

Farewell®

GROUP 7C INSECTICIDE

INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	BY WT.
*Pyriproxyfen.....	11.23%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>88.77%</u>
TOTAL:	100.00%

*(2-[1-methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)ethoxy]pyridine)

Contains 0.86 pound ai per gallon.

Contains aromatic petroleum distillates.

EPA Reg. No. 59639-95-66222

EPA Est. No. 39578-TX-001

**KEEP OUT OF REACH
OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Net Contents

1 gallon



INSECTICIDE

ADAMA
ESSENTIALS

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

CAUTION

Causes skin and eye irritation. Do not get on skin, in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if inhaled, swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID

IF ON SKIN:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:

- Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give any liquid to the person.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED:

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. This product contains a light hydrocarbon liquid; ingestion or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of this product, which can cause pneumonitis.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers must wear: coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants or long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton \geq 14 mils, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, chemical resistant headgear for overhead exposure, chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing or loading.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water by disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Avoid direct application and/or spray drift to bee hives.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and Restricted-Entry Interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton \geq 14 mils, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management purposes, Farewell® is a Group 7C insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to Farewell and other Group 7C insecticides. The resistant individuals dominate the insect population if these insecticides are used repeatedly. These resistant insects may not be controlled by Farewell or other Group 7C insecticides, although local experts should be consulted for local resistance recommendations. The classification scheme is based on mode of action. It is recognized that resistance of insects and mites to insecticides and acaricides can also result from enhanced metabolism, reduced penetration or behavioral changes that are not linked to any site of action classification but are specific for individual chemicals or chemical groupings. Despite this, alternation of compounds from different chemical classes remains a viable management technique.

To delay insecticide resistance

- Avoid exclusive repeated use of insecticides from the same chemical subgroup.
- Integrate other control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into insect control programs.

For further information contact your local distributor.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Farewell is intended for use in Integrated Pest Management (IPM) or Insect Resistance Management (IRM) programs. Farewell will not control insect adults, and it is recommended to be used in combination and/or rotation with other IPM or IRM materials. Contact your local state extension service for details.

Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)*

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Artichoke Plum Moth Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly *Not for use in California.	8 to 10 fl ozs	Apply with ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage (10 to 50 gals/A). HIGHER WATER VOLUMES MAY PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Begin applications when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations (e.g., 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures). Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.

Farewell may be mixed and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) programs.

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season.
- Do not exceed 20 fl ozs of Farewell per acre per calendar year.
- Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment.
- Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.134 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year.
- Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application.

MANAGING INSECT RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides or insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 8 fl ozs per acre for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal IPM and IRM recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

ASPARAGUS*

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Whitefly *Not for use in California.	8 to 10 fl ozs	Apply with ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage (10 to 50 gals/A). HIGHER WATER VOLUMES MAY PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Begin applications when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations (e.g., 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures). Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season.
- Do not exceed 20 fl ozs of Farewell per acre per calendar year.
- Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment.
- Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.134 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year.
- Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application.

MANAGING WHITEFLY RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides or insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 8 fl ozs per acre for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

BANANA AND PLANTAIN*

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly	13 to 16 fl ozs	Apply with air or ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage: By air: 3 to 10 gals/A By ground: 10 to 50 gals/A HIGHER WATER VOLUMES MAY PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Begin applications when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations (e.g. 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures). Only whole fields should be treated.
*Not for use in California.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not make more than 3 Farewell applications per growing season. Do not exceed 48 fl ozs of Farewell per acre per calendar year. Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.323 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year. Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment. Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application. 		

MANAGING WHITEFLY RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides or insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than three applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 13 fl ozs per acre for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

BERRY

Low Growing, Except Strawberry (Subgroup 13-07H)

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATE PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Bearberry Bilberry Blueberry, Lowbush Cloudberry Cranberry Lingonberry Muntries Partridgeberry Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Cherry Fruitworm Cranberry Fruitworm Lecanium Scale	16 fl oz	Apply with ground or air equipment as a full coverage spray (minimum of 5 gals/A by air or 50 gals/A by ground). Thorough coverage is critical for adequate control. It is essential to use adequate water volume to ensure thorough coverage. Fruitworms: Apply when egg laying begins and again at petal fall. Additional applications of another insecticide, at 10 to 14 day intervals, may be needed under high population pressure or sustained moth flight. Lecanium Scale: Apply at either dormant, delayed dormant or an inseason cover spray. At dormant or delayed dormant use a spray oil at the manufacturer's recommended oil rate. In a cover spray make applications when scale crawlers first emerge. Follow local recommendations regarding in-season use and rates of oil in your area.

