



Section 24(c) Special Local Need Label

**FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN THE STATE OF
WASHINGTON**

REGLONE® Desiccant

**EPA REG. NO. 100-1061
EPA SLN NO. WA-040011**

Preharvest Desiccation of Carrot, Coriander, Radish (other than Diakon), Spinach, Sugar Beet, Table Beet and Turnip Grown for Seed

**This label for Reglone Desiccant expires and must not be distributed or used in
accordance with this SLN registration after December 31, 2019.**

**FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL
MAY RESULT IN POOR PEST CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.**

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, Worker Protection Standard requirements, and precautions on the EPA registered label.

Crop / Site:

Apply only to carrot, coriander, radish (other than Diakon), spinach, sugar beet, table beet and turnip grown for seed for preharvest desiccation.

Application Rate:

Apply 1.5 to 2 pts. per acre in 15 to 30 gals. water by ground or 5 gals. water by air. Make only one application per crop. Do not apply more than 2 pts (0.5 lb ai) per year.

Application Timing:

Apply 3 to 10 days before harvest prior to swathing when the majority of seed is harvest-ripe (spinach - tan to gray ripe). Do not use on Daikon variety of radish.

RESTRICTIONS / PRECAUTIONS:

1. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.
2. For use under this SLN label do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
3. When using this product in Eastern Washington, refer to WSDA restrictions on the use of desiccant herbicides.
4. This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Reglone Desiccant should not be used under this SLN label where impact on listed threatened or endangered species is likely. You may refer to the WSDA Endangered Species Program web site at <http://agr.wa.gov/PestFert/NatResources/EndangSpecies.aspx>, or contact the Washington

Department of Fish & Wildlife, National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries) or US Fish & Wildlife Service for information regarding aquatic species listed as threatened or endangered. Consult the federal label for additional restrictions and precautions to protect aquatic organisms.

5. All carrot, coriander, radish, spinach, sugar beet, table beet, and turnip seed screenings shall be disposed of in such a way that they cannot be distributed or used for human food or animal feed. The seed conditioner shall keep records of screening disposal for three years from the date of disposal and shall furnish the records to the director immediately upon request. Conditioner disposal records shall consist of documentation of on-farm disposal, disposal at a controlled dumpsite, incinerator, composter, or other equivalent disposal site and shall show the lot numbers, amount of material disposed of, its grower(s), and the date of disposal.
6. No portion of the carrot, coriander, radish, spinach, table beet, sugar beet, or turnip seed plant, including but not limited to green chop, hay, pellets, meal, whole seed, cracked seed, roots, bulbs, leaves and seed screenings may be used or distributed for food or feed purposes.
7. Carrot, coriander, radish, spinach, table beet, sugar beet, and turnip seed shall bear a tag or container label which forbids use of the seed for human consumption or animal feed.
8. Carrot, coriander, radish, spinach, sugar beet, table beet, and turnip seed may not be distributed for human consumption or animal feed.

WSDA Container Disposal Guidance:

Pesticide containers must be properly cleaned prior to disposal. The best time to clean empty pesticide containers is during mixing and loading, because residue can be difficult to remove after it dries. Triple rinse (or pressure rinse) the pesticide container, empty all pesticide rinse water into the spray tank, and apply to a labeled crop or site. Recycling cleaned containers is the best method of container disposal. Information regarding the recycling of empty and cleaned plastic pesticide containers in Washington is available on the WSDA Waste Pesticide Program web site at <http://agr.wa.gov/PestFert/Pesticides/WastePesticide.aspx>. Cleaned containers may also be disposed of in a sanitary landfill, if permitted by the county. Burning is not a legal method of container disposal in Washington.

Section 24(c) Registrant:
Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC
P.O. Box 18300
Greensboro, NC 27419-8300

Label Code: WA1061058CA0315