This information is for promotional purposes only. Space considerations may require information to be omitted. Always refer to the actual package for complete label verbiage. This product may not yet be available or approved for sale or use in your area.



FOR CONTROL OF ANNUAL GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS IN ESTABLISHED LAWNS, ORNAMENTALTURF (INCLUDING GOLF COURSE FAIRWAYS, ROUGHS, TEE BOXES), AND ESTABLISHED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS.

IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK, THIS PRODUCT MAY ONLY BE USED BY COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS AT NO MORE THAN 0.625 POUNDS PER ACRE (10 OUNCES) OR 2 WATER-SOLUBLE POUCHES PER ACRE PER YEAR (0.25 POUNDS ACTIVE INGREDIENT).

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Dithiopyr: S,S-dimethyl 2-(difluoromethyl)-4-(2-methylpropyl)-	
6-(trifluoromethyl)-3,5-pyridinedicarbothioate	40.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	60.0%
TOTAL	100.0%

Each 5-ounce water-soluble pouch contains 0.125 lb. of active ingredient.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.

For Medical Emergencies Only, Call 877-325-1840.

EPA Reg. No. 228-540

EPA Est. No.

	FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF SWALLOWED	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
IF INHALED	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
HOT LINE NUMBER		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Wear protective eyewear. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Harmful if inhaled. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and gloves. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- · Shoes plus socks

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meet the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and highly toxic to other aquatic organisms including oysters and shrimp. Use with care when applying to turf areas adjacent to any body of water. Drift and runoff from treated turf may adversely affect aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- · Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
- Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WSP applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

· Keep unprotected persons out of treated area until sprays have dried.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is NOT recommended for application by homeowners. In the state of New York, this product may be applied by commercial applicators ONLY.

This product controls crabgrass, other annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in established lawns, ornamental turf (including golf course fairways, roughs and tee boxes), and landscape ornamentals.

This product will not control emerged weeds, except for control of crabgrass up to initiation of tillering because the tillering stage of crabgrass growth generally corresponds to the time when seedlings are first visible in established turfgrasses. Applying to crabgrass after tillering starts will not provide satisfactory control, and all other applications of this product should be made prior to germination of target weeds.

To be effective, this product must be activated by at least 1/2 inch of rainfall or irrigation. Applications should be timed to ensure that activation occurs prior to the tillering stage of crabgrass development or prior to germination of all other weeds.

USE PRECAUTIONS

- Do NOT allow the pouches to become wet prior to adding them to the spray tank.
- Do NOT remove the water-soluble pouches from the protective over-wrap except to add them directly to the spray tank.
- Do NOT handle the pouches with wet hands or wet gloves.
- · Always reseal over-wrap bag to protect remaining unused pouches.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

This Product Alone with Water as the Carrier:

- Prior to use, be sure the sprayer is clean and not contaminated with other materials.
- Fill mixing tank 1/2 to 3/4 full with clean water and begin agitation, being certain that the agitation system is working properly and creates a rippling or rolling on the surface of the liquid.
- 3. While maintaining agitation, add the required number of water-soluble pouches to the tank and be sure that this product is completely mixed prior to adding any additional materials to the tank. The disintegration and complete mixing of the water-soluble pouches should occur within ten minutes after addition to the water depending on the water temperature and amount of agitation.
- Add the remainder of the water to the spray tank. Be sure to remove the hose from the mixing tank immediately after filling to avoid siphoning back into the water source.
- 5. To ensure uniformity of spray mixture and prevent settling, be sure to maintain agitation of the spray mixture during mixing and application.

This Product Alone with Fluid Fertilizer as the Carrier:

Follow the mixing procedure listed below for tank mixtures.

Tank Mixtures

Note: This product is compatible with boron and spray oils; however, the water soluble pouches must be completely dissolved before adding spray oils or products containing boron to spray mixtures.

