

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL EXPIRES ON 06/22/2018

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR GLYPHOSATE 41% HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL

When using GLYPHOSATE 41% herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

Gly Star Original

EPA Reg. No. 42750-60

AD062215

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call CHEMTREC toll free at 1-800-424-9300

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, ESPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY CROPS), DESIREABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for GLYPHOSATE 41% herbicide for essential product performance information.



FORESTRY CONIFER RELEASE

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
<p>Boom Sprayers, Shielded Boom Sprayers, High-Volume Off-Center Nozzles, Hand-Held Equipment, Aerial, and Similar Equipment.</p> <p>See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT and TECHNIQUES" part of the "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label for information on how to properly spray this product by air.</p>	<p>For release, apply only where conifers have been established for more than one year. Vegetation should not be disturbed prior to treatment or until visual symptoms appear after treatment. Symptoms of treatment are slow to appear, especially in woody species treated in late fall. Injury may occur to conifers treated for release, especially where spray patterns overlap or the higher rates are applied or when applications are made during periods of active conifer growth.</p> <p>Applications must be made after formation of final conifer resting buds in the fall or prior to initial budswelling in spring. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred</p> <p>For release of the following conifer species: Douglas Fir <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> <i>Pinus</i> spp. Pines* <i>Pinus</i> spp. Fir <i>Abies</i> spp. Spruce <i>Picea</i> spp. Hemlock <i>Tsuga</i> spp. *includes all species except eastern white pine, loblolly pine or slash pine.</p> <p>Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product per acre except in Washington and Oregon, west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains. For spring treatments west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 quart of this product per acre before conifer bud swell for control of annual weeds. For fall treatments in Washington and Oregon, west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre before any major leaf drop of deciduous species.</p> <p>For release of western hemlock apply 1 quart of this product per acre.</p> <p>For release of the following conifer species:</p> <p>Loblolly pine <i>Pinus taeda</i> Slash pine <i>Pinus elliotii</i> Eastern white pine</p> <p>Late Season Application - Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution per acre during early autumn. Applications made prior to September 1 or when conditions are conducive to rapid growth of conifers will result in potential for increased injury in the form of tip and/or needle burn, injury may decrease with later application. Some autumn colors are acceptable at time of application. Apply prior to frost or leaf drop of undesirable plants. Applications made according to label direction will release loblolly pine, eastern white pine and slash pine by reducing competition from the following species:</p> <p>Ash <i>Fraxinus</i> spp. Cherry, Black <i>Prunus serotina</i> Cherry, pin <i>Prunus pensylvanica</i> Elm <i>Ulmus</i> spp. Hawthorn <i>Crataegus</i> spp. Locust, black <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> Maple, red <i>Acer rubra</i> Oak, white <i>Quercus alba</i> Oak, Blac <i>Quercus velutina</i> Oak, post <i>Quercus stellata</i> Oak, southern red <i>Quercus falcate</i> Persimmon <i>Diospyros</i> spp. Poplar, yellow <i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> Sassafras <i>Sassafras albidum</i> Sourwood <i>Oxydendrum arboretum</i> Sumac, poison <i>Rhus vermix</i> Sumac, smooth <i>Rhus glabra</i> Sumac, winged <i>Rhus copalina</i> Sweetgum <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Apply only to those sites where woody brush and trees listed in this label constitute the majority of the undesirable</p>	<p>Observe application precautions in Section 8.0.</p> <p>Do not allow herbicide contact with non-target plants due to drift, overspray or runoff.</p> <p>DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT BY AIR TO RIGHTS-OF-WAY SITES IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.</p> <p>Do not use additional surfactant with conifer release applications.</p> <p>This product plus Oust tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.</p>

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	<p>species.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: Mix with Oust for conifer release from herbaceous weeds.</p> <p>To release loblolly pines from herbaceous weeds, tank mixtures of this product with Oust will provide control of annual weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" section of this label and the Oust label, and partial control of the perennial weeds listed below.</p> <p>Apply 16 to 24 fluid ounces of this product with 2 to 4 ounces of Oust in 10 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre. Make application to actively growing weeds as a broadcast spray over the top of the young loblolly pines.</p> <p>This tank mixture may be applied using aerial equipment. When applying by air, use the specified rate in 5 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.</p> <p>For control of annual weeds below 12 inches in height (or runner length on annual vines), use the low rates of both products: Use the higher rates of both products when annual weeds are in more advanced stages of growth and approaching flower or seed formation.</p> <p>Use the higher rates of both products for partial control of the following perennial weeds. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth.</p> <p>Bahiagrass <i>Paspalum notatum</i> Broomsedge <i>Andropogon virginicus</i> Dock, curly <i>Rumex crispus</i> Dogfennel <i>Eupatorium capillitorium</i> Fescue, Tall <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> Johnson grass** <i>Sorghum halepense</i> Poorjoe** <i>Diodia teres</i> Trumpetcreeper* <i>Campylopus radicans</i> Vaseygrass <i>Paspalum urvillei</i> Vervain, blue <i>Verbena hastata</i></p> <p>*Suppression at the higher rates only. **Control at the higher rates.</p> <p>Pine damage may occur or can be accentuated if treatment takes place when young trees are under stress from drought, flood water, insects or disease. Read and observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.</p>	

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