Dow AgroSciences LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name
ENLIST ™ DUO Herbicide

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
Dow AgroSciences LLC
A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company
9330 Zionsville Road
Indianapolis, IN 46268-1189
United States

Customer Information Number: 800-992-5994
SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
24-Hour Emergency Contact: 800-992-5994
Local Emergency Contact: 352-323-3500

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview
Color: amber
Physical State: Liquid.
Odor: Amine.
Hazards of product:

WARNING! May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause eye irritation. Isolate area.

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
This product is a “Hazardous Chemical” as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Potential Health Effects

Eye Contact: May cause moderate eye irritation. May cause slight corneal injury.
Skin Contact: Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness. May cause drying and flaking of the skin.
Skin Absorption: Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.
Skin Sensitization: Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.
Inhalation: No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist. Based on the available data, narcotic effects were not observed. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

Ingestion: Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

Aspiration hazard: Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Effects of Repeated Exposure: For similar active ingredient(s). 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid. In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Gastrointestinal tract. Kidney. Liver. Muscles. Observations in animals include: Gastrointestinal irritation. Vomiting. For the minor component(s): In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene glycol may cause central nervous system effects.

Birth Defects/Developmental Effects: For similar active ingredient(s). Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive Effects: For similar active ingredient(s). In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

### 3. Composition Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,4-D choline salt</td>
<td>1048373-72-3</td>
<td>24.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glyphosate DMA Salt</td>
<td>34494-04-7</td>
<td>22.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>47.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. First-aid measures

**Description of first aid measures**

**General advice:** First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Skin Contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Wash clothing before reuse. Shoes and other leather items which cannot be decontaminated should be disposed of properly. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

**Eye Contact:** Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

**Ingestion:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.
5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media
To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazardous Combustion Products: Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.

Advice for firefighters
Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the “Accidental Release Measures” and the “Ecological Information” sections of this (M)SDS.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to Section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling
General Handling: Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Storage
Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies. Do not store in: Galvanized containers.
8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>List</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>WEEL</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aerosol</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber, Natural rubber (“latex”), Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber (“nitrile” or “NBR”), Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate (“EVAL”), Polyvinyl chloride (“PVC” or “vinyl”). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>amber</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Amine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>6.17 (@ 1.0 %) pH Electrode (1% aqueous suspension)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing Point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point (760 mmHg)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point - Closed Cup</td>
<td>&gt; 100 °C (≈ 212 °F) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable Limits In Air</td>
<td>Lower: No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Upper: No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density (air = 1)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Solubility in water (by weight)  
No test data available

Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow)  
No data available for this product. See Section 12 for individual component data.

Autoignition Temperature  
No test data available

Decomposition Temperature  
No test data available

Dynamic Viscosity  
32.7 mPa.s @ 20.0 °C 14.9 mPa.s @ 40.0 °C

Liquid Density  
1.1676 g/ml @ 20.0 °C 

Digital density meter

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Active ingredient decomposes at elevated temperatures. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with: Acids. Bases. Avoid contact with metals such as: Galvanized metals.

Hazardous decomposition products
Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity
Ingestion
As product: LD50, rat, female 2,500 mg/kg

Dermal
As product: LD50, rat, male and female > 5,000 mg/kg

Inhalation
As product: LC50, Mist, rat, male and female > 5.10 mg/l

Eye damage/eye irritation
May cause moderate eye irritation. May cause slight corneal injury.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness. May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

Sensitization
Skin
Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.

Respiratory
No relevant data found.

Repeated Dose Toxicity
For similar active ingredient(s), 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid. In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Gastrointestinal tract. Kidney. Liver. Muscles. Observations in animals include: Gastrointestinal irritation. Vomiting. For the minor component(s): In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene glycol may cause central nervous system effects.

Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity
For similar active ingredient(s), 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid. Various animal cancer tests have shown no reliably positive association between 2,4-D exposure and cancer. Epidemiology studies on herbicide use have been both positive and negative with the majority being negative. For similar active ingredient(s). Glyphosate. Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.
Developmental Toxicity
For similar active ingredient(s). Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive Toxicity
For similar active ingredient(s). In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

Genetic Toxicology
For similar active ingredient(s). 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative. For similar active ingredient(s). Glyphosate. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity
Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested). Material is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 between 501 and 2000 mg/kg).

Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity
LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), static test, 96 h: 59.2 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 h, immobilization: 62.02 mg/l

Aquatic Plant Toxicity
ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, static test, Growth rate inhibition, 72 h: 13.18 mg/l

Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms
oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail): 1688 mg/kg bodyweight.
contact LD50, Apis mellifera (bees): > 200 ug/bee
oral LD50, Apis mellifera (bees): > 206 ug/bee

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms
LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d: > 2,000 mg/kg

Persistence and Degradability

Data for Component: 2,4-D choline salt
Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is high (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD > 40%).

Data for Component: Glyphosate DMA Salt
For similar active ingredient(s). Glyphosate. Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen).

Data for Component: Propylene glycol
Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).

OECD Biodegradation Tests:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Biodegradation</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>10 Day Window</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>81 %</td>
<td>28 d</td>
<td>OECD 301F Test</td>
<td>pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96 %</td>
<td>64 d</td>
<td>OECD 306 Test</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Indirect Photodegradation with OH Radicals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate Constant</th>
<th>Atmospheric Half-life</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.28E-11 cm3/s</td>
<td>10 h</td>
<td>Estimated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological oxygen demand (BOD):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BOD</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>69.0 %</td>
<td>70.0 %</td>
<td>86.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chemical Oxygen Demand: 1.53 mg/mg
Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.68 mg/mg
Bioaccumulative potential

Data for Component: **2,4-D choline salt**
- **Bioaccumulation**: For the active ingredient(s): Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
- **Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow)**: 2.67 Measured

Data for Component: **Glyphosate DMA Salt**
- **Bioaccumulation**: For similar active ingredient(s): Glyphosate. Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Data for Component: **Propylene glycol**
- **Bioaccumulation**: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
- **Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow)**: -1.07 Measured
- **Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)**: 0.09; Estimated

Mobility in soil

Data for Component: **2,4-D choline salt**
- **Mobility in soil**: For the active ingredient(s): Potential for mobility in soil is high (Koc between 50 and 150).
- **Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc)**: 20 - 136 Measured

Data for Component: **Glyphosate DMA Salt**
- **Mobility in soil**: For similar active ingredient(s): Glyphosate. Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

Data for Component: **Propylene glycol**
- **Mobility in soil**: Given its very low Henry’s constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process. Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
- **Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc)**: < 1 Estimated.
- **Henry’s Law Constant (H)**: 1.2E-08 atm*m3/mole Measured

13. Disposal Considerations

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

14. Transport Information

**DOT Non-Bulk**
- **Proper Shipping Name**: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
- **Technical Name**: 2,4-D Salts
- **Hazard Class**: 9
- **ID Number**: UN3082
- **Packing Group**: PG III

**DOT Bulk**
- **Proper Shipping Name**: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
- **Technical Name**: 2,4-D Salts
- **Hazard Class**: 9
- **ID Number**: UN3082
- **Packing Group**: PG III

**IMDG**
- **NOT REGULATED**
ICAO/IATA
NOT REGULATED

Additional Information

Reportable quantity: 410 lb – 2,4-D SALTS, – NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORTATION UNTIL PACKAGE MEETS OR EXCEEDS 410 LB

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
This product is a “Hazardous Chemical” as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312
Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard Yes
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard No
Reactive Hazard No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313
To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List and/or Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance List:
The following product components are cited in the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List and/or the Pennsylvania Environmental Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances List:
To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)
This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)
All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

16. Other Information

Hazard Rating System
Dow AgroSciences LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer’s/user’s responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer’s/user’s duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.