1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: CURIOTM Herbicide

EPA Reg. No.: 71368-82

Synonyms: Chlorimuron Ethyl; Ethyl 2-[[[(4-chloro-6-methoxypyrimidin-2-yl) amino] carbonyl]

amino] sulfonyl] benzoate

Product Type: Herbicide

Company Name: Nufarm, Inc.

150 Harvester Drive, Suite 200

Burr Ridge, IL 60527

Telephone Numbers: For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,

Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call 1-877-325-1840

Date of Issue: April 1, 2009 **Supersedes:** New

Sections Revised: New

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Appearance and Odor: Beige colored granules with a mild odor.

Warning Statements: Caution. Keep out of reach of children. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

Potential Health Effects:

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, eve and skin contact.

Eye Contact: Mildly irritating based on toxicity studies.

Skin Contact: Slightly toxic and slightly irritating based on toxicity studies.

Ingestion: Slightly toxic based on toxicity studies.

Inhalation: Low inhalation toxicity.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Inhalation of product may aggravate existing chronic respiratory problems such as asthma, emphysema or bronchitis. Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease.

See Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION for more information.

Potential Environmental Effects:

Based on current data, chlorimuron ethyl is practically non-toxic to fish, waterfowl and upland game birds.

See Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION for more information.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTCAS NO.% BY WEIGHTChlorimuron ethyl90982-32-425.0Other Ingredients Including:75.0Kaolin Clay and related minerals1332-58-7

.002 00 .



4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on Skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: Not applicable

Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable Flammability Limits: Not applicable

Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding materials. Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, water spray or fog.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn out gear. Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: If water is used to fight fire or cool containers, dike to prevent runoff contamination of municipal sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Decomposition Materials (Under Fire Conditions): May produce oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Hazard Rating:

Rating for this product: Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0
Hazards Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Wear appropriate protective gear for the situation. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent material from entering public sewer systems or any waterways. Do not flush to drain. Large spills to soil or similar surfaces may necessitate removal of topsoil. The affected area should be removed and placed in an appropriate container for disposal.

Methods for Containment: Dike spill using absorbent or impervious materials such as earth, sand or clay. Collect and contain contaminated absorbent and dike material for disposal.

Methods for Cleanup and Disposal: Avoid creation of dusty conditions. If dry, sweep or scoop up material and place into container for disposal. If wet, pump any free liquid into an appropriate closed container. Decontaminate tools and equipment following cleanup. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for more information.

Other Information: Large spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove clothing/Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately if

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

<u>Storage:</u>

Store product in original container only. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

Where engineering controls are indicated by specific use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure, use local exhaust ventilation at the point of generation.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye/Face Protection: Not normally required. To avoid contact with eyes, wear chemical goggles or shielded safety glasses. An emergency eyewash or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

Skin Protection: To avoid contact with skin, wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, socks, shoes and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material. An emergency shower or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required. If vapors or mists exceed acceptable levels, wear NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with cartridges/canisters approved for use against pesticides.

General Hygiene Considerations: Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material: 1) do not store, use and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored; 2) wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics or using the toilet.

Exposure Guidelines:

	OSHA		ACGIH		
Component	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	Unit
Chlorimuron Ethyl	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Kaolin Clay	15 (T) 5 (R)	NE	2.0 (R)	NE	mg/m ³

T = Total Dust NE = Not Established

R = Respirable Fraction

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance and Odor: Beige colored granules with a mild odor.

Boiling Point: Not applicable Solubility in Water: Dispersible Density: 46 pounds/cubic foot Specific Gravity: Not applicable **Evaporation Rate:** Not applicable Vapor Density: Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Freezing Point: **Vapor Pressure:** 6 – 7 (1% solution) Viscosity: Not applicable :Ha

Note: Physical data are typical values, but may vary from sample to sample. A typical value should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis or as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: This material is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat. Do not store near heat or flame.

Incompatible Materials: Not known

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions may produce gases such as hydrogen

chloride and oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological Data:

Data from laboratory studies on this product are summarized below:

Oral: Rat LD₅₀: >5,000 mg/kg Dermal: Rat LD₅₀: >5,000 mg/kg Inhalation: Rat 4-hr LC₅₀: >2.04 mg/L Eye Irritation: Rabbit: Mildly irritating Skin Irritation: Rabbit: Slightly irritating

Skin Sensitization: Not a contact sensitizer in guinea pigs following repeated skin exposure.

Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects: Repeated overexposure to chlorimuron ethyl may cause effects to liver and blood.

Carcinogenicity / Chronic Health Effects: Prolonged overexposure to chlorimuron ethyl may affect liver and blood chemistry. Chlorimuron ethyl did not cause cancer in laboratory animal studies. Inhalation of excessive amounts of kaolin dust may produce coughing, sneezing and nasal irritation.

Reproductive Toxicity: Reproductive data for chlorimuron ethyl in rats show nutritional and organ effects in offspring only at levels which produce other toxic effects in the adult animal. There were no effects on fertility or lactation indices in rats.

Developmental Toxicity: For chlorimuron ethyl, exposure of pregnant rabbits caused developmental delays in the fetus at maternally toxic doses. However, studies in rats produced no evidence of developmental toxicity.

Genotoxicity: Tests have shown that chlorimuron ethyl does not cause genetic damage in bacterial or mammalian cell cultures, or in animals.

Assessment Carcinogenicity: None listed with ACGIH, IARC, NTP or OSHA.

See Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION for more information.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Data on Chlorimuron Ethyl Technical:

96-hour LC_{50} Bluegill: 100 mg/l Bobwhite Quail 8-day Dietary LC_{50} : >5,620 ppm 96-hour LC_{50} Rainbow Trout: >1,000 mg/l Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary LC_{50} : >5,620 ppm 48-hour EC_{50} Daphnia: >10 mg/l Mallard Duck Oral LD_{50} : >2,510 mg/kg

Environmental Fate:

Microbial degradation of chlorimuron ethyl is fairly slow in all soil pH values with an average half-life of 7 to 8 weeks. Chlorimuron ethyl persists longer in high pH soils. Mobility and movement in soils is determined by the amount of herbicide adsorbed to the soil and is dependent on the soil pH and organic matter content. Chlorimuron ethyl is more highly adsorbed to organic matter at lower pHs. Photodegradation in is not an important degradation mechanism.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling and Disposal:

Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Fiber Sacks: Completely empty fiber sack by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into manufacturing or application equipment. Then dispose of sack in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Paper and Plastic Bags: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Follow the precautions indicated in Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE of this MSDS.

DOT

Non Regulated

IMDG

Non Regulated

IATA

Non Regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations:

TSCA Inventory: This product is exempted from TSCA because it is solely for FIFRA regulated use.

SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting:

Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370):

Immediate

Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s):

Chlorimuron ethyl (CAS No. 90982-32-4) 25.0% by weight in product

Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA:

None

RCRA Waste Code:

None

State Information:

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

California Proposition 65: Not listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-ACCEPTED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This MSDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products are regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling, and all necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of Federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-accepted label.

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