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# Section 1 - Identification of The Material and Supplier



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Trade Name: Elantra® Xtreme® Herbicide

APVMA Code: 57968

**Chemical nature:** Quizalofop is a 4-aryloxyphenoxy propionic acid derivative. **Product Use:** Agricultural herbicide for use as described on the product label.

Creation Date: November, 2010

**This version issued:** October, 2015 and is valid for 5 years from this date.

## Section 2 - Hazards Identification

#### **Statement of Hazardous Nature**

This product is classified as: Xn, Harmful. Xi, Irritating. Hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.

Not subject to the ADG Code when transported in Australia by Road or Rail (refer to SP AU01). However if transported by Air or Sea, this provision does not apply. Then the product is classed as Dangerous (Class 9 Environmentally Hazardous) by IATA and IMDG respectively. See details below and in Section 14 of this MSDS.

Risk Phrases: R65. Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed.

**Safety Phrases:** S23, S26, S28, S46, S62, S24/25, S36/37/39. Do not breathe vapours or spray mists. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. If swallowed, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre immediately and show this MSDS or label. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this MSDS. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

**SUSMP Classification:** S6

ADG Classification: Class 9: Miscellaneous dangerous goods.

UN Number: 3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.





# GHS Signal word: WARNING.

#### **HAZARD STATEMENT:**

H227: Combustible liquid.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **PREVENTION**

P102: Keep out of reach of children.

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

#### **RESPONSE**

P337: If eye irritation persists: seek medical attention.

P352: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+P378: In case of fire, note the following. Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal foam can be used. Try to contain spills, minimise spillage entering drains or water courses.

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#### **STORAGE**

P410: Protect from sunlight.

P402+P404: Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### **DISPOSAL**

P501: Dispose of contents and containers as specified on the registered label.

#### **Emergency Overview**

Physical Description & colour: Clear pale yellow liquid.

Odour: Faint paint-like odour.

**Major Health Hazards:** Pure Quizalofop-p-ethyl is harmful by oral exposure. The reported oral  $LD_{50}$  values of the compound are 1210 to 1670 mg/kg in male rats, and 1182 to 1480 mg/kg in female rats. Mice are only slightly less susceptible to the compound. Quizalofop-p-ethyl has reported  $LD_{50}$  values of 1753 to 2350 mg/kg in male mice and 1805 to 2360 mg/kg in female mice. This product is mildly irritating to eyes and skin, and if aspirated, may cause lung damage.

#### **Potential Health Effects**

#### Inhalation:

**Short term exposure:** Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. However product may be mildly irritating, although unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort.

Long Term exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

#### **Skin Contact:**

**Short term exposure:** Available data indicates that this product is a mild skin irritant. Symptoms may include itchiness and mild reddening of contacted skin. Other symptoms may also become evident, but all should disappear once exposure has ceased.

**Long Term exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.

#### Eye Contact:

**Short term exposure:** This product is a mild eye irritant. Symptoms may include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering which may become copious. Other symptoms may also become evident. If exposure is brief, symptoms should disappear once exposure has ceased.

**Long Term exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

#### Ingestion:

**Short term exposure:** Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. Because of the low viscosity of this product, it may directly enter the lungs if swallowed, or if subsequently vomited. Once in the lungs, it is very difficult to remove and can cause severe injury or death. However, this product is an oral irritant. Symptoms may include burning sensation and reddening of skin in mouth and throat. Other symptoms may also become evident, but all should disappear once exposure has ceased.

Long Term exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

#### Carcinogen Status:

**SWA:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA. **NTP:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP. **IARC:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

## Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredients	CAS No	Conc,%	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Quizalofop-p-ethyl	100646-51-3	200g/L	not set	not set
Surfactants	various	50-100g/L	not set	not set
Liquid hydrocarbon	64742-94-5	759g/L	not set	not set

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

#### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

#### **General Information:**

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You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this MSDS with you when you call.

**Inhalation:** No first aid measures normally required. However, if inhalation has occurred, and irritation has developed, remove to fresh air and observe until recovered. If irritation becomes painful or persists more than about 30 minutes, seek medical advice.

**Skin Contact:** Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water (use non-abrasive soap if necessary) until product is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands and belts) and completely decontaminate them before reuse or discard. If irritation persists, repeat flushing and seek medical attention.

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 10 minutes or until the product is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Wash mouth with water and contact a Poisons Information Centre, or call a doctor.

## **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

**Fire and Explosion Hazards**: This product is classified as a C1 combustible product. There is little risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream on hot liquids.

Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

Extinguishing Media: Try to contain spills, minimise spillage entering drains or water courses.

**Fire Fighting:** If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade. There is little danger of a violent reaction or explosion if significant quantities of this product are involved in a fire. Recommended personal protective equipment is full fire kit and breathing apparatus.

