



RICEPYR® LC*

FOR WEED CONTROL IN RICE FIELD LEVEES

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Propanil: (3', 4'-dichloropropionanilide) 36.5%

Triclopyr (3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridinyloxyacetic acid), Triethylamine salt:... 3.8%

Inert Ingredients: 59.7%

TOTAL: 100.0%

***LEVEE CONTROL**

Acid Equivalent: Triclopyr – 0.33 lbs. per gallon

 Propanil – 3.1 lbs. per gallon

This product contains petroleum distillate

EPA REG. NO: 71085-29

EPA EST NO.: 34704-MS-1, 62171-MS-1, 62171-MS-3, 37429-GA-2, 75640-COL-1, 46193-GTM-1

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER - PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Do not give any liquid to the person. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.	
Note to Applicator: Allergic skin reaction is not expected from exposure to spray mixtures of this product when used as directed.	
Note to Physician: Probably mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Contains petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.	
In Case of Chemical Spill, Leak, Exposure Call Global Logistics @ (504) 439-3140 or (727) 374-5705	

MANUFACTURED FOR:
RICECO LLC
MEMPHIS, TN 38137

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 GALLONS

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
DANGER

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield).

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category B on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, ground applicators, and handlers cleaning up spills or equipment or otherwise exposed to the concentrate and handlers removing an unrinsed probe must wear the following:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves,
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- Protective eyewear, and
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing and loading

Pilots and handlers removing a triple-rinsed probe must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Shoes and socks.

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Mixers and loaders must either:

- (1) use a closed system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for dermal protection of agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 160.240(d)(4)],

OR

- (2) Use the probe system described below:

PROBE SYSTEM

Specific requirements for use of the probe closed mixing/loading system:

- ✓ Remove plug from bung of drum containing this product only when drum is sitting on the ground or on a secure level platform, with the bung end of the drum pointed up.
- ✓ Do not pour this product from its drum.
- ✓ Transfer product from the drum to the mixing tank by use of suction hose connected at one end to the suction pump on the mixing tank and connected at the other end to a probe (dip tube) that is inserted through the bung opening into the drum.

- ✓ Do not handle the probe or bung in a manner that allows dripping or splattering of the product onto yourself or any other person.
- ✓ Do not touch the portion of the probe that has been in contact with this product until after the probe has been triple rinsed with water.
- ✓ If all of the product is removed from the drum, then triple rinse the probe while it remains inside the drum.

UN-RINSED PROBES

- ✓ If an un-rinsed probe must be removed from the drum, then use an anti-drip flange, and immediately transfer the probe into a container of rinse water. The anti-drip flange must be designed to remove excess propanil product from the probe as it is extracted from the drum.
- ✓ Take the following steps if the probe must be disconnected from the suction hose before both the probe and the hose have been triple rinsed:
 - (1) Equip the probe end of the hose with a shut off valve,
 - (2) Install a dry break coupling between the valve and the probe,
 - (3) Close the shut-off valve before disconnecting the probe.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR ALL TRANSFER SYSTEMS

In addition, mixers and loaders using all systems must:

- wear the personal protective equipment required in the PPE section of this labeling for mixers and loaders,
- wear protective eyewear, and
- when using a system that meets the requirements in the WPS as a closed system or using a probe system when the probe is not removed, chemical-resistant footwear must be provided, be immediately available, and be used in an emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown.

All systems must be capable of removing the pesticide from the shipping container and transferring it into mixing tanks and/or application equipment. At any disconnect point, the system must be equipped with a dry disconnect or dry couple shut-off device that is warranted by the manufacturer to minimize drippage.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Aerial application is prohibited.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas and drift or runoff may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark except when treating rice fields as specified in this label. Off-target movement of spray drift may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from area to be treated.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination due to cracks in the subsoil of the rice paddy.