BERRY Low Growing, Except Strawberry (Subgroup 13-07H) continued

Farewell may be mixed and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) programs.

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season.
- Do not exceed 32 fl oz of Farewell per acre per calendar year.
- Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment.
- Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.215 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year.

MANAGING INSECT RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant insect strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. Follow local, state and federal IPM and IRM recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES (Crop Group 5)

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Broccoli Broccoli Raab (rapini) Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Cauliflower Cavalo Broccolo Chinese Broccoli (gai lan) Chinese Cabbage (bok choy and napa) Chinese Mustard (gai choy) Collards Kale Kohlrabi Mizuna Mustard Greens Mustard Spinach Rape Greens Turnip Greens	Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly	8 to 10 fl ozs	Apply with ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage (10 to 50 gals/A). HIGHER WATER VOLUMES MAY PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Begin applications when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations (e.g. 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures). Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.
			<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.• Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season.• Do not exceed 20 fl ozs Farewell per acre per calendar year.• Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment.• Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.134 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year.• Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application.

MANAGING WHITEFLY RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 8 fl ozs/A for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

**BULB VEGETABLES
(Crop Group 3-07)**

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Garlic* Garlic, Great Headed Leek* Onion, Dry Bulb Onion, Green* Onion, Welsh* Shallot* *Not for use in California.	Onion Thrip Western Flower Thrip	8 fl ozs	FOR SUPPRESSION OF THRIPS: Apply with ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage (20 to 50 gals/A). Begin applications when thrips reach threshold levels per University/Extension. Thorough coverage is critical for adequate water volume to ensure thorough coverage.

Farewell may be mixed and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) programs.

- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season.
- Do not exceed 16 fl ozs of Farewell per acre per calendar year.
- Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment.
- Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.108 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year.
- Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application.

MANAGING INSECT RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant insect strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. Follow local, state and federal IPM and IRM recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

BUSHBERRY
(Subgroup 13-07B)

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides..

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATE PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Aronia Berry Blueberry, Highbush Blueberry, Lowbush Buffalo Currant Chilean Guava Cranberry, Highbush Currant, Black Currant, Red Elderberry European Barberry Gooseberry Honeysuckle, Edible Huckleberry Jostaberry Juneberry (Saskatoon Berry) Lingonberry Native Currant Salal Sea Buckthorn Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Cherry Fruitworm Cranberry Fruitworm Lecanium Scale	16 fl ozs	Apply with ground or air equipment as a full coverage spray (minimum of 5 gals/A by air or 50 gals/A by ground). Thorough coverage is critical for adequate control. It is essential to use adequate water volume to ensure thorough coverage. Fruitworms: Apply when egg laying begins and again at petal fall. Additional applications of another insecticide, at 10 to 14 day intervals, may be needed under high population pressure or sustained moth flight. Lecanium Scale: Apply at either dormant, delayed dormant or an in-season cover spray. At dormant or delayed dormant use a spray oil at the manufacturer's recommended oil rate. In a cover spray make applications when scale crawlers first emerge. Follow local recommendations regarding in-season use and rates of oil in your area.
Farewell may be mixed and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) programs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. • Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season. • Do not exceed 32 fl ozs of Farewell per acre per calendar year. • Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment. • Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.215 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year. 			

