		
Com	ponents:		
fluro	xypyr-meptyl (ISO):		
Bioac	cumulation		orhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) ion factor (BCF): 26 sured
	ion coefficient: n- ol/water	:	
		log Pow: 5.04 Method: Meas Remarks: Bio Pow < 3).	sured concentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log
pyrox	sulam (ISO):		
	ion coefficient: n- ol/water	:	
ocian		log Pow: -1.0' Method: Meas Remarks: Bio Pow < 3).	
Subs	tituted Quinoline Deriv	vative:	
	ion coefficient: n- ol/water	: log Pow: 2.12 Method: Estin	



ersion D	Revision Date: 04/06/2022		OS Number: 0080005573	Date of last issue: - Date of first issue: 04/06/2022
			Remarks: Biocon Pow < 3).	centration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log
Partitio	nt naphtha (petroleun on coefficient: n- ol/water	n), h :	Remarks: For sim	nilar material(s): potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow
Propy	lene glycol:			
	cumulation	:	Bioconcentration Method: Estimate	factor (BCF): 0.09 d.
	on coefficient: n- bl/water	:	log Pow: -1.07 Method: Measure Remarks: Biocon Pow < 3).	ed centration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log
1.1'.1'	-nitrilotripropan-2-ol:			
	cumulation	:	Species: Fish Bioconcentration Exposure time: 42 Method: Measure	
	on coefficient: n- bl/water	:	log Pow: -0.015 (Method: Measure Remarks: Biocon Pow < 3).	
nanht	halene:			
-	cumulation	:	Species: Fish Bioconcentration Exposure time: 23 Method: Measure	
	on coefficient: n- bl/water	:		d centration potential is moderate (BCF be- 000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).
	ce: on coefficient: n- bl/water	:	Remarks: No rele	want data found.
Mobili	ity in soil			
<u>Comp</u>	onents:			
	ypyr-meptyl (ISO):			
Distrib	l compartments	:	Koc: 6200 - 4300 Remarks: Expect 5000).	0 ed to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >



rsion	Revision Date: 04/06/2022		0S Number: 0080005573	Date of last issue: - Date of first issue: 04/06/2022			
pyrox	sulam (ISO):						
Distribution among environ- mental compartments		:	Koc: <= 42 Method: Estimated. Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be- tween 0 and 50).				
Subst	ituted Quinoline Deriv	/ativ	e:				
Distribution among environ- mental compartments		:	Koc: 206 Method: Estimated. Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between 150 and 500).				
Solve	nt naphtha (petroleum	ו), h	eavy arom.; Kero	sine — unspecified:			
	oution among environ- I compartments	:	Remarks: No rele	evant data found.			
Propy	lene glycol:						
	oution among environ- I compartments	:	from natural bodi an important fate	ts very low Henry's constant, volatilization es of water or moist soil is not expected to be			
1,1',1'	-nitrilotripropan-2-ol:						
	oution among environ- I compartments	:	Koc: 10 Method: Estimate Remarks: Potenti tween 0 and 50).	ed. al for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-			
napht	halene:						
	oution among environ- I compartments	:	Koc: 240 - 1300 Method: Measure Remarks: Potenti 150 and 500).	ed al for mobility in soil is medium (Koc betweer			
Balan	ce:						
	oution among environ- I compartments	:	Remarks: No rele	evant data found.			
Other	adverse effects						
	ict: ts of PBT and vPvB sment	:	tent, bioaccumula	ains no substance considered to be persis- ating and toxic (PBT). This mixture contains asidered to be very persistent and very bio- vB).			



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<u>Com</u>	oonents:			
fluro	xypyr-meptyl (ISO):			
Resul	Its of PBT and vPvB	:	lating and toxic	is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu (PBT). This substance is not considered to be and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Ozon	e-Depletion Potential	:		substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list hat deplete the ozone layer.
pyrox	sulam (ISO):			
	ts of PBT and vPvB sment	:	lating and toxic	is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu (PBT). This substance is not considered to be and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Ozon	e-Depletion Potential	:		substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list hat deplete the ozone layer.
Subs	tituted Quinoline Deri	vativ	/e:	
	ts of PBT and vPvB sment	:	lating and toxic	is not considered to be persistent, bioaccum (PBT). This substance is not considered to b and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Ozon	e-Depletion Potential	:		substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list hat deplete the ozone layer.
Solve	ent naphtha (petroleur	n), h	eavy arom.; Ke	rosine — unspecified:
	lts of PBT and vPvB ssment	:	lating and toxic	is not considered to be persistent, bioaccume (PBT). This substance is not considered to b and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Ozon	e-Depletion Potential	:		substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list hat deplete the ozone layer.
Propy	ylene glycol:			
	lts of PBT and vPvB ssment	:	lating and toxic	is not considered to be persistent, bioaccume (PBT). This substance is not considered to b and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Ozon	e-Depletion Potential	:		substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list hat deplete the ozone layer.
1,1',1	'-nitrilotripropan-2-ol:	:		
Resul	ts of PBT and vPvB ssment	:	lating and toxic	is not considered to be persistent, bioaccum (PBT). This substance is not considered to b and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Ozon	e-Depletion Potential	:		substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list hat deplete the ozone layer.