- Determine the compatibility of this product and the desired tank mixture partner product(s) in the appropriate carrier (water or fluid fertilizer) by following the "Physical Compatibility Test" section of this label.
- 2. Clean out the sprayer and place a 20 to 35 mesh screen or wetting basket over the filling port.
- Fill the sprayer half full with the appropriate carrier. Begin agitation and maintain agitation through all mixing and spraying operations.
- If needed, add a compatibility agent. Be sure to check for adequate agitation and to read and follow all of the information found on the compatibility agent label.
- 5. Add this product to the tank. Before adding other materials, allow sufficient time for all the water-soluble pouches to dissolve and contents to mix completely. NOTE: When mixing this product with fluid fertilizer, be sure to premix with water to form a slurry and then slowly add the slurry to the mixing tank.
- Add any other wettable powder or dry flowable formulation products. NOTE: When mixing wettable powder or dry flowable products with fluid fertilizer, be sure to premix with water to form a slurry and then slowly add the slurry to the mixing tank.
- If a flowable pesticide formulation is to be incorporated in the spray mix, premix with one part water and add to the tank slowly.
- 8. Add any emulsifiable concentrate pesticide formulations to the tank.
- Add any water-soluble liquid pesticide formulations followed by surfactants, marker dyes or foams, and/or drift control additives while continuing the filling process.

To avoid siphoning back into the carrier source, remove the hose from the mixing tank immediately after filling. Be sure to maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, agitate thoroughly to re-suspend the mixture before resuming spraying.

Physical Compatibility Test

Prior to mixing this product with fluid fertilizers and/or other pesticides, the user should test the compatibility of the desired tank mixture by mixing proportionate amounts of each component in a small glass jar as follows:

NOTE: This compatibility test is designed for a product application rate of 25 gallons of spray solution per acre.

- Determine the amount of pesticide to tank-mix by referring to the pesticide label(s) and then calculate the amount of pesticide to add to the jar based on the following use rate ratios:
 - For a use rate of 1 pound per acre of dry pesticide add 1-1/2 teaspoons.
- For a use rate of 1 quart per acre of liquid pesticide, add 1 teaspoon.
- Add product based on use rate ratios for liquid pesticides listed above. For changes in spray volume or herbicide rate, make appropriate changes in the amount of the ingredients used for the test.
- 3. Shake the jar vigorously to mix and allow to sit for five minutes.
- 4. If the pesticide(s) do not form crystals, flakes, sludge, gels, oily films or layers, then the tested components are considered to be compatible. If the desired tank-mix components are found to be incompatible, using a compatibility agent is recommended. Test the effectiveness of the compatibility agent by repeating the compatibility test with a suitable compatibility agent (one-half teaspoon per pint jar is equivalent to 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution).

WEED CONTROL IN TURFGRASS

NOTE: Do NOT use on golf course putting greens.

Apply this product to well-established seeded, sodded, or sprigged lawn and ornamental turf. Before applying this product for the first time following seeding, sodding or sprigging, the grass must have developed a good root system and uniform stand and have received at least two mowings. Turf injury may result if applied to turf that is not well-established, or has been weakened by weather, pest-, disease-, chemical-, mechanical or other related stress.

When applied as directed under the conditions described, the following turfgrass species have been determined to be tolerant to applications of this product:

Cool Season Grasses

Creeping Bentgrass¹ (Agrostis palustris) Fine Fescue² (Festuca rubra) Kentucky Bluegrass (Poa pratensis)

Warm Season Grasses
Bahiagrass (Paspalum notatum)
Bermudagrass³ (Cynodon dactylon)
Buffalograss⁴ (Buchloe dactyloides)
Carpetgrass (Axonopus affinis)

Carpetgrass (Axonopus affinis)
Centipedegrass (Eremonchloa ophiuroides)

Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne) Tall Fescue (Festuca arundinacea)

Kikuyugrass (Pennisetum clandestinum) Seashore Paspalum (Paspalum vaginatum) St. Augustinegrass (Stenotaphrum secundatum) Zoysiagrass (Zoysia japonica)

- Do NOT apply this product to Colonial bentgrass (Agrostis tenuis) varieties. Because undesirable turfgrass injury may result, using this product is not recommended on certain varieties of creeping bentgrass such as 'Cohansey', 'Carmen', 'Seaside', and 'Washington'. Not all varieties of creeping bentgrass have been tested.
- 2) Because undesirable turfgrass injury may result, application is not recommended on the following fine fescue varieties that have been found to be sensitive to this product: 'Atlanta', 'Banner', 'Beauty', 'Bilgart', 'CF-2', 'Enjoy', 'HF-93', 'Highlight', 'Ivalo', 'Jamestown', 'Koket', 'Majenta', 'Mary', 'Pennlawn', 'Tamara', 'Tatjana', 'Waldorf', and 'Waldina'. Not all varieties of fine fescue have been tested.
- 3) Because undesirable turfgrass injury may result, applying this product on 'Tifgreen' (328) hybrid bermudagrass greens is not recommended.
- 4) Do NOT use this product on seedling buffalograss in the spring of the first year of establishment until the turfgrass is fully green and has established new roots.