MANAGING INSECT RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant insect strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. Follow local, state and federal IPM and IRM recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

CANE BERRY
(Subgroup 13-07A)

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATE PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Blackberry including: Bingleberry Black Satin Berry Boysenberry Cherokee Blackberry Chesterberry Cheyenne Blackberry Coryberry Darrowberry Dewberry Dirksen Thornless Berry Himalayaberry Hullberry Lavacaberry Lowberry Lucretiaberry Mammoth Blackberry Marionberry Necterberry Olallieberry Oregon Evergreen berry Phenomenalberry Rangerberry Ravenberry Rossberry Shawnee Blackberry Loganberry Raspberry, including: Bababerry Black raspberry Blackcap Caneberry	Cherry Fruitworm Cranberry Fruitworm Lecanium Scale	16 fl ozs	Apply with ground or air equipment as a full coverage spray (minimum of 5 gals/A by air or 50 gals/A by ground). Thorough coverage is critical for adequate control. It is essential to use adequate water volume to ensure thorough coverage. Fruitworms: Apply when egg laying begins and again at petal fall. Additional applications of another insecticide, at 10 to 14 day intervals, may be needed under high population pressure or sustained moth flight. Lecanium Scale: Apply at either dormant, delayed dormant or an in-season cover spray. At dormant or delayed dormant use a spray oil at the manufacturer's recommended oil rate. In a cover spray make applications when scale crawlers first emerge. Follow local recommendations regarding in-season use and rates of oil in your area.

continued

CANE BERRY (Subgroup 13-07A) continued

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATE PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Framboise Frambueso Himbeere Keriberry Mayberry Red raspberry Thimbleberry Tulameen Yellow raspberry Wild raspberry Youngberry Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these			
Farewell may be mixed and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) programs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. • Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season. • Do not exceed 32 fl ozs of Farewell per acre per calendar year. • Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment. • Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.215 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year. 			

MANAGING INSECT RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant insect strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. Follow local, state and federal IPM and IRM recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

COTTON

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

PESTS	PRODUCT RATE PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly	8 to 10 fl ozs Do not apply less than 8 fl ozs/A	Apply with air or ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage: By Air:..... 3 to 10 gals/A By Ground:..... 10 to 50 gals/A HIGHER WATER VOLUMES MAY PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Make only one application per growing season. Begin application when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations (e.g. 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures). Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.

- Do not apply within 28 days of harvest.
- Do not make more than 1 Farewell application per growing season.
- Do not exceed 10 fl ozs Farewell per acre per calendar year.
- Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.067 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year.
- Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after last application.

MANAGING WHITEFLY RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to one application per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 8 fl ozs per acre for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

CUCURBITS
(Crop Group 9)

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Balsam Apple Balsam Pear Bitter Melon Cantaloupe Chayote Chinese Cucumber Chinese Waxgourd Citron Melon Cucumber Edible Gourd Gherkin <i>Momordica</i> spp. Muskmelon Pumpkin Summer Squash Watermelon Winter Squash	Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly	8 to 10 fl ozs Do not apply less than 8 fl ozs/A	Apply with air or ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage: By air: 3 to 10 gals/A By Ground: 10 to 50 gals/A HIGHER WATER VOLUMES PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Begin application when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations (e.g. 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures). Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. • Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season. • Do not exceed 20 fl ozs Farewell per acre per calendar year. • Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment. • Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.134 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year. • Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application. 			

MANAGING WHITEFLY RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides or insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 8 fl ozs per acre for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

FRUITING VEGETABLES
(Crop Group 8-10)

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
African Eggplant Bush Tomato Bell Pepper Cocona Currant Tomato Eggplant Garden Huckleberry Goji Berry Ground Cherry Martynia Naranjilla Okra Pea Eggplant Pepino Pepper, Bell Pepper, Nonbell Roselle Scarlet Eggplant Sunberry Tomatillo Tomato Tree Tomato Cultivars, varieties, and/ or hybrids of these	Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly	8 to 10 fl ozs Do not apply less than 8 fl ozs/A of Farewell when used as a stand alone application.	Apply with air or ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage: By Air:.....3 to 10 gals/A By Ground:...10 to 50 gals/A HIGHER WATER VOLUMES PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Begin application when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations (e.g. 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures). Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.
	Banded Wing Whitefly Cabbage Looper Green Peach Aphid Greenhouse Whitefly (immatures & adults) Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly Tobacco Hornworm	6 to 8 fl ozs	Apply as a tank mix with ground equipment for uniform coverage (25 to 150 gals/A by ground). Make application when eggs or insects first appear. If control is needed during this period use an alternate insecticide registered for the target pest. Farewell may also be mixed or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local IPM programs. Comply with all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the registered tank mix partner label.
	Farewell may be mixed and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) programs.		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Do not apply within 1 day of harvest. ● Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season. ● Do not exceed 16 fl ozs Farewell per acre per calendar year. ● Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment. ● Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.108 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year. ● Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application. 		