This product may contaminate water through runoff following rainfall events and by seepage through levees. This product has a high potential for runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Levees should be constructed with adequate time prior to chemical application so that they are compacted to reduce seepage and to hold a 3-6 inch flood.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flames.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, and
- Protective Eyewear

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: STORE ABOVE 32°F TO KEEP PRODUCT FROM FREEZING. Open dumping is prohibited. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store this product near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, or fungicides. Store in a dry place. Do not store near heat or open flame. Store at temperature above 32°F. If product is allowed to freeze, warm to 50°F and agitate before using. Containers should not be stacked more than three (3) containers high. Reclose all partially used containers by thoroughly tightening screw cap. Damaged or leaking containers that contain product that cannot be used immediately should be transferred to

suitable sound containers and properly marked. Any spilled material should be thoroughly absorbed with a suitable absorbent, swept up and transferred to a new or waste container for disposal as indicated under "Pesticide Disposal".

For safety and prevention of unauthorized use, all pesticides should be stored in locked facilities. To prevent accidental misuse, different pesticides should be stored in separate areas with enough distance between to provide clear identification.

Opened, partially used pesticides should be stored in original containers when possible. When transfer to another container is necessary because of leakage or damage, carefully mark and identify contents of the new container. Do not put concentrate or dilute material with food or drink containers. Keep containers closed when not in use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. If rinsate cannot be used, follow pesticide disposal instruction. If not triple rinsed, these containers are acute hazardous wastes and must be disposed in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. DO NOT cut or weld metal containers.

Nonrefillable container equal to or less than 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows. Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area. Avoid breathing vapors. Use NIOSH pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus for large spills in confined areas. Dike the spill with inert material (sand, earth, fuller's earth, etc.) And, if appropriate, transfer the liquid and solid diking material to separate containers for recovery or disposal. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Do not reuse clothing. Keep out of all sewers and open holes bodies of water. REFER TO PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

(FOR RICE GROWN IN SOUTHERN UNITED STATES ONLY)

RicePyr® LC is a selective postemergence herbicide for use only on rice field levees for control of the following weeds:

ALLIGATORWEED

*BARNYARDGRASS (WATERGRASS)

BEAKRUSH (SPEARHEAD)

COCKSPUR, GULF

COMMON COCKLEBUR

CRABGRASS SPECIES

CROTON, WOOLLY

Alternanthera philoxeroides

Echinochloa crus-gali, E. colonum

Rhynchospora corniculata

Echinochloa crus-pavonis

Xanthium strumarium L.

Digitaria spp.

Croton capitus

DAYFLOWER
 DOCK, CURLY
 ECLIPTA
 FOXTAIL SPECIES
 GOOSEGRASS
 HOORAH GRASS
 JOINTVETCH SPP.
 MEXICANWEED
 MORNINGGLORY SPP.
 PANICUM, TEXAS
 PARAGRASS
 PIGWEED, REDROOT
 REDSTEM
 REDWEED
 RICE FLATSEDGE
 RICEFIELD BULRUSH
 SESBANIA, HEMP (COFFEEBEAN)
 SICKLEPOD
 SIGNALGRASS, BROADLEAF
 SPIKERUSH (WIREGRASS)
 TEXASWEED
 WATER HYSOPP

Commelina spp.
Rumex crispus
Eclipta spp.
Setaria spp.
Eleusine indica
Fimbristylis miliaceae
Aeschynomene spp.
Caperonia castanaefolia
Morningglory spp.
Panicum texanum
Panicum purpurascens
Amaranthus retroflexus
Ammania spp.
Melochia corchorifolia
Cyperus iria
Scurpus mucronatus
Sesbania exaltata
Casia obtusifolia
Brachiaria platyphytia
Eleocharis spp.
Caperonia palustris
Bacopa rotundifolia

*Biotypes of barnyardgrass may develop that cannot be effectively controlled by propanil and triclopyr alone. Where these biotypes are known or suspected to be present, and are found in a mixed weed population in which **RicePyr LC** is effective, a tank mixture of **RicePyr LC** at 4 quarts (3.1 pounds active propanil and 0.33 lbs. active triclopyr) per acre with either Prowl® at 1.5 to 2 pints/A or Bolero® 8EC at 3 to 4 pints/A or Facet® at labeled rates is recommended to control barnyardgrass (up to 3-leaf stage). These tank mixtures may reduce crop tolerance and are applied at the user's risk.

Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

RicePyr LC is an emulsifiable concentrate containing 3.1 pounds active propanil and 0.33 pounds active triclopyr ingredients per U.S. gallon. **RicePyr LC** is not a hormone-type herbicide, but kills susceptible weeds by direct contact action. For this reason, thorough coverage of emerged weeds is essential for best results. Only weeds that have emerged and are exposed at time of application will be controlled. **RicePyr LC** has no pre-emergence or residual herbicidal activity. Apply this product herbicide only to fields that have been drained of floodwater. **RicePyr LC** is most effective if applied when susceptible grasses and broadleaf weeds are small and growing actively under favorable soil moisture and weather conditions. Early weed control removes competition, saves moisture and generally contributes to increased yields.

RicePyr LC controls broadleaf weeds through foliar uptake making thorough coverage of target weeds important. It is a postemergence systemic herbicide for the control of certain broadleaf weeds in rice including ratoon rice. Do not apply under conditions that would allow spray drift to come in contact with adjacent broadleaf crops as crop injury could occur (see Spray Drift section.)

Precautions & Restrictions:

Aerial application is prohibited.

Do Not apply to any other crop or site other than rice levees. Apply only as specified on this label.

Do Not plant or transplant crops in the treated area for 60 days following an application of this product.

Do Not apply this product to upland (non-flooded) rice levees.

Do Not apply this product prior to the 2- to 3-leaf stage or after the 1/2" internode elongation stage of rice development (see special timing of application instructions for water seeded rice).

Do Not apply in the booting or subsequent stages of rice development.

Do Not apply more than 1.93 gallons of RicePyr LC (6.0 lbs of propanil and 0.64 lb of triclopyr) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 2.6 gallons of RicePyr LC (8.0 lbs of propanil and 0.8 lb triclopyr) per acre per season.

Applications made after planting of rice must be at least 20 days apart.

Do Not apply directly to, or otherwise permit it to come into contact with, cotton, corn, soybeans, grapes, tobacco, vegetables, flowers, ornamental shrubs or trees, orchards, seedling legumes, safflower or to other desirable broadleaf plants, as serious injury could occur. This product injures most crops on contact except cereal grains and perennial grasses. Avoid drift or accidental application. Once applied, it does not release fumes hazardous to nearby crops.

Do Not apply when wind conditions will allow drift to adjacent, susceptible crops such as beans, soybeans, cotton, safflower, cucurbits, vegetables, orchards and other sensitive crops.

Do Not permit spray mists containing this product to drift onto desirable broadleaf plants.

Do Not rotate treated area to crops other than rice for 4 months after treatment.

Do Not apply less than 20 days prior to draining the field, unless the water is contained within a tailwater recovery system, or other system appropriate for preventing discharge from rice. Discharge is permitted 20 days following the last application of this product within the system.

Application to fields that have been leveled (except water leveling) within 12 months prior to application may result in serious rice injury in areas that have been cut or filled.

Do Not apply where runoff or irrigation water may flow directly onto agricultural land other than rice fields as injury to crops may occur.

Do Not apply 60 days before harvesting rice.

Do Not fish or commercially grow fish, shellfish or crustaceans on treated acres during the 12 months following treatment.

Applications to fields where catfish farming is practiced and draining water from treated fields into areas where catfish farming is practiced is prohibited during 12 months following treatment.

Do Not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do Not apply this product following application of Whip Herbicide, except in California where application is permitted 14 days after application of Whip Herbicide.