Use Precautions

- Early posternergence applications will control crabgrass only if applied prior to the fifth leaf (first tiller) stage of growth of crabgrass.
- For best results, cultural practices that disturb the soil (such as core-, spike-, or hydro-aerification, and verti-cutting) should be done prior to application of this product. Do NOT apply this product until the grass has recovered from these cultural practices.
- Do NOT use clippings from treated turf for mulch around vegetables or fruit trees.
- Do NOT graze livestock or feed foliage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Reseeding, Overseeding, or Sprigging

Establishment of desirable turfgrasses may be inhibited if a single application of this product is applied within 10 weeks prior to reseeding, overseeding, or sprigging of treated areas or 4 months after a split application program totaling more than 0.46 oz./1000 sq. ft. (1.25 lbs./acre). If slight injury to perennial ryegrass can be tolerated, perennial ryegrass may be overseeded on bermudagrass within 6 to 8 weeks after an application.

When reseeding or overseeding, proper cultural practices such as soil cultivation, irrigation and fertilization should be followed. For best results, use mechanical or power seeding equipment (slit seeders) designed to give good seed to soil contact.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Apply this product using conventional liquid application equipment (including hand-held spray guns) and a sufficient volume of carrier solution to provide a uniform spray distribution. Due to variability in application use rates and spray patterns, do not apply this product using liquid application equipment that uses cluster spray nozzles or other boomless spray equipment. Prior to use, be sure to calibrate the application equipment. To avoid streaking, skips, or excess overlaps, use marker dyes or foams to assist in making accurate applications.

Crabgrass Control

Preemergence and Early Postemergence Control

When applied prior to the emergence of crabgrass from the ground, this product provides preemergence control of crabgrass (including the large, smooth and southern species) in established lawns and ornamental turf. During the early stages of crabgrass growth (after the crabgrass has emerged from the ground), this product also provides early postemergence control of crabgrass.

Early postemergence crabgrass control occurs only when this product is applied prior to crabgrass tillering, or approximately when you can first easily see the crabgrass plants in the lawn or turf. This provides the practical benefit of extending the application period by 2 to 8 weeks (depending on crabgrass growth rates and climatic conditions) when compared to strictly preemergence crabgrass control products.

Application Frequency and Timing.

For crabgrass control in the spring, summer, or fall, apply this product as a single application, a split application, or as a sequential application.

Spring / Early Summer Applications

Applied at the rate recommended by the appropriate control programs for your area and conditions. The total rate applied directly impacts the duration of residual weed control, but will also vary somewhat depending upon the weather, severity of weed pressure, turfgrass competitiveness, and the user's location.

Use Program 1: This program provides 3 to 5 months of preemergence control and early postemergence control of crabgrass up to the 3-leaf stage in sites when turfgrass is cut relatively high (such as homeowner lawns).

Use Program 2: This program provides 4 to 6 months of preemergence crabgrass control in sites where the turfgrass is cut relatively low (such as golf fairways) and turfgrass maintenance or weed control was conducted during the previous year. This program may also be used for early postemergence control up to crabgrass tillering in sites where turfgrass is cut relatively high (such as residential lawns).

Use Program 3: This program provides 4 to 6 months of preemergence crabgrass control in sites where turfgrass is cut relatively low (such as golf fairways) and turf maintenance or weed control was NOT conducted during the previous year. This program may also be used for early postemergence control up to crabgrass tillering at sites where turfgrass is cut relatively low (such as golf fairways). If longer periods of control are desired, follow the initial application with sequential pre- and/or postemergence applications. In some cases, improved weed control may result if the rates recommended in the table below are split across two applications 5 to 10 weeks apart.

Region	Program	# of sq. ft. per Pouch per Treatment	# of Pouches per Acre	Pounds of Product per Acre	Pounds of Al per Acre
All states and parts of states not	1	29,040	1.5 ^b	0.470	0.188
listed below under Transition, South, Coastal South, or West	2	21,780	2	0.625	0.250
	3	14,520	3a	0.950	0.380
Transition - DE, KS, KY, MD, MO, NJ, VA southeastern PA, southern areas of IL, IN, OH and coastal areas of CT, and RI	1	21,780	2	0.625	0.250
	2	14,520	3	0.950	0.380
	3	10,900	4	1.250	0.500