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FRUITING VEGETABLES (CROP GROUP 8-10) - CONTINUED

CROP	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Tomato	Banded Wing Whitefly Beet Armyworm Fruitworm Greenhouse Whitefly (immatures & adults) Potato Aphid Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly Thrips Tomato Pinworm Yellowstriped Armyworm	6 to 8 fl ozs + Danitol® 2.4 EC Spray 10-2/3 fl ozs	EARLY SEASON WHITEFLY CONTROL PROGRAM FOR REDUCTION OF GEMINIVIRUS: Apply as a tank mix with ground equipment for uniform coverage (10 to 120 gals/A). Make application when scouting first indicates adult whiteflies are on young plants. NOTE: This may result in treatment immediately following transplanting. MID TO LATE SEASON WHITEFLY CONTROL PROGRAM FOR PREVENTION OF IRREGULAR FRUIT RIPENING: Apply as a tank mix with ground equipment for uniform coverage (20 to 120 gals/A. by ground). Make application when scouting indicates whiteflies are present. Farewell may also be mixed or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local IPM programs. Comply with all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the registered label for <i>Danitol</i> 2.4 EC Spray.

Farewell may be mixed and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) programs.

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season.
- Do not exceed 16 fl ozs Farewell per acre per calendar year.
- Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment.
- Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.108 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year.
- Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application.

MANAGING INSECT RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant insect strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. Follow local, state and federal IPM and IRM recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

GRAPE

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an insect growth regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insects' development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

PESTS	PRODUCT RATE PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Grape Berry Moth Lecanium Scale	16 fl ozs	Apply with ground equipment as a full coverage spray (50 to 200 gals/A). Thorough coverage is critical for adequate control. It is essential to use adequate water volume to ensure thorough coverage. Lecanium Scale: Apply at either dormant, delayed dormant or an in-season cover spray. At dormant, delayed dormant you may use a spray oil at the manufacturer's recommended oil rate. Do not use oil in an in-season spray. In a cover spray make applications when scale crawlers first emerge. Follow local recommendations regarding in-season use and rates of oil in your area.
<p>Farewell may be mixed and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) programs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.• Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season.• Do not exceed 32 fl ozs Farewell per acre per calendar year.• Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment.• Regardless of formulation, do not apply more than 0.215 lb active of pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year.		

MANAGING INSECT RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant insect strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. Follow local, state and federal IPM and IRM recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

LEAFY VEGETABLES*
Except Brassica Vegetables (Crop Group 4)

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Amaranth (Chinese Spinach) Arugula (Rocket) Cardoon Celery Celery, Chinese Caltuce Chervil Chrysanthemum, Edible-leaved Chrysanthemum, Garland Corn Salad Cress, Garden Cress, Upland Dandelion, Dock (Sorrel) Endive (Escarole) Fennel, Florence Lettuce, Head and Leaf Orach Parsley Purslane, Garden Purslane, Winter Radicchio (Red Chicory) Rhubarb Spinach New Zealand Spinach Vine Spinach Swiss Chard	Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly	8 to 10 fl ozs	Apply with ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage (10 to 50 gals/A). HIGHER WATER VOLUMES MAY PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Begin applications when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/ Extension recommendations Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.
*Not for use in California.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. • Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season. • Do not exceed 20 fl ozs Farewell per acre per calendar year. • Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment. • Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.134 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year. • Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application. 		