Do Not apply with 32% liquid nitrogen fertilizer or zinc fertilizer.

Do Not make application to ditches used to transport irrigation water.

Do Not use this product on rice grown in the state of New York.

Do Not apply this product when air temperatures exceed 90°F.

Water drained from treated rice fields must not be used to irrigate other crops or released within 1/2 mile upstream of a potable water intake in flowing water (e.g., river, stream, etc.) or within 1/2 mile of a potable water intake in a standing body of water, such as a lake, pond or reservoir.

Insecticide/Bird Repellant

Severe injury or kill of rice plants may result from tank-mix combinations or separate sprays of **RicePyr LC** herbicide and certain insecticides. Do not combine **RicePyr LC** herbicide with

carbamates insecticides, such as carbaryl (Sevin, etc.), methomyl (Lannate, Nudrin, etc.), or organophosphate insecticides such as parathion, methyl parathion, Guthion, malathion, Systox, WPN, Phosphamidron, etc. Do not apply any of the above insecticides to rice fields within 14 days before or after **RicePyr LC** herbicide. Do not use carbamates or systemic organophosphorus insecticides on rice fields to be treated with RicePyr LC herbicide. Do not apply to rice fields that were planted with rice seed treated with bird repellents containing methiocarb such as Mesurol, Borderland Red, etc. Consult local Extension specialist for current recommendations of approved insecticides on rice.

Mixing Order:

Spray Mixture Preparation: The recommended order of addition to the spray tank is half the water, drift control agent (if used), additional herbicide (if used), and **RicePyr LC** followed by the remainder of the water. A nonionic surfactant or crop oil concentrate should be added last unless otherwise specified on the surfactant label. Moderate and continuous agitation is required when this product is tank mixed with emulsifiable concentrate herbicides. **When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.**

Application Equipment:

Ground Application: Broadcast **RicePyr LC** in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre. Use standard low-pressure herbicide sprayers equipped with boom and flat fan nozzle. Use nozzle sizes that deliver a medium-fine droplet in 15 - 20 gallons total spray per acre at 40 to 50 psi and at ground speeds not in excess of 3 to 4 mph. Avoid raising boom too high. Spray patterns should meet uniformly. (See Spray Drift Management section) Clean all equipment, including nurse tanks used for **RicePyr LC** herbicide, with detergent wash followed by a water rinse BEFORE AND AFTER spraying other pesticides or other crops.

CROP TOLERANCE AND GROWING CONDITIONS

All leading commercial varieties of rice are exceptionally tolerant to **RicePyr LC** herbicide. A temporary yellowing or tip burn may be noted after treatment, but new growth is normal. Severe leaf burn and partial killing of rice may occur if the product is applied when rice is under stress and in a weakened growth condition due to disease or insect infestations, excessive soil salts, over watering, or prolonged drought and extremely hot weather. Growers have been cautioned not to spray under such conditions and/or when maximum daily temperatures have been or are expected to go above 100°F.

EFFECT OF CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AND CULTURAL PRACTICES ON WEED CONTROL

Temperature

The temperature a few days before and after applying **RicePyr LC** has an important bearing on the weed-killing activity. The activity increases as daily maximum temperatures increase above 75°F and decreases as the daily maximum temperatures decline below 75°F. Do not apply RicePyr LC when maximum temperatures have been or are expected to stay below 65°F or to go above 100°F. Low temperatures at time of application are not so important as long as it warms up later during the day.

Relative Humidity and Rain

Grasses and weeds are more responsive to **RicePyr LC** herbicide during periods of high humidity when the foliage is moist or covered by dew. When the humidity is very low, increase

spray volume to 12 to 15 gallons per acre for best results. Do not spray when rains threatens within eight hours, to avoid loss of the spray deposit before adsorption by the grass.

Wind

Apply only when the wind speed is less than or equal to 10 mph at the application site. Applying when the wind speed exceeds 10 mph will increase the likelihood of drift hazard to sensitive crops and the possibility of uneven (streaked) applications.

COMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER CHEMICALS

Tank-mix application of **RicePyr LC** herbicide with other herbicides, insecticides, or liquid fertilizers may reduce crop tolerance and/or weed control or impair mixing properties. Use of these products in tank-mix application with **RicePyr LC** is done at the user's risks.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator and the grower. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572).

Apply only when the wind speed is less than or equal to 10 mph at the application site.

Apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy. Do not apply under temperature inversion.

EMERGENCY RELEASE PROVISION

Water holding (discharge) intervals for flood water following propanil application in all states.

For delayed flood (water-seeded) rice grown south of Interstate Highway 10 from the Texas/Louisiana border to Houston and east of State Highway 35 from Houston to Port Lavaca – Flood water must be held for 10 days after application, unless excessive rainfall completely submerges the rice crop and forces premature release. For Texas rice grown in areas north or west of these boundaries, the water holding interval will be 7 days.

For delayed flood (water-seeded) rice in Southern Louisiana south of Highway 14 – Flood water must be held for 15 days after propanil application unless excessive rainfall completely submerges the rice crop and forces premature release. Delayed flood (water-seeded) rice in Louisiana, north of Highway 14 boundary, is subject to the 7-day water holding interval provisions.

For rice in California and all other parts of the US not mentioned above – Flood water must be held for 7 days after application, unless excessive rainfall completely submerges the rice crop and forces premature release.

TIMING AND DOSAGE DIRECTIONS.

Treat grassy and weedy fields when a satisfactory stand of rice that will tolerate flooding is established. The amount of **RicePyr LC** herbicide to apply depends primarily upon the stage and growth condition of the grasses. The growth stage of the rice is also a factor in dosage and timing limitations, so as to avoid the possibility of excessive residues. For best results apply

RicePyr LC herbicide at the rate of 3 to 4 quarts (2.33 lbs to 3.1 lbs. Propanil + 0.25 lb. to 0.33 lb Triclopyr) per acre when the grasses are actively growing in the 1 to early 4-leaf stage. This rate will also control many seedling broadleaf and aquatic weeds. Generally this will be 15 to 25 days after planting of the rice. In order to insure satisfactory weed control, do not apply less than 3 quarts of **RicePyr LC** herbicide per acre in a single spray application.

Apply **RicePyr LC** herbicide at the rate of no greater than 4.5 quarts per acre to actively growing grasses in the 4 to 6 leaf and early tillering stage or when they are in the 2 to 4 leaf stage but stressed under dry soil conditions. Generally this will be 20 to 30 days after planting of the rice.

TO AVOID EXCESSIVE RESIDUES AT HARVEST, DO NOT APPLY AFTER THE END OF TILLERING FOR THE RICE VARIETY BEING TREATED. DO NOT APPLY MORE THAN A MAXIMUM OF SIX POUNDS ACTIVE INGREDIENT PER ACRE IN A SINGLE APPLICATION OR EXCEED EIGHT POUNDS ACTIVE INGREDIENT PER ACRE TOTAL DOSAGE PER SEASON.

Tank Mix Recommendations

RicePyr LC may be tank mixed with several rice herbicides for broad spectrum weed control in rice. Tank mix applications are to be used only when the rice is well established and in the recommended stage of growth for treatment with **RicePyr LC** and the recommended tank mix product. For best results, weed species should also be in the proper stage of growth as specified on the **RicePyr LC** and tank mix product label. **When tank mixing, always follow the use directions and precautions in accordance with each herbicide label. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply. No label dosage rates may be exceeded.**

SPRAY MIXTURE PREPARATION

Wet Spray Application

Thoroughly mix **RicePyr LC** with clean water (water that is free of sediment and agricultural chemicals) in the spray tank. Do not use water from paddies. Only approved drift control agents may be used with **RicePyr LC**. Do not use any other additives except as directed by this label.