continued

Region	Program	# of sq. ft. per Pouch per Treatment	# of Pouches per Acre	Pounds of Product per Acre	Pounds of Al per Acre
	1	14,520	3	0.950	0.380
South - AL, AR, GA, LA, MS, NC, NM, OK, SC, TN, and TX	2	21,780	2+2 ^C	0.625+0.625	0.25+0.25
	3	17,424	2.5+2.5 ^{b,c}	0.78+0.78	0.31+0.31
Coastal South - HI, FL and	1	21,780	2+2 ^C	0.625+0.625	0.25+0.25
southern coastal areas of AL, GA, LA, MS, NC, SC, and TX	2	17,424	22.5+2.5 ^{b,c}	0.78+0.78	0.31+0.31
	3	14,520	3+3 ^C	0.95+0.95	0.38+0.38
	1	29,040-21,780	1.5-2 ^b	0.47-0.625	0.18-0.25
West - AZ, CA, NV ^d	2	21,780-14,520	2-3	0.625-0.95	0.25-0.36
	3	21,780	2+2 ^c	0.625+0.625	0.25+0.25

- a) In New York State, do not apply more than 2 water-soluble pouches per acre or 0.23 oz./1000 sq. ft. (0.625 lb./acre) per year.
- b) The water-soluble bag is NOT designed to be re-measured or subdivided and should not be opened. Treat an appropriate number of acres to use a whole number of bags.
- c) Preemergence applications totaling more than 0.5 lb. ai/acre (greater than 1.25 lbs./acre of product) must be applied as a split application. The recommended interval for split applications is 5 to 10 weeks apart. Early postemergence applications are limited to 0.5 lb. ai/acre (1.25 lbs. of product) per application.
- d) For this climatically diverse region, use the higher rates in local areas with longer crabgrass seasons.

Maximum Use Rates

- Do NOT apply more than 0.5 lb. ai per acre per application or more than 1.5 lb. ai per acre per year using split or sequential applications. This is equivalent to 4 water-soluble pouches per acre or 0.46 oz./1000 sq. ft. (1.25 lb./acre of product) per application and 12 water-soluble pouches per acre or 1.38 oz./1000 sq. ft. (3.75 lbs./acre of product) per year.
- In New York State, do not apply more than 0.25 lb. ai per year. This is equivalent to 2 water-soluble pouches (0.625 lb./acre) per acre or 0.23 oz./1000 sq. ft. of this product.

Fall Applications

To control crabgrass through the early part of the following spring, apply this product in late summer or early fall (late August through November) at the "Program 3" use rates listed in the table above. For season-long weed control, follow the fall application with an appropriately timed spring application being sure to not exceed maximum use rates listed above.

Note: Because this product will not control emerged broadleaf weeds or grasses (with the exception of crabgrass up to tillering stage of development), the area to be treated should be free of weeds prior to application.

Tank Mixtures for Postemergence Control of Crabgrass

When used alone, this product provides early postemergence control of crabgrass when applied prior to the tillering stage of growth. For postemergence control of tillered crabgrass (up to 3 tillers), tank mix this product with either MSMA or Acclaim®

If preemergence herbicides were applied prior to a postemergence application, use the appropriate Program 1 or Program 2 use rate of this product for your area; other wise, apply the Program 3 use rate.

Using a nonionic surfactant may improve control. Be sure to read and follow the surfactant manufacturer's label recommendations.

Before tank mixing this product with fluid fertilizers and / or either MSMA or Acclaim® herbicides, a compatibility test is recommended. Refer to the "Physical Compatibility Test" in the "Mixing Instructions" section for more information.

For information on the tolerance of specific turfgrass species when tank mixing with MSMA or Acclaim®, refer to the respective labels and be sure to observe all limitations, precautionary statements, and use restrictions in the labels.

Control of Other Grass and Broadleaf Weeds

Weeds Controlled

When applied prior to emergence, this product will control or suppress the following annual grass and broadleaf weeds:

Grasses

Barley (Hordeum spp.)
Barnyardgrass (Echinchloa crus-galli)
Bluegrass, annual† (Poa annua)
Brome (Bromus spp.)
Crabgrass, large (Digitaria sanguinalis)
Crabgrass, smooth (Digitaria Ischaemum)
Crabgrass, Southern (Digitaria ciliaris)

Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium)
Dallisgrass (seedling) (Paspalum dilatatum)
Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)
Foxtail, giant (Setaria faberi)
Foxtail, green (Setaria Verdi)
Foxtail, yellow (Setaria faberi)

continued

Kikuyugrass (Pennisetum clandestinum) Mary's grass (Microstegium vimineum) Oats, wild (Avena fatua) Ryegrass (Lolium spp.) Sandbur (Cenchrus spp.) Smutgrass (Sporobolus indicus)

[†] For extended control of Annual Poa (*Poa annua*) in south and coastal south regions: An initial application at 1.25 lbs./acre (0.5 lb. ai) is recommended 6 weeks before overseeding followed by a second application of 0.625 to 1.25 lbs./acre (0.25 to 0.5 lb./ai) 120 days after overseeding. Some injury to overseeded perennial ryegrass may occur (see "Reseeding, Overseeding, or Sprigging" precautions under "Use Precautions for Turf Use").