MANAGING WHITEFLY RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 8 fl ozs/A for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

**LEAVES OF ROOT & TUBER VEGETABLES*
Human Food or Animal Feed (Crop Group 2)**

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Beet, Garden Burdock, Edible Carrot Cassava, Bitter Cassava, Sweet Celeriac Chervil, Turnip-Rooted Chicory Dasheen (Taro) Parsnip Radish Radish, Oriental (daikon) Rutabaga Salsify, Black Sugar Beet Sweet Potato Tanier Turnip Yam, True *Not for use in California.	Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly	8 to 10 fl ozs	Apply with ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage (10 to 50 gals/A). HIGHER WATER VOLUMES MAY PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Begin applications when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations (e.g. 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures). Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. • Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season. • Do not exceed 16 fl ozs Farewell per acre per calendar year. • Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment. • Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.107 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year. • Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application. • Do not allow livestock to graze on treated areas. 		

MANAGING WHITEFLY RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 8 fl ozs/A for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

LEGUME VEGETABLES
Succulent or Dried (Crop Group 6)

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Beans (<i>Lupinus</i>): Grain Lupin Sweet Lupin White Lupin White Sweet Lupin Beans (<i>Phaseolus</i>): Field Bean Kidney Bean Lima Bean Navy Bean Pinto Bean Runner Bean Snap Bean Tepary Bean Wax Bean Bean (<i>Vigna</i>): Adzuki Bean Asparagus Bean Blackeyed Pea Catjang Chinese Longbean Cowpea Crowder Pea Moth Bean Mung Bean Rice Bean Southern Pea Urd Bean Yardlong Bean	Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly	8 to 10 fl ozs	EARLY SEASON WHITEFLY PROGRAM: Apply with ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage (10 to 50 gals/A. Thorough coverage is critical for adequate control. It is essential to use adequate water volume to ensure thorough coverage. Begin applications when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations (e.g. 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures). Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.

continued

LEGUME VEGETABLES Succulent or Dried (Crop Group 6) continued

CROP	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Broad Bean (fava) Chickpea (garbanzo) Guar Jackbean Lablab Bean Lentil Pea (Pisum): Dwarf Pea Edible-podded Pea English Pea Field Pea Garden Pea Green Pea Snowpea Sugar Snap Pea Pigeon Pea Soybean ¹ Sword Bean			

¹California only; New York only; Not for use on soybeans

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season.
- Do not exceed 20 fl oz of Farewell per acre per calendar year.
- Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment.
- Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.134 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year.
- Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application.
- Do not allow livestock to graze treated areas.
- Do not use on legume vegetables varieties grown for livestock feed.

MANAGING WHITEFLY RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides or insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 8 fl ozs per acre for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES*
(Crop Group 1)

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an Insect Growth Regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insect's development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell does exhibit translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

CROPS	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Arracacha Arrowroot Artichoke, Chinese Artichoke, Jerusalem Beet, Garden Beet, Sugar Burdock, Edible Canna, Edible Carrot Cassava, (bitter and sweet) Celeriac Chaoyote (root) Chervil, Turnip-rooted Chicory Chufa Dasheen (taro) Ginger Ginseng Horseradish Leren Parsley, Turnip-rooted Parsnip Potato Radish Radish, Oriental (dai kon) Rutabaga Salsify Salsify, Black Salsify, Spanish	Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly	8 fl ozs	Apply with ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage (20 to 50 gals/A). HIGHER WATER VOLUMES MAY PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Begin applications when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations (e.g. 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures). Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.

continued

ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES* (Crop Group 1) continued

CROP	PESTS	PRODUCT RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Skirret Sweet Potato Tanicer Turmeric Turnip Yam, Bean Yam, True *Not for use in California.			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season. Do not exceed 16 fl ozs of Farewell per acre per calendar year. Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment. Regardless of formulation do not apply more than 0.108 lb pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year. Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application. Do not allow livestock to graze treated areas.

MANAGING WHITEFLY RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides or insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 8 fl ozs per acre for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

STRAWBERRY

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an insect growth regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insects' development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell exhibits translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

PESTS	PRODUCT RATE PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Banded Wing Whitefly Greenhouse Whitefly Silverleaf Whitefly Sweetpotato Whitefly	10 fl ozs	<p>Apply with ground equipment as a full coverage spray (100 to 400 gals/A). Thorough coverage is critical for adequate control. It is essential to use adequate water volume to ensure thorough coverage.</p> <p>Begin applications when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/ Extension recommendations (e.g. 3 to 5 adults per leaf and/or equivalent levels of immatures).</p> <p>Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates.</p> <p>Only whole fields should be treated.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply within 2 days of harvest. Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season. Do not exceed 20 fl ozs Farewell per acre per calendar year. Do not apply earlier than 30 days after last Farewell treatment. Regardless of formulation, do not apply more than 0.134 lb of pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year. Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application. 		