Flash point: >61°C
Upper Flammability Limit: No data.
Lower Flammability Limit: No data.
Autoignition temperature: No data.

Flammability Class: Flammable Category 4 (GHS), C1 combustible (AS 1940)

## **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

**Accidental release:** In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear full protective clothing including eye/face protection. All skin areas should be covered. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include rubber. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned below (section 8). Otherwise, not normally necessary.

Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Because of the environmentally hazardous nature of this product, special care should be taken to restrict release to waterways or drains. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. Refer to product label for specific instructions. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. Full details regarding disposal of used containers, spillage and unused material may be found on the label. If there is any conflict between this MSDS and the label, instructions on the label prevail. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

# **Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

**Handling:** Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this MSDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

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**Storage:** This product is a Scheduled Poison. Observe all relevant regulations regarding sale, transport and storage of this schedule of poison. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

## **Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501 set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

#### SWA Exposure Limits TWA (mg/m³) STEL (mg/m³)

Exposure limits have not been established by SWA for any of the significant ingredients in this product.

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

**Ventilation:** This product should only be used in a well ventilated area. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a fan is suggested.

**Eye Protection:** Protective glasses or goggles should be worn when this product is being used. Failure to protect your eyes may cause them harm. Emergency eye wash facilities are also recommended in an area close to where this product is being used.

**Skin Protection:** Prevent skin contact by wearing impervious gloves, clothes and, preferably, apron. Make sure that all skin areas are covered. See below for suitable material types.

**Protective Material Types:** We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: rubber. **Respirator:** Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above. Otherwise, not normally necessary.

Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should be provided near to where this product is being used.

## **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties:**

**Physical Description & colour**: Clear pale yellow liquid. **Odour:** Faint paint-like odour.

**Boiling Point:** Not available.

**Freezing/Melting Point:** No specific data. Liquid at normal temperatures.

Volatiles:No data.Vapour Pressure:No data.Vapour Density:>1

Specific Gravity: 1.06 approx Water Solubility: Dispersible.

pH: 7.00 (1% dispersed in water).

Volatility: No data.
Odour Threshold: No data.
Evaporation Rate: No data.
Coeff Oil/water distribution: No data
Autoignition temp: No data.

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity**: This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Store in the closed original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. **Incompatibilities:** strong acids, strong bases, oxidising agents.

**Fire Decomposition:** Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Nitrogen and its compounds, and under some circumstances, oxides of nitrogen. Occasionally hydrogen cyanide gas in reducing atmospheres. Hydrogen chloride gas, other compounds of chlorine. Water. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

**Polymerisation:** This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

# **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.

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**Toxicity:** Acute toxicity: Pure Quizalofop-p-ethyl is harmful by oral exposure. The reported oral LD $_{50}$  values of the compound are 1210 to 1670 mg/kg in male rats, and 1182 to 1480 mg/kg in female rats. Mice are only slightly less susceptible to the compound. Quizalofop-p-ethyl has reported LD $_{50}$  values of 1753 to 2350 mg/kg in male mice and 1805 to 2360 mg/kg in female mice. For a formulated product, the reported oral LD $_{50}$  values are 6600 mg/kg in male rats and 5700 in female rats. Exposure of the skin of rabbits to the compound indicated that the compound is not harmful by this route. The acute percutaneous (absorbed through the skin) LD $_{50}$  for quizalofop-p-ethyl in mice, rats, and rabbits is greater than 2000 mg/kg. For the formulated product, the reported dermal LD $_{50}$  in rabbits is greater than 5000 mg/kg. Quizalofop-p-ethyl is slightly to practically nontoxic via inhalation, both in technical form and formulation. Reported 4-hour inhalation LC $_{50}$ s values are 5.8 mg/L for technical quizalofop-p-ethyl and 75 mg/L for formulated product in rats. Quizalofop-p-ethyl is nonirritating to the skin and only slightly irritating to the eyes in rabbits. It is nonsensitizing to the skin of guinea pigs. The formulated product, however, is severely irritating to rabbit eyes.

**Chronic toxicity:** In a 1-year feeding study on dogs, doses of up to 10 mg/kg/day (the highest dose tested in that study) caused no observed effects. In a 90-day feeding study in rats, doses of 6.4 mg/kg/day and higher produced liver lesions and increased liver weight. In a 2-year study of rats, doses of 5 mg/kg/day produced no observed effects. **Reproductive effects:** Data from reproductive studies indicated only decreased body weight gains, and did not report findings of impaired reproductive function in test animals. A 6-month study in dogs found atrophy of the semeniferous tubules at doses of 2.5 mg/kg/day, but was unclear whether this was extensive enough to result in impaired reproductive function. These data are insufficient to draw conclusions regarding the likely reproductive effects of quizalofop-p-ethyl in animals, but suggest that effects on human reproduction are unlikely under normal circumstances.