Broadleaf Weeds

Bittercress (Cardamine spp.)
Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata)
Chickweed (Stellaria spp.)
Coneflower, purple (Rudbekia purpurea)
Geranium, Carolina (Geranium carolinianum)
Henbit (Lamium spp.)
Knotweed, prostrate (Polygonum aviculare)
Lespedeza, common (Lespedeza striata)
Marestail (Conyza Canadensis)
Medic, black (Medicago lupulina)
Mustard (Brassica spp.)
Oxalis, buttercup (Oxalis pes-caprae)

Pineappleweed (Matricaria matrioides)
Pigweed, redroot (Amaranthus retroflexus)
Parsley-piert (Alchemilla arvensis)
Purslane, common (Portulaca oleracea)
Rocket, London (Sisymbrum irio)
Shepherdspurse (Capsella bursa-pastoris)
Speedwell, corn (Veronica arvensis)
Spurge, garden (Euphorbia hirta)
Spurge, prostrate (Euphorbia humistrata)
Spurge, spotted (Euphorbia muculata)
Woodsorrel, creeping (Oxalis corniculata)
Woodsorrel, yellow (Oxalis stricta)

Use Directions for Ornamentals

This product provides preemergence control of listed annual grass and broadleaf weeds in areas planted with tolerant ornamental plants being grown for aesthetic purposes in landscaped areas listed in the table below.

Note Regarding Application to Turf or Ornamental Species Not Listed on this Label

This label lists a large number of ornamental species that have been found to be compatible with this product, however, it is not possible to test all of the ornamental plants that may be encountered in nursery or landscape settings. Prior to using this product on a plant species not listed in the label may determine the suitability for such use by treating a small area or small number of plants at a recommended rate prior to treatment of larger areas. The treated area/plants should be observed for any sign of herbicidal injury during the 30 to 60 days of typical growing conditions. The user assumes the responsibility for any plant damage or other liability resulting from use of this product on species not recommended in this label.

Use Precautions

- Apply this product only to established ornamentals (after transplanting when soil around roots has been thoroughly settled by rainfall or irrigation).
- · Do NOT apply this product on grasses grown for seed.
- Do NOT graze livestock or feed forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- · Do NOT apply this product in enclosed structures and greenhouses.
- Do NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do NOT apply this product to the bare roots of ornamental plants.
- Do NOT incorporate this product into soil or dilution of the active ingredient and possible injury to plant roots may occur.
- Do NOT apply around ornamental plants that have been weakened or are under stress due to flooding, drought, wind injury, hail, frost damage, winter injury, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, injury due to insects, nematodes or diseases or injury from previously applied pesticides.
- Because drift or direct sprays of this product can injure the foliage of nontarget plants, do NOT make applications when weather conditions favor drift to non-target areas.

Application Instructions

Apply this product with a calibrated sprayer as a single or split application postdirected spray in the spring, summer or fall prior to germination of target weed species. Direct the spray to the soil at the base of the ornamentals in order to avoid spray contact or drift to foliage. To maintain weed control, sequential applications may be made at 3 to 4 month intervals as long as maximum annual use rates are not exceeded.

Mix this product with clean water at a rate of 4 water-soluble pouches per acre (0.46 oz. of product per 1000 square feet or 1.25 lbs. per acre) per application and apply at 20 to 40 psi in a minimum of one gallon of water per 1000 sq. ft. NOTE: One 5-ounce water-soluble pouch treats 10,890 square feet.

Application Rates for Ornamentals			
Rate per acre Rate per 1000 sq. ft. Sq. ft. per pouch			
20 oz.	0.46 oz.	10,890	

Maximum Use Rates

- Do NOT apply more than 0.5 lb. of product AI per acre (i.e., 4 water-soluble pouches per acre or 0.46 oz. per 1000 sq. ft.) per application, or more than 1.5 lbs. AI per acre per year (i.e., 12 water-soluble pouches per acre or 1.375 oz. per 1000 sq. ft.).
- In New York State, do NOT apply more than 0.25 lb. product AI per year (i.e., 2 water soluble pouches per acre or 0.23 oz. per 1000 sq. ft.).

