

STOLLER® Harvest More™ 5-5-45

Specimen Label

5-5-45

Foliar nutrient compound with
added micro nutrients.

**HARVEST
MORE™**



Manufactured for Stoller Enterprises, Inc.
4001 W. Sam Houston Parkway North, Suite 100
Houston Texas 77043 USA
Phone: 1-800-539-5283 or 713-461-1493 | Fax: 713-461-4467
E- Mail: stoller@stollerusa.com | Website: www.StollerUSA.com

STOLLER® HARVEST MORE™
5-5-45
Guaranteed Analysis

Total Nitrogen (N)	5.000%
5% Urea Nitrogen	
Available Phosphoric (P ₂ O ₅)	5.000%
Soluble Potash (K ₂ O)	45.000%
Boron (B)	0.020%
Cobalt (Co)	0.002%
0.002% Chelated cobalt	
Copper (Cu)	0.050%
0.05% Chelated copper	
Manganese (Mn)	0.050%
0.05% Chelated manganese	
Molybdenum (Mo)	0.005%
Zinc (Zn)	0.100%
0.1% Chelated Zinc	

Plant nutrients derived from urea phosphate, potassium chloride, urea, boric acid, sodium molybdate and the calcium, magnesium, cobalt, copper, manganese and zinc salts of tetrasodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate (EDTA).

CAUTION:
Keep Out Of Reach Of Children

This product contains BORON and its use on any crop other than those recommended on this label may result in serious injury to the crop.

This product contains MOLYBDENUM. The application of fertilizers with Molybdenum may result in forage crops containing levels of Molybdenum, which are toxic to ruminant animals. Keep out of reach of children.

Information regarding the contents and level of metals in this product is available on the internet at <http://www.aapfco.org/metals>.

CAUTION: Do not use with dinitro compounds, Bordeaux, Spray Lime, or highly alkaline spray materials. Always add HARVEST MORE to spray mixture as last ingredient. Note: Check with state or local agricultural authorities on crops that exhibit sensitivity to boron or molybdenum.

Storage Instructions

We recommend when storing pails of Stoller Harvest More products to stack a maximum of two pallets high, with each pallet two pails high.

Conditions Of Sale: 1. Seller warrants this product consists of the ingredients specified and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on this label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. No one other than an officer of Seller is authorized to make any warranty, guarantee or direction concerning this product. 2. Because the time, place, rate of application and other conditions of use are beyond Seller's control, Seller's liability from handling, storage and use of this product is limited to replacement of product or refund of purchase price.

Directions for Use:

General use: 5 lb per acre in 100 gallons of water or 5 lb per acre in 80 Imperial gallons of water.

COTTON: Apply 10 lbs. in 100 gallons of water.

STRAWBERRY AND RASPBERRY: Use 5 lb per 100 gallons of water or spray mixture. Multiple applications suggested every 7 to 10 days. For drip irrigation, apply 12.5 lb per acre injected into drip line the last 30 minutes of watering. Application suggested every 10 to 14 days.

CABBAGE- CAULIFLOWER- BRUSSEL SPROUTS- KALE- SPINACH: As a Nutritional Spray. Use 5 lb per 100 gallons of water, three or more sprays at 7 to 10 day intervals. As a starter solution, use same rate as above.

HOUSE PLANTS- NURSERY AND GREENHOUSES: For Gardenias, Carnations, African Violets, etc., mix 1 tablespoon in 1 gallon of water. Apply as a drench to soil or spray twice monthly. For African Violets apply as a drench only. Use 5 lb per 100 gallons on plants, shrubs, flowers and trees for direct spray to foliage. For transplant slurry, add ¼ lb or ½ standard cupful per 3- gallon bucket of puddled soil. Use 1¾ lb in a sprinkler system per 100 gallons water every 2 to 3 weeks.

BEANS- PEAS- CORN: Apply first when plants are 3 to 4 weeks old. Use 5 lb per 100 gallons of water and repeat application at 7 to 10 day intervals.

FRUIT AND NUT CROPS: As a foliar spray use at the rate of 5 to 10 lb per acre. Apply early in the season or when improved vigor is desired. Three to four applications may be applied per season. These rates may be applied to citrus (all kinds), apples, peaches, pears, pecans, filberts, avocados, plums, prunes, apricots, cherries, walnuts, almonds, nectarines, grapes and other vine crops. Apply early in the season during flush of new growth and before fruit matures. Avoid spraying late in the season where fruit color and maturity is delayed by nitrogen applications. Use a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre for dilute sprays and a minimum of 5 gallons per acre in concentrate sprays. Compatible with most pesticides used.

CUCUMBERS- MELONS- SQUASH ETC.: Use 5 lbs. per 100 gallons of water at 7- day intervals. Due to cucumber root system 5 to 6 applications as a foliar spray prove most satisfactory.

TOMATOES- EGGPLANT- PEPPER: Use at the rate of 5 lb per 100 gallons of water. First application when plants are 3 to 4 weeks old. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals, or depending on temperature conditions. Use HARVEST MORE as a supplement to other fertilizers.

CARROTS- PARSLEY: Apply at the rate of 15 lb per 100 gallons of water. Due to high foliage, high concentrations are needed. Frequency of application depends on prevailing weather conditions.

TRANSPLANTING: Use 5 lb per 100 gallons of water (1 cup of mix per plant for hand setting). It requires about 200 to 300 gallons of water per acre for transplanting, or 10 to 15 lb of HARVEST MORE per acre (except for tobacco).

LAWNS, GOLF COURSES AND TURF AREAS: For Kentucky and Merion Blue, Bent, Bermuda and Zoysia Grasses. The type of grass color and rate of growth will depend on the frequency of application. HARVEST MORE can be combined with fungicide and/ or soil insect treatments. (See Compatibility or the addition of Insecticides and Fungicides). NOTE: Grasses growing in shade require approximately one- half as much plant food as when grown in full sun. Use 5 lb per 100 gallons of water per 5,000 sq ft. Apply monthly, starting February or March. Frequent applications may be necessary for desirable color and growth, especially on Bermuda and Zoysia Grasses. Apply with watering can or sprayer.

COMPATIBILITY: HARVEST MORE is compatible with most pesticides commonly used on vegetable crops.