MANAGING WHITEFLY RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. Follow local, state and federal Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

WATERCRESS*

GENERAL: Farewell acts by suppressing embryogenesis within the insect egg and by inhibiting metamorphosis and adult emergence of target insects. Farewell has no activity on adult insects, but hatching of eggs laid by treated adults will be suppressed. Since Farewell is an insect growth regulator (IGR) and activity depends on the insects' development, evidence of activity will be slower than typical contact insecticides.

Farewell exhibits translaminar movement which means that Farewell applied to the upper surfaces of the leaves will move to the lower surface of the leaf. This translaminar movement is very important to chemical control of whitefly since one of the major obstacles is getting the product to the underside of the leaves where whitefly are present.

PESTS	PRODUCT RATE PER ACRE	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Sharpshooters Whitefly *Not for use in California.	8 to 10 fl ozs	Apply with ground equipment as a full coverage spray (10 to 50 gals/A). Thorough coverage is critical for adequate control. It is essential to use adequate water volume to ensure thorough coverage. Begin applications when whiteflies reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. Only whole fields should be treated.

Farewell may be mixed and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and Insect Resistance Management (IRM) programs.

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not make more than 2 Farewell applications per growing season.
- Do not exceed 20 fl ozs Farewell per acre per calendar year.
- Do not apply earlier than 14 days after last Farewell treatment.
- Regardless of formulation, do not apply more than 0.134 lb of pyriproxyfen per acre per calendar year.
- Do not plant any crop other than those with registered pyriproxyfen uses in treated areas sooner than 30 days after the last application.

MANAGING INSECT RESISTANCE: Repeated use of the same class of insecticides with similar modes of action can lead to the buildup of resistant whitefly strains. To optimize resistance management practices, ADAMA is restricting Farewell to no more than two applications per growing season. Farewell may be used in alternation with other IGR materials possessing dissimilar modes of action and/or with other chemical classes of insecticides. ADAMA also does not recommend using rates below 8 fl ozs per acre for whitefly control because reduced rates can lead to a greater potential for resistance development. Follow local, state and federal IPM and IRM recommendations. Read and follow all product labels before applying any insecticide.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Keep this product in its tightly closed original container. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night 800-892-0099.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire directions for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following **CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES and LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.**

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of ADAMA. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, ADAMA makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of ADAMA is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, ADAMA disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at ADAMA's election, the replacement of product.

Farewell is a registered trademark of ADAMA

Danitol is a registered trademark of Sumitomo Chemical Company, Ltd.

Danitol is a restricted use product.

Manufactured for:

Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.

(d/b/a ADAMA)

3120 Highwoods Blvd, Suite 100

Raleigh, NC 27604

060120_V2

Farewell[®]

INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

*Pyriproxyfen..... 11.23%

BY WT.

OTHER INGREDIENTS:..... 88.77%

TOTAL:..... 100.00%

*[2-[1-methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)ethoxy]pyridine)

Contains 0.86 pound ai per gallon.

Contains aromatic petroleum distillates.

EPA Reg. No. 59639-95-66222 EPA Est. No. 39578-TX-001

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes skin and eye irritation. Do not get on skin, in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if inhaled, swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

Manufactured by:
Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.
(d/b/a ADAMA)
3120 Highwoods Blvd, Suite 100
Raleigh, NC 27604

Net Contents
1 gallon



INSECTICIDE

ADAMA
ESSENTIALS

GROUP 7C INSECTICIDE

FIRST AID

IF ON SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give **any** liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. This product contains a light hydrocarbon liquid; ingestion or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of this product, which can cause pneumonitis.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Keep this product in its tightly closed original container. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night 800-892-0099.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

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