according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name Snapshot® DG

Manufacturer or supplier's details

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer CORTEVA AGRISCIENCE LLC

9330 ZIONSVILLE RD

INDIANAPOLIS, IN, 46268-1053

UNITED STATES

Customer Information

Number

: 1-800-258-3033

E-mail address : customerinformation@corteva.com

Emergency telephone : INFOTRAC (CONTRACT 84224).

+1 800-992-5994 or +1 317-337-6009

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : End use herbicide product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Carcinogenicity : Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity : Category 1 (Lungs)

- repeated exposure (Inhala-

tion)

GHS label elements

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Hazard pictograms

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H350 May cause cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Lungs) through prolonged or

repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
isoxaben (ISO)	82558-50-7	0.5
trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm	1582-09-8	2
NPDA)		
Quartz	14808-60-7	>= 3 - < 10
Balance	Not Assigned	> 80

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an

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emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment

advice.

If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qual-

ified personnel.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with

plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center

or doctor for treatment advice.

In case of eye contact : Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-

20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control

center or doctor for treatment advice. May cause injury due to mechanical action.

If swallowed : Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treat-

ment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison

control center or doctor.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

None known.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician : Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient.

No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or

doctor, or going for treatment.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may

be toxic and/or irritating.

Combustion products may include and are not limited to:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hydrogen fluoride Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust.

Use personal protective equipment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

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Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Avoid formation of respirable particles.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes. Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in a closed container.

Prevent unauthorized access.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidizing agents

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Quartz	14808-60-7	TWA (Respirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (respirable)	10 mg/m3 / %SiO2+2	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (respirable)	250 mppcf / %SiO2+5	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (Res-	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH

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pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	(Silica)	
TWA (respirable dust fraction)	0.1 mg/m3	OSHA P0
PEL (respir- able)	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA CARC

Engineering measures

Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below

exposure limit requirements or guidelines.

If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or

guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some opera-

tions.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten-

tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or

guidelines, use an approved respirator.

Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne

concentration of the material.

For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-

pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hand protection

Remarks : Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when pro-

longed or frequently repeated contact could occur. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications

provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection : Use safety glasses (with side shields).

If there is a potential for exposure to particles which could

cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.

Skin and body protection : Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Granules.

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Color : light yellow

Odor : Aromatic

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 7.5

(50% dispersion)

Melting point/range : No data available

Freezing point Not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range : Not applicable

Flash point : Method: closed cup

Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : No

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Not applicable

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Density : Not applicable

Bulk density : 0.70 g/cm3 (74.1 °F / 23.4 °C)

Method: Loose Volumetric

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Autoignition temperature : $> 999 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} \, / > 537 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : No

Oxidizing properties : No significant increase (>5C) in temperature.

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Strong acids

Strong bases

Hazardous decomposition

products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply

and the presence of other materials.

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hydrogen fluoride Carbon oxides

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,500 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Information source: Internal study report

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Information source: Internal study report

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Prolonged excessive exposure to dust may cause

adverse effects.

Based on the available data, narcotic effects were not ob-

served.

Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not ob-

served.

LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.93 mg/l

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Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Remarks: Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Vapors are unlikely due to physical properties.

No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to

dust.

Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not ob-

served.

LC50 (Rat): > 4.8 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Result : No skin irritation

Quartz:

Result : No skin irritation

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Result : No eye irritation

Quartz:

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Assessment : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Remarks : Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity - : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

Assessment toxicity studies were predominantly negative.

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

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Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative.

Quartz:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases

and positive in other cases.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

An increase in nonmalignant liver tumors was observed with

isoxaben in one of two species tested.

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

A low incidence of urinary tract tumors was seen in only 1 of 5 chronic studies in rats with trifluralin. Trifluralin is not antici-

pated to be a carcinogenic risk to man.

Quartz:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Human carcinogen.

Has caused cancer in humans., Has caused cancer in labora-

tory animals.

IARC Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

Quartz 14808-60-7

(Silica dust, crystalline)

OSHA OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen

Quartz 14808-60-7

(crystalline silica)

NTP Known to be human carcinogen

Quartz 14808-60-7

(Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size))

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

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Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with reproduction in females., Effects have been seen only at doses that

produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses

toxic to the mother.

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother., Did not cause birth defects in laboratory

animals.

Quartz:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any

other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

STOT-single exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Quartz:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT-repeated exposure

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Quartz:

Routes of exposure : Inhalation

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Target Organs : Lungs

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Liver. Kidney.

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney. Blood. Liver. Thyroid.

Quartz:

Remarks : In humans, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney.

Repeated excessive exposure to crystalline silica may cause silicosis, a progressive and disabling disease of the lungs.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Quartz:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

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SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 230 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 10,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d End point: survival

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2000

mg/kg bodyweight.

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent Remarks: The LC50 value is above the water solubility.