**Teratogenic effects:** In a two-generational study in rats, doses of 2.5 mg/kg/day and higher produced increased liver weights in offspring. No teratogenic effects were observed in another study in rats at doses of up to 300 mg/kg/day (the highest doses tested) over an unspecified period, although maternal decreases in body weight, food consumption, and corpora lutea were observed at doses of 100 mg/kg/day. These data suggest that teratogenic or developmental effects are unlikely in humans.

**Mutagenic effects:** The results of many assays for mutagenicity and genotoxicity of quizalofop-p-ethyl show no mutagenic or genotoxic activity. Quizalofop-p-ethyl was not found to be mutagenic in the Ames assay, either with or without metabolic activation, nor was mutagenic activity seen in Chinese hamster ovary cell culture tests. Assays for chromosome structural aberrations and alterations in DNA damage repair capacity were also negative.

**Carcinogenic effects:** In an 18-month carcinogenicity study on mice, increased liver weights, changes in blood chemistry, and some changes in liver tissue structure were detected, but no carcinogenic or tumour-causing activity was reported. This study suggests that this compound is not carcinogenic.

**Organ toxicity:** Available data show that the target organ in test animals has consistently been the liver in rats and dogs. It is possible that testes may be a target organ in some species; e.g. dogs.

Fate in humans and animals: Quizalofop-p appears to be rapidly broken down in mammals. More than

# Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient Risk Phrases
Liquid Hydrocarbon Conc>=10%: Xn; R65

# **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

Insufficient data to be sure of status.

**Effects on birds:** Quizalofop-p-ethyl is practically nontoxic to birds. The reported 8-day feeding (dietary)  $LC_{50}$  is greater than 5000 ppm in bobwhite quail and mallard ducks. The reported  $LD_{50}$  for quizalofop-p-ethyl is greater than 2000 mg/kg in mallard ducks.

**Effects on aquatic organisms:** Quizalofop-p-ethyl is highly to very highly toxic to fish. Reported 96-hour LC<sub>50</sub> values are 10.7 mg/L in rainbow trout and 0.46 to 2.8 mg/L in bluegill sunfish.

**Effects on other organisms:** Quizalofop-p-ethyl is practically nontoxic to bees, with a 48-hour contact  $LD_{50}$  of greater than 100 mg/bee.

**Environmental Fate:** 

**Breakdown in soil and groundwater:** Quizalofop-p-ethyl is moderately persistent in soils, with a reported half-life of 60 days. It may be more rapidly broken down in soil with high microbial activity. It is moderately to strongly sorbed to soils, and studies indicate very low soil mobility. It should not leach significantly into water.

Breakdown in water: No data are currently available.

**Breakdown in vegetation:** No data are available regarding the breakdown of the compound; however, it is absorbed from the leaf surface and translocated throughout the plant. It accumulates in the active growing regions of stems and roots.

# **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

**Disposal:** Special help is available for the disposal of Agricultural Chemicals. The product label will give general advice regarding disposal of small quantities, and how to cleanse containers. However, for help with the collection of

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unwanted rural chemicals, contact ChemClear 1800 008 182 http://www.chemclear.com.au/ and for help with the disposal of empty drums, contact DrumMuster http://www.drummuster.com.au/ where you will find contact details for your area.

# **Section 14 - Transport Information**

Not subject to the ADG Code when transported by Road or Rail in Australia, but classed as Dangerous by IATA and IMDG when carried by Air or Sea transport (see details below).

ADG Code: 3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Hazchem Code: •3Z

Special Provisions: 179, 274, AU01

Limited quantities: ADG 7 specifies a Limited Quantity value of 5 L for this class of product.

Dangerous Goods Class: Class 9: Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods.

Packaging Group: III

Packaging Method: P001, IBC03, LP01

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight

container with Dangerous Goods of Class 1 (Explosives).

## **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

**AICS:** All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with NICNAS regulations. The following ingredients: Quizalofop-p-ethyl, Liquid hydrocarbon, are mentioned in the SUSMP.

#### **Section 16 - Other Information**

This MSDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

**Acronyms:** 

**ADG Code** Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7<sup>th</sup> edition)

AICS

SWA

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC

CAS number

Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Hazchem Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services especially firefighters

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

NOS Not otherwise specified

NTP National Toxicology Program (USA)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons

**UN Number** United Nations Number

Contact Points: AUSTRALIA

Police and Fire Brigade: Dial 000

If ineffective: Dial 1100 (Exchange)
For emergency response: Dial 1800 033 111

National Poisons Information Centre: Dial 13 1126 (from anywhere in Australia)

## Please read all labels carefully before using product.

The Safety Data Sheet (SDS) augments the label and should not be used in place of regulatory approved product labels which are attached to or accompanying the product container. This SDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for personnel that are manufacturing, distributing, transporting and storing the product, including emergency responders and other product handlers. The label provides information specifically for product users.

This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (December 2011)

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