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naphthalene: Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Ozone-Depletion Potential			This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac cumulation and toxicity (PBT). Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.		
Res	ance: sults of PBT and vPvB essment	:	This substance ha	as not been assessed for persistence, bioac- ixicity (PBT).	
Ozo	one-Depletion Potential	:		bstance is not on the Montreal Protocol list t deplete the ozone layer.	

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	: If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or other- wise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste gener- ator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identifica- tion and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regu- lations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-
	cable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG UN number Proper shipping name	UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBST N.O.S. (Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester, Pyroxsular	
Class	9	,
Packing group		
Labels	9	
IATA-DGR		
UN/ID No.	UN 3082	
Proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid (Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester, Pyroxsular	
Proper shipping name Class		
	(Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester, Pyroxsular	
Class	(Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester, Pyroxsular 9	
Class Packing group	(Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester, Pyroxsular 9 III	



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	aircraft Packin ger airc	g instruction (passen-	:	964			
	IMDG-Code UN number Proper shipping name		:	N.O.S.	ALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,		
	Class Packing group Labels EmS Code Marine pollutant Remarks		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	(Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester, Pyroxsulam) 9 III 9 F-A, S-F yes Stowage category A			
	Transport in bulk according Not applicable for product as				OL 73/78 and the IBC Code		
	Domes	stic regulation					
	Proper Class Packin Labels ERG C	NA number shipping name g group		UN 3082 Environmentally h (Naphthalene) 9 III CLASS 9 171 no	nazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.		

Further information

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Respiratory or skin sensitization Carcinogenicity Aspiration hazard Serious eye damage or eye irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
		opeone arget ergan textery (engle of repeated expectate)



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SARA	313		components are subjec ARA Title III, Section 3			
		naphthalene	91-20-3	>= 0.1 - < 1 %		
US Sta	ate Regulations					
Penns	ylvania Right To Kno	w				
	Solvent naphtha (p specified	petroleum), heavy a	64742-94-5			
	Propylene glycol 57-55-6 1,1',1'-nitrilotripropan-2-ol 122-20-3					
Califo	rnia Prop. 65					
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including naphthalene, Quartz, ethanol, sulphuric acid, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, ethanol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth de- fects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.						

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA

: Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

TSCA list

The following substance(s) is/are subject to a Significant New Use Rule: ADTP - Aminodimethoxytriazolopyrimidine 13223-43-3

The following substance(s) is/are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements: Substituted Quinoline Derivative Not Assigned

Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

EPA Registration Number : 62719-721

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Information Source and References This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.



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Full te	ext of other abbreviat	ions			
ACGI	Н	:	USA. ACGIH Thre	eshold Limit Values (TLV)	
Cortev	va OEL	:	Corteva Occupati	onal Exposure Limit	
Dow I	HG	:	Dow Industrial Hy	giene Guideline	
OSHA	A PO	:	USA. Table Z-1-A values)	Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated	
OSHA Z-1		:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants		
US W	US WEEL		USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)		
ACGI	ACGIH / TWA		8-hour, time-weighted average		
Cortev	va OEL / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit		
Cortev	va OEL / TWA	:	Time weighted average		
Dow I	HG / TWA	:	Time Weighted A	verage (TWA):	
Dow I	HG / STEL	:	Short term expos	ure limit	
Dow I	HG / TWA	:	Time weighted av	/erage	
OSHA	A P0 / TWA	:	8-hour time weigh	nted average	
OSHA	A P0 / STEL	:	Short-term expos	ure limit	
OSHA	A Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weigh	nted average	
US W	EEL / TWA	:	8-hr TWA		

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI -Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ -Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

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Product code: GF-3538

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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