Application Timing and Recommendations

Because the best weed control is obtained when applications are made to soil that is free of clods, weeds and debris such as leaves, prior to applying existing vegetation should be controlled by cultivation, hand weeding or with a post-emergence herbicide.

Once this product is applied, do not disturb the soil surface as the herbicide barrier will be broken.

Care must be taken that soil or planting mixes have settled firmly following tran planting and that there are not cracks in the soil that would allow direct transmission of this product and plant roots.

Tolerant Ornamentals

When applied as directed under the conditions described on this label, ornamentals listed below have shown tolerance in field trials. However, this product has not been tested on all cultivars of each species or under all possible growing conditions. Under your growing conditions, it is strongly recommended that a limited number of plants be treated for tolerance evaluation, prior to initiating large-scale applications. Follow directions given above to determine plant tolerance under your growing conditions prior to large scale use.

Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
Abelia, Dwarf	Abelia X grandiflora	Nana
Abyssinian red banana	Ensete ventricosium	Maurelii
Ajuga	Ajuga reptans Ajuga genevensis	Bronze Bronze Beauty
Almond, Flowering	Prunus gladulosa	
Apple†	Malus pumila	
Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis	Nigra Pyramidalis Smaragh Techny Woodwardii
Arbovitae, Golden	Thuja orientalis	Aurea nana
Aster, Chinese	Callistephus chinensis	Dwarf Queen
Ash, Green	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	
Ash, Mountain	Sorbus aucuparia	
Ash, Purple	Fraxinus Americana	
Azalea	Rhododendron spp.	Brilliant Buccaneer Carror Chimes (Belgian) Elsie Lee Exbury Fashion Hardijzer Beauty Hershey Red Higasa Hinocrimson Holland (Hybrid) Marion Lee Northern Lights Orange Cup Orchid Lights Snow Southern Charm
Azalea, Flame	Rhododendron calendulaceum	
Azalea, Kirishima		
Bamboo, Heavenly		
Barberry	Barberis thunbergii	Aurea Dwarf Pigmy Green Kobold Pygmy Red Rose Glow

Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
Barberry, Purple		Atropurpurea
Basket flower	Gaillardia grandiflora	
Beach grass	Ammophila breviligulata	
Bearberry (common)	Arctostaphylos uva-ursti	Massachusetts
Bee Balm	Monarda didyma	
Begonia	Begonia spp.	
Birch, River	Betula nigra	
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	Goldstrum
Blanket Flower	Gaillardia spp.	
Blueberry†	Vaccinium spp.	Bluecrop Blue Jay Jersey North Blue Northland
Blue Fescue	Festuca ovina	
Bottlebrush	Callistemon citrinus	
Boxwood, Japanese		Japonica
Boxwood, Weller	Buxus sempervirens	Winter gem
Broom	Cytisus spp. Genista pilosa	Moonlight Vancouver Gold
Bugle Carpet		
Camellia	Camellia japonica Camellia sasanqua	Debutante Mathotiana Supreme Chansonette setsukgekka
Candy Tuft	Iberis spp.	Snow White
Carex, Variegated	Carex	
Cedar, red	Juniperus virginiana	
Celosia	Celosia spp.	
Centaura	Centaurea Montana	
Cockscomb, Plumosa	Celosia cristata	Scarlet plumose
Coleus	Coleus blumei	Red kewpie
Columbine	Aguilegia spp.	
Coneflower, purple	Echinacea purpurea	
Copper leaf	Acalypha wilkesiana	
Coreopsis	Coreopsis spp.	Moonbeam
Corn Flower	Centaurea spp.	
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster apiculatus	
Coyotebrush	Baccharis pilularis	
Cycads	Cycas Revoluta	
Cypress, Bald	Taxodium distichum	
Cypress, Italian	Cupressus sempervirens	Glauca
Cypress, Japanese False	Chamaecyparis obtuse	Gracilis
Cypress, Leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandii	
Daffodil	Narcissus spp.	King Alfred
Daylilly	Hemerocallis spp.	Spring glory Aztec gold Bright yellow (hybrid) Single gold (evergreen) Wilson's yellow
Dianthus (Sweet William)	Dianthus barbatus	
Delphinium	Delphinium elatum	Magic fountain
Dogwood	Cornus Florida	

Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
Dogwood, American	Cornus sericea	Flavarimaea
Douglas Fir	Psedotsuga menziesii	
Dusty Miller	Senecio Cineraria	
Elm, Drake	Ulmus parvifolia	
Euryops	Europs pectinatus	Viridis
Euonymus	Euonymus fortunei	Argenteo-variegata Auereo-marginata Colorata Emerald Gaiety Emerald 'N Gold Gold Edge Gold Princess Silver King Tricolor Vegetus
Fan Palm, European	Chamaerops humilis	
Fan Palm, Mexican	Washingtonia robusta	
Fern (various)	Asparagus spp.	
Fescue	Festuca glauca	
Fetterbush	Leucothoe fontanesiana	Rainbow
Ficus	Ficus retusa	Nitidia
Fir Fraser	Abies Fraseri	
Forsythia	Forsythia X intermedia	Arnold Dwarf Bronxensis Dwarf Lynwood Gold Meadowlark Weeping
Fountain grass	Pennisetum setaceum	Rubrum
Fuchsia	Fuchsia spp.	
Galium	Galium ordoratum	
Gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides	White gem Mystery Radicans
Geranium	Pelargonium X hortorum	
Gum	Eucaluptus citriodora	
Hawthorn	Crataegus spp.	Cockspur White Crimson Cloud Enchantress Jack Evans Washington White
Heather, Twisted	Erica cinerea	Mediterranean Pink
Hemlock, Canada	Tsuga Canadensis	
Hibiscus	Hibiscus spp.	Blue bird Brilliant Hula girl
Holly	llex spp. llex X meserveae	Blue bird Blue Girl Burfodil China Girl Compacta Forsteri Hellerie Japanese northern beauty Needlepoint Nellie R. Stevens
Holly Chicago	Ilex X attenuate	Savanah
Holly, Chinese	llex cornuta	
Holly, Japanese Holly, Yaupon	Ilex crenata Ilex vomitoria	
		Clavey's dwarf
Honeysuckle	Lonicera japonica	Clavey's dwarf Halliana Tatarian Canadian White Zebelli Red Hosta

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Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
Hosta	Hosta spp. Hosta lancifolia	Albo Marginata
Ice Plant Ice plant, white trailing	Carpobrotus edulis Delosperma alba CT	
Impatients	Impatients spp.	
Iris	Iris spp.	Dwarf blue Wedgewood
lvy, English	Hedera helix	Bulgaria Thorndale
Jasmine, Asian	Trachelopermum Asiaticum	
Juniper	Juniperus spp.	Arcadia Armstrong Bar Harbor
	Juniperus horizontalis	Blue Chip Blue Pacific Blue Rug
	Juniperus horizontalis	Blue Star Broadmoor Buffalo Calgary Carpet Emerald Sea Emerald Spreader Endora Compacta Fruitlandi Green Gold Tip Hetzi Hughes Manhattan blue Parsoni Pfitzeriana Plumosa Prince of Wales Procumbens Dwarf San Jose Sargent Blue Sargent Green Scandia Scopulorum Moonglow Scopulorum Skyrocket Spartan
	Juniperus chinensis Juniperus Sabina	Tamariscifolia Weberi Youngstown Yukon belle
King Palm	Archontophoenix Cunninghamiana	TUROIT Delle
Laurel, Australian	Pittosporum tobira	
Laurel, Mountain	Kalmia latifolia	
Leucothoe	Leucothoe fontanesiana	
Ligustrum, Japanese	Ligustrum Japonicum	
Lily, African	Agapanthus Africanus	Albus Peter Pan Streamline
Lily, African Blue		
Lily of the valley	Pieris japonica	Mt. Fire
Lilyturf	Liriope muscari	Evergreen Giant Lilac Beauty Majestic Monroe White Variegata
Liriope, Green	Liriope spicata	
Maple, amur	Acer ginnala	Emerald elf
Maple, Japanese	Acer Japonicum	

Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
Maple, Norway	Acer Platanoides	
Maple, Red†	Acer Rubrum	Red sunset
Maple, Silver	Acer saccharinum	
Maple Sugar†	Acer saccharum	
Marigold	Tagetes patula	Honeycomb Variegata Wheeler's Dwarf
Mock Orange†	Philadelphus spp.	Golden Snowflake Double White
Mondo Grass	Ophiopogon japonicus	
Moss Rose	Portulaca grandiflora	Sunnyside
Myrtle, Crape	Lagerstroemia indica	Faurei Langer Muskogee Standard Pink
Myrtle, Wax	Myrica cerifer	
Nandina	Nandina domestica	Compacta Nana
Narcissus	Narcissus spp.	
Oak, Laurel	Quercus laurifolia	
Oak, Pin	Quercus palustris	
Oak, Red	Quercus rubra	
Oak, Southern L	Quercus virginiana	
Oak, Willow	Quercus phellos	
Oleander	Nerium oleander	Hardy red Petite pink Sister Agnes
Osteospermum	Osteospermum fruticosum	Wirligig
Pachysandra	Pachysandra terminalis	
Palm, Bangalow		
Pampas Grass	Cortanderia selloana	
Pansy	Viola x wittrockiana	
Paper Flower	Bougainvillea glabra	Barbara Karst James Walker
Peach ¹	Prunus Persica	
Periwinkle, Dwarf	Vinca minor	
Petunia	Petunia x hybrida	Picoti
Photinia, Red Tip	Phontinia x fraseri	
Pieris	Pieris japonica	
Pine, Afghan	Pinus eldarica	
Pine, Australian	Pinus nigra Pieris taiwanensis	
Pine, Japanese Black	Pinus Thunbergiana	
Pine, Loblolly	Pinus taeda	
Pine, Longleaf	Pinus palustris	
Pine, Mugo	Pinus mugho	
Pine, Scotch	Pinus sylvestris	
Pine, Slash	Pinus elliottii	
Pine, Swiss Mt.	Pinus mugo	
Pine, Virginia	Pinus virginiana	
Pine, White	Pinus strobes	
Pineapple, Guava†	Feijoa sellowiana	
Plumbago, cape	Plumbago auriculata	Royal cape

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Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
Pittosporum, Japan		
Potentilla	Potentilla nepalensis Potentilla fruticosa	Abbotswood
Privet	Ligustrum japonicum	Golden Vicary Regal Texanum Wax Yellow Tipped
Privet, Glossy	Ligustrum lucidum	
Pyracantha	Pyracantha koidzumii	Gnome Lalandei Victory
Queen Palm	Arecastrum Rammanzoffianum	
Quince, Japanese†		
Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp.	Album Cunningham White Fashion Hardy PJM Purple Gem Silvery Pink
Rhododendron, Carolina	Rhododendron Carolinianum	
Rhododendron, Catawba	Rhododendron catawbiense	
Ribbon grass	Phalaris arundinacea	
Rockcress	Arabis spp.	Snowcap
Rhodie Max (Rosebay)	Rhododendron maximum	
Rose†	Rose banksiae	Luta
Rose, knockout	Rosa spp. hyrbrid	Knockout
Rosemary†	Rosmarinus officinalis	
Rosemary, Bog	Andromeda polifolia	Nana
Salvia	Salvia farinacea	Rhea
Smoketree, royal purple	Cotinus coggyria	Royal purple
Sedum	Sedum sepurium	Dragon Blood Red Red Carpet Yellow
Snapdragon	Antirrhinum spp.	
Sourwood	Oxydendrum arboretum	
Spiraea	Astilbe x arendsii	Fanall
Spiraea	Spiraea spp.	Anthony waterer red Dolchica Froebeli Pink Goldenflame Red Snowmound White Van Houtte White
Spiraea, Garland	Spiraea spp.	
Spruce, Black Hills	Picea glauca	
Spruce, Colorado Blue	Picea pungens	Glauca
Spruce, Norway	Picea abies	
Spruce, White	Picea glauca	Conica
Sweetflag, Grassyy-Le		
Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	
Sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	
Tree Fern (Tiki Fern)	Asparagus virgatus	
Trumpet Flower, Evening	Gelsemium sempervirens	
Tulip	Tulip, spp.	Apeldoorn

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Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
Tufted hairgrass	Deschampsia caespitosa	
Verbena, Shrub	Lantana sellowiana	
Vervain	Verbena spp.	St. Paul
Viburnum	Vibumum spp.	opulus 'sterile' American cranberry bush Arrowood Common Snowball European cranberry bush Linden Mohican Wright
Vinca (Periwinkle)	Vinca Minor	
Windmill Palm	Trachycarpus fortunei	
Yarrow	Achillea spp.	
Xylosma	Xylosma congestum	
Yaupon	Ilex Vomitoria	Dwarf
Yew	Taxus cuspidate Taxus X media	capitata denisiformis

[†] Ornamental species only. DO NOT USE ON FOOD-PRODUCING TREES AND PLANTS.

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