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 0.87

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent Remarks: The LC50 value is above the water solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EbC50 (Lemna minor (duckweed)): 0.011 mg/l

End point: Biomass

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Exposure time: 7 d Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.2

mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 0.49 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.4 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 33 d Test Type: semi-static test

LOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.40 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 33 d Test Type: semi-static test

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level) (Pimephales

promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.40 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 33 d Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.69 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

LOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.01 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level) (Daphnia

magna (Water flea)): 0.85 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

NOEC (saltwater mysid Mysidopsis bahia): 0.841 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

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Test Type: flow-through test

LOEC (saltwater mysid Mysidopsis bahia): > 0.841 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC (Midge (Chironomus riparius)): 32 mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 28 d Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

LOEC (Midge (Chironomus riparius)): 64 mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 28 d Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level) (Midge (Chi-

ronomus riparius)): 48 mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 28 d Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

End point: Respiration rates.

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg)., Material is moderately toxic to birds on a dietary basis (LC50 between 501 and 1000 ppm).

oral LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2000

mg/kg bodyweight. Exposure time: 14 d

LC50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 937 mg/kg diet.

Exposure time: 8 d

oral LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee

contact LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

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Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Toxicity to fish Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.088 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.089 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (water flea Daphnia magna): 0.245 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

EC50 (mussel Mytilus edulis): 0.096 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

0.0532 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba): 0.043 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Test Type: Growth inhibition

EbC50 (diatom Navicula sp.): 0.015 mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 5 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00114 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 48 d Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0507 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: semi-static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

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Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg)., Material is practically non-toxic to

birds on a dietary basis (LC50 > 5000 ppm).

oral LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2250

mg/kg bodyweight.

dietary LC50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5000

mg/kg diet.

Exposure time: 5 d

oral LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee

contact LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee

Quartz:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Based on information for a similar material:

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most

sensitive species tested).

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 508 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on information for a similar material:

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 731 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Persistence and degradability

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Remarks: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready

biodegradability.

Biodegradation rate may increase in soil and/or water with

acclimation.

Chemical Oxygen Demand

(COD)

: 1.77 mg/g

ThOD : 1.98 kg/kg

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Stability in water : Test Type: Hydrolysis

Degradation half life (half-life): > 5 d pH: 7.0

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitizer: OH radicals

Concentration: 1,500,000 1/cm3 Rate constant: 2.045E-10 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Biodegradability : Remarks: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in

the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready

biodegradability.

Concentration: 10 mg/l

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Chemical Oxygen Demand

(COD)

: 1.37 kg/kg

Stability in water : Test Type: Hydrolysis

Degradation half life (half-life): > 1 yr pH: 3 - 9

Method: Measured

Test Type: Photolysis

Degradation half life (half-life): 0.19 - 3.08 h

Method: Measured

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitizer: OH radicals

Concentration: 1,500,000 1/cm3 Rate constant: 2.4004E-11 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

Quartz:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Biodegradation is not applicable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2.64 Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

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Bioaccumulation : Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,060 - 6,000

Concentration: 0.0018 mg/l

Method: Estimated.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 5.27

Method: Method Not Specified.

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or

Log Pow between 5 and 7).

Quartz:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applica-

ble.

Balance:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Mobility in soil

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 700 - 1290

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500

and 2000).

Stability in soil : Test Type: aerobic degradation

Dissipation time: 0.358 - 0.883 yr

Test Type: Photolysis Dissipation time: 248 d

Quartz:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Balance:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Other adverse effects

Components:

isoxaben (ISO):

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

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Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA):

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Quartz:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Balance:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regu-

lations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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N.O.S.

(Trifluralin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Trifluralin)

956

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo :

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 956

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S. (Trifluralin)

Class : 9

Packing group : III Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Marine pollutant : yes(Trifluralin)

Remarks : Stowage category A

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR Road

UN/ID/NA number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Trifluralin)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : CLASS 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : no

Reportable Quantity : Trifluralin only regulated in pack sizes > 226 kg

Further information

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

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Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels es-

tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:

trifluralin (ISO) 1582-09-8 >= 1 - < 5 %

(containing <0.5 ppm NPDA)

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Quartz 14808-60-7 trifluralin (ISO) (containing <0.5 ppm NPDA) 1582-09-8

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Quartz, Kaolin, Quartz, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and toluene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

TSCA list

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

EPA Registration Number : 62719-175

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation

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Harmful if swallowed or inhaled

Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

OSHA CARC : OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens

OSHA PO : USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated

values)

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Min-

eral Dusts

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA CARC / PEL : Permissible exposure limit (PEL)
OSHA P0 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - not otherwise specified; NOEC - Non-Observed Effective Concentration; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; UN - United Nations.

CFR Code of Federal Regulations. **IARC** International for Cancer. Agency Research on IATA-DGR - International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations. OSHA Occupational Safety Administration. and Health **RCRA** Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. RQ Reportable Quantity. SARA Superfund Amendments Reauthorization Act. and

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act.

Revision Date : 09/12/2023

Product code: FN-3278

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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