To ensure uniform mixing and application, agitate the mixture before application. If the mixture is not sprayed immediately after agitation, reagitate it before application. Always apply **RicePyr LC** spray preparations within 24 hours of product mixing, or the product may degrade.

Do not store **RicePyr LC** in nurse tanks or any other tanks used to store or transport clean water. Install one-way valves (anti-siphoning devices) on lines and hoses of mixing/loading equipment to prevent contamination of nurse tanks or other clean water sources.

Mixing and application equipment exposed to **RicePyr LC** cannot be used for anything other than rice applications until it has been cleaned according to the procedures in the Sprayer Cleanup section of this label.

Additional Mixing Instructions (wet spray)

1. Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full of clean water.
2. While agitating, add the required amount of **RicePyr LC**.
3. Continue agitation until the **RicePyr LC** is fully dispersed, at least 5 minutes.

4. Once the **RicePyr LC** is fully dispersed, maintain agitation and continue filling the tank with water. The **RicePyr LC** should be thoroughly mixed with water before adding any other material.
5. As the tank is filling, add the required tank mix partner (other labeled rice herbicides, adjuvants, drift control agents, etc.).
6. If the mixture is not continuously agitated, settling may occur. If settling occurs, thoroughly re-agitate before using.
7. Apply **RicePyr LC** spray preparations within 24 hours of product mixing, or the product may degrade.
8. If **RicePyr LC** and a tank mix partner are to be applied in multiple loads, pre-slurry the **RicePyr LC** in clean water prior to adding to the tank. This will prevent the tank mix partner from interfering with the dissolution of the **RicePyr LC**.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

Before using equipment exposed to **RicePyr LC** to treat another crop, clean the sprayer and any other equipment (loading hoses, batch tanks, etc.) using the following procedure:

1. Steam-clean tank using a nonchlorine-based detergent, taking care to remove all physical residues.
2. Thoroughly rinse sprayer, tanks, boom, and hoses with clean water (free of sediment and agricultural chemicals).
3. Fill the tank one-half full with clean water and add Nutrasol at 32 oz per 100 gal of water. Fill the tank to capacity with clean water. Flush the nozzles, boom, and hoses, and agitate (and recirculate, if possible) the sprayer for 15 minutes. Drain the equipment, taking care to flush the boom and hoses thoroughly.
4. Rinse tanks, hoses and nozzles with clean water to remove Nutrasol.
5. Fill the tank one-half full with clean water and add 1 gal of 21% ammonia or 7 gal of 3% ammonia per 100 gal of water. Fill the tank to capacity with clean water. Flush the nozzles, boom, and hoses and agitate (and recirculate, if possible) the sprayer for 15 minutes. Drain the equipment, taking care to flush the boom and hoses thoroughly.
6. Remove nozzles, screens, and strainers, and clean them separately.
7. Rinse tanks, booms, and hoses with clean water.
8. Repeat steps 5 and 7 an additional 3 times.
9. Rinse tanks, booms, and hoses to remove all traces of ammonia.
10. Water rinses may be applied to rice fields. Dispose of bleach rinses at an approved waste disposal facility.

NOTE: When applying multiple loads of **RicePyr LC** several days in a row, the following procedure must be performed at the end of each day: partially fill the tank with fresh water, flush the boom and hoses, and allow to sit overnight.

Attention: Do not use chlorine bleach with ammonia. All traces of liquid fertilizer containing ammonia, ammonium nitrate or ammonium sulphate must be rinsed from the mixing and application equipment using water before adding chlorine bleach solution. Failure to do so will release a gas with a musty chlorine odor that can cause eye, nose, and throat and lung irritation. Do not clean equipment in an enclosed area.

Perform cleanup procedures on batch tanks and any other mixing equipment separately from aircraft hoppers. Take care to clean loading hoses and any other equipment or surfaces exposed to **RicePyr LC**.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

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